THE WEATHER

The indications are that it will be fair tonight and Tuesday. There will probably be fresh westerly winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

5 O'CLOCK

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SILVER WEDDING

Observed by Mr. & Mrs. Arthur McQuade

In a quiet and informal way Mr. Arthur McQuade and his esteemed wife, Margaret, observed the 25th anniversary of their marriage yesterday afternoon and evening. They were visited at their commodious home, corner of Pleasant and High streets, by many friends, and most cordially congratulated upon their rounding out a quarter of century of real wedded bliss, for nobody at all acquainted with Mr. and Mrs. McQuade can fail to notice how full of happiness is their life today and the same perfect, the same tender devotion, the same joyousness, that fills their life today has been theirs as gently, peacefully, they glided together adown the stream of time until they have reached the quarter century mark. Well, indeed, may they stop to look back, and well may they rejoice in a family of bright boys and girls—Ellen, Arthur J., Lena, Joseph, John and Anna—all dutiful and affectionate to their parents.

Mr. McQuade has worked as a moulder in the foundry of the Lowell Machine shop about 31 years and tells many interesting stories of the changes that have taken place during that time. He learned his trade in Cole & Nichols' foundry. When he entered the machine shop of John Peavey was superintendent, Supt. George Smith, after serving 24 years, was the successor of Mr. Peavey, retired, and Mr. McQuade then became superintendent.

He had been the second foreman under Mr. Smith the eight years previous and is beyond question well equipped by training and experience to conduct an establishment of the kind. His son Arthur is assistant time keeper in the foundry.

Mr. McQuade served three years in Co. F, First Battalion, Massachusetts cavalry, and on the walls of his smoking room in a large frame is a personal testimonial adopted by the Massachusetts legislature in 1889 and signed by Governor Claflin as a recognition of his service and his patriotic endeavor in the Union cause.

He visited California in 1869, working at his trade there for a time. He there met many Lowell men but decided to return to Lowell, where in 1879 he and Miss Coleman were united in marriage in St. Peter's church by Rev. Fr. Rouan. Mrs. McQuade is widely esteemed for many noble traits of character.

Mr. and Mrs. McQuade are both still hale and vigorous and it is the wish of their many friends that they may enjoy health and happiness until they celebrate their golden and even their diamond weddings.

IN POLICE COURT

In police court today, Charles S. Sargent, who attempted to commit suicide by drinking carbolic acid in Lawrence Saturday, was arraigned on a complaint charging him with forgery and he pleaded guilty. He was ordered in $500 for the superior court.

David McKeown, who assaulted Bernard Reynolds with an iron bar at the gas house Friday, pleaded guilty and had his case continued to Saturday by request of counsel, D. J. Donahue. Reynolds was in court with his head swathed in bandages.

Bedey Lucier and Mary Bacon, charged with adultery, were found guilty and were ordered in $300 each for the superior court. Mary Bacon's husband created somewhat of a sensation by declaring to the court that he knew his wife was innocent of the charge against her.

Other drunken offenders were disposed of as follows: Catherine Flannagan, jail; James A. Cunningham, state farm.

Paul Montana, James Kirkpatrick, Patrick Donlan, Sarah Houghton, Martin J. Molloy, Joseph Lemore and Joseph Lemisy were fined $6 each. Frank Mullen, Edward Killoy, Frank Metcalf and C. Skillons were fined $5 each. Bridget Howard, Patrick Roche, Thomas McSally, Joseph Clarke, W. M. Zakall and Daltomy Romelia were fined $2 each. Twelve were released including two women.

Adelard Landry, alias Joseph Marin, pleaded not guilty to a complaint charging him with an assault on Mary E. McCarthy, seven years old. He was ordered in $500 for his appearance before the court tomorrow morning.

Letter to P. A. HOWARD, Lowell, Mass.:

Dear Sir: Here's a story with a point to it.

Devoe lead-and-zinc is a cheaper paint than lead-and-oil; costs less, goes further, wears twice as long. But this last don't belong to the story we're going to tell this time.

One of the best painters in Uniontown, Pa., is L. O. Rutter; does all the best work. We told him Devoe goes further than lead-and-oil or mixed paint.

He said: "I've known it for two years, and have increased my business by it. I take a job for less money than anybody else, and get my pick of the work. Don't give it away: for nobody knows how I do it."

The name to go by is Devoe.

Yours truly,
F. W. DEVOE & CO.

P. S.—The Adams Hardware and Paint Co. sell our paint.

BIG JOHN
CUT PLUG
TOBACCO

The Success of the Century. Quality Did It

It's pure: for your health and satisfaction keep Big John in your pipe—give the good old pipe a show with the best tobacco ever made.

UNION MADE

Imitations are for smokers who are willing to take anything pushed on them by dealers in bunco goods.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO GET GENUINE BIG JOHN

—Nearly All Dealers Sell It

In no way connected with a trust or combine | C. C. RAHN | THOMPSONVILLE CONN.

COAL PRICES HAVE ADVANCED

My prices are the lowest in Lowell. My Coal the best quality that the state of Pennsylvania can produce. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to.

John P. Quinn

Cor. Corham and Dix Streets

TAKE ANY GORHAM STREET CAR.

IMMENSE BARGAINS

Ready-to-Wear-Hats

75c, 98c, $1.48 and $1.98

MADE TO SELL FOR

$2.50 TO $4.00

These are Sample Hats and are Beauties.

GREGOIRE'S Lowell's Latest Millinery Store 133 to 137 Merrimack St.

GIRL ATTACKED

And Thrown From Aiken Street Bridge

THROWING LAURA THERIEN OVER THE BRIDGE RAIL.

By Nightly Marauder Saturday Night—Another Attack of a Similar Nature Made Near the Same Place—The Assailant Still at Large

Laura Therien, 18, was assaulted by an unknown man and thrown from the Aiken street bridge, falling a distance of 30 feet, about 8 o'clock, Saturday evening. Miss Therien is under a doctor's care and it is said that she will recover from the shock and injuries which she received. Miss Therien lives with her parents at 128 Aiken street and she is a very pretty girl. Another girl, living in almost the same locality, was accosted on the bridge a few minutes before the assault upon Miss Therien and presumably by the same man.

The other girl, Miss Regina Rondeau, 22, lives in Gandette's yard off Tucker street. She managed to get away from the miserable wretch who selected the bridge for the scene of his cruelty.

The police are at work on the case, but, as Miss Therien is unable to give a good description of her assailant, they have little to work upon.

"You'll do as I say or I'll throw you over the bridge," were the harsh and threatening words used by the man who, because the girl battled for the preservation of her honor, threw her over the bridge. When he first spoke to her he said, "Hello, Mary," and stroked her face. She screamed and he throttled her. He struck her in the mouth knocking two of her teeth out and cutting her lips. Her clothes were torn in the struggle and while she was struggling and endeavoring to scream the human brute lifted her in his arms and threw her over the railing of the bridge. He then, it is alleged, ran away in the direction of Perkins street. The girl landed on the sand several feet below and not more than four feet from the water, where she lay unconscious.

Two young men, named Lemieux and Ouelette, went to the girl's assistance but her assailant had fled. They carried her home and Dr. S. D. Bellehumeur was summoned.

Her nerves were terribly shattered and she was bruised about the legs and body. The shock to her nervous system was intense and she was hysterical. After she regained, in a degree, her composure, she gave a description of the assailant. She said he was about 5 feet 2 inches in height and his face was covered with a beard of at least one week's growth. He wore dark clothing and a soft black hat. He was slight of stature and rather good looking.

The girl was returning from a grocery store in Lakeview avenue when the assault occurred.

Miss Therien had to go to the city for certain parcels from a dry goods store and on her return was attacked. It was nearly 8.30 when, at a dark spot, she heard somebody running or walking fast. She turned and a strange man was almost upon her. "Hello, Mary," he said. The stranger secured a hold on her face, and as he held her in his grasp, said, "You'll do as I say or I'll throw you over the bridge. She didn't do what he asked and he was true to his threat.

ANOTHER GIRL ATTACKED.

Miss Regina Rondeau, the other girl who was assaulted on the bridge, gives a description of her assailant that tallies almost exactly with that given by Miss Therien.

Miss Rondeau was badly scared but was not injured. She had visited her brother at 762 Lakeview avenue and was crossing a dark alleyway when a man grabbed her and asked her for a kiss. She hollered and her assailant ran away.

Her screams attracted the attention of Desire Ducharme, who carried her into his house and restoratives were applied.

The place where Miss Therien was assaulted is a lonely spot and dimly lighted, just such a place as a rascal would select for the committed of a dastardly deed.

Another young woman living in Ludlam street reported to the police that she was assaulted on the Aiken street bridge Thursday night.

The reunion and entertainment of the children of the Immaculate Conception parish will be held at Huntington hall Thursday afternoon, Oct. 6.

MILLINERY OPENING.

Mary Dunlap-Leighton shows a quaint and very choice line of hats in The Hat Shop, 134 Merrimack street.

Among the quaintest are the Newport automobile bonnet and the Charlotte Corday cap, modeled on the same lines as the one the latter wore to the guillotine. It is an historical model and worthy of inspection.

Other shown are the tailored and ready-to-wear hats which are smart and wearable, at moderate prices. The "Colonial" hat is still in stock, as in former years. Exhibition days, today and tomorrow.

Handy gordy music and minstrel show at the children's entertainment at Huntington hall Thursday afternoon, Oct. 6. Souvenir bags of candy will be distributed.

Did you buy your hair at an auction?

At any rate, you seem to be getting rid of it on auction-sale principles: "going, going, g-o-n-e!" Stop the auction with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It checks falling hair, and always restores color to gray hair. Sold for over sixty years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

LATEST

600 WERE KILLED

Ogadian Tribe Was Attacked and Robbed

ADEN, ARABIA, OCT. 3.—A. SOMALI MALAH IS REPORTED TO HAVE ATTACKED AND ROBBED THE OGADAIN TRIBE, KILLING 600 TRIBESMEN AND CAPTURING MANY CAMELS AND SHEEP.

CHENEY WINS OUT

He Leads McKinley on Recount

SENATORIAL CONVENTION TO BE HELD TONIGHT

Congressional Recount Took Place Today

The recount of the seventh senatorial vote in wards two, four and six was completed Saturday night by the board of registrars of voters and gives the nomination to Edwards Cheney, as did the original figures, though it was closely contested. In ward two, where Mr. McKinley was defeated by one vote on the original figures, the registrars found one ballot defective and this reduced Mr. Cheney's lead to two. In ward four Cheney gained and McKinley lost two. In ward six Cheney lost three votes.

Thus the senatorial convention scheduled for this evening will take place.

The registrars threw out the petition of Francis Donohue for a recount in the 26th district as the names on his petition for the most part were not legible and the registrars being unable to make them out threw out the petition.

A reception to Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O. M. I., and reunion of the Immaculate Conception parish will be held at Huntington hall, Thursday evening, Oct. 6.

DEATHS

RIGNEY—Edward J. Rigney, a well known and popular young man of this city, passed away this morning at his home, 97 Moore street, after an illness of several weeks. The deceased was 31 years of age and leaves to mourn his loss a wife and one child, also three sisters, Misses Katherine, Julia and Annie Rigney.

"Hand Made."

POET 10¢ CIGAR NOTHING BETTER

"Union Made."

MEN WERE FINED

For Shooting Robins in Poor Farm in Dracut

Nicholas Kolanyakos and George Alex were ignorant of the fact that it was wrong to shoot robins and yesterday they went to Dracut with the intention of getting robins enough for a "robin pie."

Officer Gordon heard gun shots and went gunning for the gunners. He came upon George and Nicholas in a corn field on the town farm. They were plucking robins and the officer took them in, feathers and all.

The men who shot robins in Dracut Sunday were arraigned in police court today and acknowledged they didn't know it was wrong to shoot robins on Sunday or any other day. They were fined $11 each.

Entertainment and dancing at reunion of Immaculate Conception parish at Huntington hall, Thursday evening, Oct. 6.

FROM WORKHOUSE

To House of Correction at Cambridge

Four more of the prisoners who were pardoned from the city farm by the overseers of the poor were in the police court today and were sentenced to the house of correction at Cambridge.

Only one man complained. He has been a workhouse inmate since he was old enough to vote and the frost of years is now upon his head. He said: "Lots of times when I've been out and haven't touched a thin' that could have hurted me a bit, some big cop pulled me in".

He was booked for the state farm with the rest of the city farm celebrities, but he seemed happy after having been given an opportunity to speak his little piece.

The workhouse representatives who received house of correction sentences were John F. Cleary, Mark Donlon, Mary A. Moran and James Cunningham.

Fifth annual reunion of the Immaculate Conception parish and reception to the pastor, Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O. M. I., will be held at Huntington hall, Thursday evening, Oct. 6.

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

F. G. McGREGOR, Auctioneer
Office, 7 Hildreth Building, Lowell
Telephone 889-3. Residence 73-4.

AUCTION

On Saturday, Oct. 8, 1904, at 2.30 p. m.

As I have moved from the city permanently, I shall positively sell at auction my home on Batman Road, between Mansur and Hovey streets.

The house is nearly new, of two stories, nine rooms, bath, laundry, cemented cellar, and hot water heat. The buildings are thoroughly built and in arrangement and very pleasantly situated.

There is a barn of four stalls and one box stall, large amount of carriage room. The lot is high and sightly and contains 10,000 square feet of land.

This place was built for my occupancy and has cost me over $6000, and as I never expect to return to Lowell to live, I have instructed F. G. McGregor, auctioneer, to positively sell the property to the highest bidder.

TERMS: $300 must be paid or secured to the auctioneer at the time and place of the sale. Sixty per cent. of purchase money can remain on a mortgage at 5 per cent.

IMMEDIATELY AFTER

The adjoining lot of land, containing 7500 square feet of land, will be sold. Terms, $100 cash; balance on easy terms.

LAURA P. LEIGHTON.

On Saturday, Oct. 8, 1904, at 4 p. m.

regardless of the weather, as I am alone I shall positively sell one two-tenement, two-story house, situated at 77 C street. Each tenement has four rooms, but can be used as one tenement if desired. Water on both floors, gas and sewer. Both tenements let readily. The lot has a frontage of 60 feet on C street and contains 8000 square feet. The lot is large enough to build another cottage. Fruit trees such as pear, plum, apple, etc., also shrubbery of all kinds on the lot.

TERMS: $200 must be paid or secured to the auctioneer at time and place of sale. Other terms at sale.

Per order of
MRS. JANE SCOTT.

FROM SATURDAY'S LATE EDITION

SEWER BUILDERS

Will Work Until Winter Stops Them

The sewer department is working full blast again and will continue to do so until the cold weather sets in. The department today called on Purchasing Agent Donnelly for 24 lengths of 36-inch wrought iron pipe and 50,000 bricks which is evidence that it is going to work on until the frost gets heavy.

A BAD ACCIDENT

Bernard Molloy Fell From Wagon

Bernard Molloy, residing at 17 Claire treet, while unloading lumber from a car to a wagon in Western avenue this afternoon, met with a painful accident. One of the sticks which was holding the lumber on the wagon gave away, precipitating Molloy to the ground, his head striking the paving blocks.

The ambulance was summoned and the man was removed to St. John's hospital, where it was found that he had a bad scalp wound. His condition is not considered very serious.

AN EXAMINATION

HIGH SCHOOL BATTALION CORPORALS GIVEN A TEST.

A written examination for corporals of the Lowell High school regiment, who wished to be promoted to the rank of sergeant and commissioned officers, was held at the High school in Kirk street yesterday afternoon by Military Instructor Colby T. Kittredge, assisted by teachers of the school. About fifty young men took the examination.

The drill for privates to be promoted will be held in the High school annex on Monday and Tuesday nights.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

TWO DIPHTHERIA CASES—CONDITION OF SMALL-POX PATIENTS.

Two diphtheria cases were reported to the health department though there is comparatively little of the disease in Lowell at the present time. The small-pox patients are convalescent and will be discharged from the hospital in a week.

DEATHS

EATON—Frederick W. Eaton, aged 29 years and 11 months, died today at the Lowell General hospital. His remains were removed to his home in Collinsville.

NEW DEPARTMENT

HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED AT YALE.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 1.—Prof. E. Hershey Sneath, head of the department of Theory and Practice of Education at Yale, with which the new summer school of the university is connected announced today the plans for the new department. The summer school will give instruction along academic and professional lines to teachers and to students intending to teach. The department will continue work through the academic year, giving special attention to the history of education, school organization and administration, school legislation and the study of various national systems of education co-ordinating its work with that of the other departments of the Yale graduate school. The first session of the summer school will open July 1, 1905, and continue six weeks. This school will be located in this city where all the departments of the university can be utilized in its summer work. Special attention will be given to the work of the teachers in relation to civics. The school was authorized at a meeting of the Yale corporation last summer and Prof. Sneath placed at its head. It will include probably no fewer than 25 courses and about 20 members of the Yale faculty will probably take part in its system of instruction.

OHIO CAMPAIGN

WAS OPENED BY THE REPUBLICANS TODAY.

WARREN, Ohio, Oct. 1—The republican campaign in Ohio was formally opened here today. The weather was fine, the crowd was large and much enthusiasm was manifested. A parade participated in by many clubs was followed by a meeting held in the public square. Congressman Charles Dick presided and introduced Governor Herrick as the first orator.

The governor was accorded a hearty reception and his address was given close attention. Secretary of War Taft spoke at considerable length on the issues of the campaign. The meeting was closed with an address by Senator Foraker.

OFFICIALLY COMMENDED.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Frank Ryan, employed at the navy yard as a rigger, who smashed against the side of the battleship Connecticut the bottle of wine which Miss Alice H. Wells had failed to break, has been officially commended.

Naval Constructor Baxter thanked him on behalf of all the officers concerned in the launching for the promptness of action which he had shown. Captain Baxter also presented Ryan a part of the cord to which the bottle of wine had been attached.

Rheumatism

Does not let go of you when you apply lotions or liniments. It simply loosens its hold for a while. Why? Because to get rid of it you must correct the acid condition of the blood on which it depends. Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured thousands.

MR. THOMAS BRITT

Visiting Cotton Grower to Return Home

Mr. Thomas Britt, the Mississippi cotton grower, who has been visiting his sister and nieces in this city, will leave for Mississippi Monday. Mr. Britt called at The Sun office this afternoon and asked that he be allowed the opportunity to express his appreciation through The Sun, of the many kindnesses shown him while in Lowell. He says that he will carry back with him to Mississippi fond recollections of his visit in this section of the country. He has met with hospitality everywhere and he says that if Officer "Bart" Ryan, who first directed him to the places of interest in Lowell, would resign from the police force and accompany him to Mississippi he would make a cotton king of him before another crop is harvested in the Mississippi valley.

Mr. Britt has a cotton plantation of 600 acres and he has been summoned home because of the long season of dry weather which has rendered it necessary to harvest the crop earlier than usual. He hopes that when he starts selling cotton the Lowell mills will resume operations.

PLANS FOR PARADE

Temperance Procession to be a Notable One

Preparations are about complete for the great temperance parade of the C. T. A. U. of the Archdiocese in Boston next Saturday and from present indications the demonstration will be a notable one, eclipsing the great parade in Lowell two years ago.

The line of march embraces most of the principal streets in the district of Roxbury and the fine roads will make marching an easy task.

One pleasing feature of the parade will be a review at the cathedral residence by his grace, Most Rev. Archbishop John J. Williams and other clergymen of the cathedral, including Rev. Dr. John T. Mullen, spiritual director of the union.

Circulars were issued by the committee on arrangements from the Mathews containing all information relative to the parade. The members received them yesterday and nearly all approve of the facilities which the committee has wisely provided especially the train accommodations.

Three-fourths of the societies affiliated with the union have decided to participate in the parade, and the Lowell men are expected to make the finest showing, on account of its great strength.

ESCAPED LUNATIC

SAYS HE MIGHT AS WELL KILL COPS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Max Bowen, an ironworker of 170 Second avenue, who has been a patient at the Manhattan State insane hospital at Central Islip, L. I., for two months, escaped from the institution Wednesday. He showed up at his home early yesterday morning, armed with a revolver and threatened his wife and children.

Bowen's daughter, Lena, hurried around to the Fifth street station house and Sergeant Carson hustled Detectives Delaney, Root and Johnston over to the house. When Bowen saw them he aimed his revolver at Root, remarking:

"I might just as well kill half a dozen cops as not, because I'll only be sent back to the asylum."

Then the police retreated in a jiffy.

At last Detective Barnes dressed himself in a stonecutter's outfit and induced Barnes to come outside. He then grappled with the madman and disarmed him.

BOY WILL DIE

BUT HE SUCCEEDED IN SAVING GIRL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Ignoring his own peril, Willie Schlieher, five, rushed to the rescue of his little playmate, Annie Nelson, two years younger, when she fell into a bonfire in front of her home, No. 1102 Madison street, Hoboken, last night. He saved the little girl, but, covered with burns, was removed to St. Mary's hospital in Hoboken, where it was said he would die.

The children live in adjoining houses, and were inseparable. Last night the two joined in the dance around a fire. The girl stumbled into it, and with a cry the boy dragged her to safety. Then he put out the fire that had caught her dress with his hands.

Finding his own clothes ablaze, he ran shrieking down the street. An ambulance was called and he was taken to the hospital unconscious.

HUNTING SEASON

IT IS LEGAL TO SHOOT DEER IN MAINE.

AUGUSTA, Maine, Oct. 1.—The close time on deer shooting was suspended by law today until December 15th during which time it will be legal to shoot deer in nearly every county. Open time on moose is from October 15th to December 1st. The abundant presence of game indicates an unusually successful season. The open time covers the northern and eastern counties of the state where the big game is most abundant. For some of the other counties, there are special laws. In Kennebec, Knox, Waldo and Lincoln counties, the open time is a month shorter beginning Oct. 15. In Androscoggin and New York counties the season begins October 1st, and closes October 31st. In Sagadahoc county, it is perpetual close time until October 1, 1905. Perpetual close time in Cumberland county ceased today. No moose may be killed in Sagadahoc County. There is no open season on caribou in Maine.

CARTOONIST KERR DEAD

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 1.—George Kerr, famous a few years ago as a cartoonist and illustrator, is dead at the Colliers home in Dayton, Ohio. He served in the Northern army throughout the war and at its conclusion became an illustrator for an eastern magazine, going later to a New York comic paper. He was a friend and contemporary of the late Thomas Nast.

OFFICERS ELECTED

BY THE BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 1.—The only business of importance to come before the Brotherhood of St. Andrew delegates today will be the selection of the next meeting place.

At a meeting of the newly appointed council the following national officers were elected:

President, Robert H. Gardiner, Gardiner, Me.; vice president, Judge G. Harry Davis, Philadelphia; second vice president, Edmund G. Billings, Boston; treasurer, George H. Randall, Pittsburg; general secretary, Hubert Carleton, Pittsburg; J. A. Houghtaling of Chicago and Robert H. Gardiner of Gardiner, Me., discussed "The Forward Movement" and J. A. Catto, of Toronto, Can., and J. H. Smale, of Chicago, spoke on "How Can the Brotherhood Movement be Best Promoted?"

HELD CONVENTION

UNIVERSAL CONGRESS OF LAWYERS AND JURISTS MEET.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 1—The first convention of the universal congress of lawyers and jurists concluded yesterday after three days of presentation and discussion of legal propositions of world-wide interest, chief of which was the ultimate establishment of international peace and abolishment of all conflict.

Associate Justice David J. Brewer of the United States supreme court, president of the congress, expressed the sentiment that the hopes of the prime movers of the congress in its success had been fully realized.

The opinion was expressed generally by the distinguished delegates from every nation represented, that the congress marked an epoch in the relations existing between the lawyers of the world, which relationship would be far-reaching in finally establishing a complete understanding between nations, leading to the eventual extension of war.

A resolution was unanimously adopted that this congress requests the American Bar association to take such steps as are necessary to organize a permanent association of lawyers representing the different countries of the world, which shall meet at intervals to discuss legal questions of public interest.

The congress adopted a resolution expressing its profound grief over the death of one of its most distinguished members, U. S. Senator George F. Hoar.

GOVERNOR BATES

WILL NOT WELCOME PEACE CONGRESS DELEGATES.

BOSTON, Oct. 1.—Announcement was made at the state house this afternoon that owing to the fact that Governor Bates will attend the funeral of Senator Hoar at Worcester on Monday, he will be unable to welcome the delegates to the international peace congress which will be opened in this city on that day. Two Sunday meetings of the congress will be held tomorrow. The first meeting of the conference will be held at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon in Tremont temple. The principal address will be delivered by Secretary of State John Hay.

WOMAN'S CLAIM

SAYS SHE IS MOTHER OF MARY KINGSTON.

HOUSTON, Tex., Oct. 1.—A woman asserting that she is Mary Kingston, who disappeared twenty years ago and has since been believed dead, has turned up. She says she is the mother of a young woman named Mary Kingston and claims the ownership of extensive realty holdings now possessed by the girl in the most valuable part of the Boston Prairie oil field.

The young woman pronounced the old woman an imposter. A sister of the woman who disappeared years ago likewise denies the newcomer's identity, but a brother, John Gerson, testifies that the woman is really their long missing sister.

A suit for possession of the young Miss Kingston's property was begun, the trial ending last evening. As an identifying mark it was recalled by the sister that the real Mrs. Kingston when a little girl had accidentally chopped off the tip of a big toe and that the toenail had grown straight downward over the end of the remaining stump. Mrs. Kingston removed the shoe, and stocking from her right foot for the inspection of the court and jury. The result was mystifying, for instead of the big toe showing traces of injury the one next to it appeared to have been mashed off.

The jury disagreed. Further litigation will follow.

LARGE ENROLLMENT

OF MIDDIES AT ANNAPOLIS NAVAL ACADEMY.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 1.—Seven hundred and fifty midshipmen who have been on summer leave, returned to Annapolis and reported at the naval academy yesterday, for the opening of the institution's fifty-ninth academic year, and were assigned to their quarters. There are yet about one hundred and forty-two members of the upper classes to report, but it is expected they will arrive today. These, with the members of the new fourth class, will make a total of eight hundred and ninety-four midshipmen, the largest number enrolled in the institution at one time since it was established. Recitations will begin on Monday. All of the officers are here ready to begin the real work early Monday morning.

MORE WHEAT CULTIVATED.

BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 1.—Emelio Sasitte, chief of the statistical division of the ministry of agriculture of Argentina, stated in an interview that the area under cultivation in wheat and linseed in the republic this season is considerably in excess of that of last year. Assuming that the climate and other conditions will be normal, Senor Sasitte estimates the yield of the coming wheat crop at 3,600,000 tons and that of linseed at 1,000,000 tons. Deducting the necessary quantities for internal consumption and seed for next season's planting, Senor Sasitte calculates that the amounts available for export will reach of wheat, 2,500,000 tons and of linseed 500,000 tons. Labor, he says, is scarce.

ASKS FOR RECEIVER.

WORCESTER, Oct. 1—Counsel for Wm. E. Swindell and others have made application in the superior court for the appointment of a receiver for the Hampshire and Worcester railway company, claiming that the road is insolvent. The road is capitalized for $155,000 and has a funded debt of $135,000. For the year ending Sept. 30, 1903 the gross earnings were $29,000.

WANTS FREEDOM

MAN SAYS HE WAS SCARED INTO MARRIAGE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Charles A. Rollins, who married Miss Blanche Nachman on August 27 last, has already repented of his bargain. He wants to have the marriage annulled on the ground that he was forced into it by threats of violence from Miss Nachman's relatives.

Rollins says in his complaint that he was "influenced and compelled to enter into marriage solely by reason of threats and duress on the part of the defendant and her sister, Nyette Nachman, in that defendant and her sister threatened and promised that if he did not marry defendant they would notify their father and brother and that the father and brother would compel him to marry her, and would shoot him if he did not."

Rollins says he had reason for believing that the threats of gun play might be carried out, and decided, therefore, to marry and live. Now he would like to be free.

GENERAL REYES

UNSUCCESSFUL IN HIS MISSION HERE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Copies have just been received here of the report to his government of General Rafael Reyes, (now president of Colombia) who was sent to this country on a special diplomatic mission in an attempt to modify the action of the American government in regard to Colombian interests in Panama. The mission was without result.

FREAK BETS

MADE IN THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—"If Roosevelt is elected I'll stand on a 300-pound cake of ice in my bare feet until the ice melts," declared a Parker enthusiast during a spirited argument in the Hoffman corridor.

"And if Parker is elected I'll let my hair and whiskers grow without cutting until 1908," yelled a Roosevelt man. They departed for the writing room apparently to draw up an agreement. What will happen if they keep it can only be surmised.

A Brooklyn democrat, it is said, has wagered that if Parker is defeated he will roll a peanut across Brooklyn bridge, while his adversary, if Roosevelt is beaten, will shave only one side of his face for a period of a month. Still another freak wager is made by a Harlem democrat, who promises, in the event of the defeat of Parker, to get down on his hands and knees and give his man a ride from Forty-second to Thirty-fourth street, on Broadway.

The other, in the event of the defeat of Roosevelt, must sing in a Salvation Army meeting once a week for the period of a year.

FIRST BRIDE

OF THE NEW HOTEL ASTOR WAS MARTHA GIBSON.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1—Grains of rice scattered through the corridors of the Hotel Astor and a number of old shoes littering the street in front would have clearly indicated to a New York Sherlock Holmes that a wedding had been celebrated in the place, and he would have been right.

It was the first wedding in the place, and was on a scale elaborate enough to establish a precedent. Martha Gibson, the bride, is the beautiful young daughter of John P. Gibson, well known in the horsey set. The bridegroom, Walter Howard Pollock, is connected with a large commercial establishment in this city.

The wedding ceremony was performed in the "College Room," after which there was a reception, attended by several hundred. Mr. and Mrs. Pollock have left on a wedding trip to St. Louis.

RUSSIAN SOLDIERS MAKE COMPLAINTS

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 1—1.36 p.m.—The army organ replying to a critic who complains that there is discrimination in favor of Japanese prisoners over Russian soldiers, inasmuch as the former always travel second-class and receive an allowance of 20 cents per day, whereas the Russians are often placed on freight cars and are allowed only eight cents, calls attention to the agreement made at the opening of the war, whereby Russia pledged herself to good treatment of Japanese prisoners, by virtue of which, it explains, the Japanese officers captured are allowed the pay of their corresponding rank in the Russian army.

Prince Svistopolk-Mirsky, the new minister of the interior has selected Prince Obolensky, one of the assistants of the minister of finance to be one of his chief lieutenants.

The torpedo boat destroyers Rezoy, Prozzitelny, Prozorliv, Grozny and Gromski have been ordered to be prepared to join the Baltic fleet at Revel, October 9, which is considered to be a sure indication that the fleet will not sail before then.

NURSE WAS KILLED.

ITHACA, Oct. 1—While hastening to the bedside of a patient yesterday, taking with him Miss Eleanor Maher, a trained nurse, Dr. R. M. Vose, of this city, lost control of the horse he was driving, and it ran away, coming into collision with another vehicle.

The doctor and the nurse were thrown to the pavement. Miss Maher was killed. Dr. Vose was seriously injured.

COTTON FUTURES.

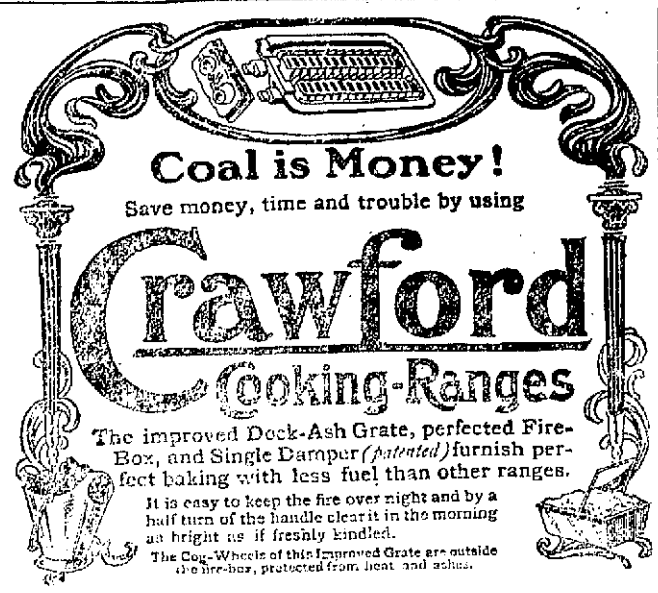
NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Cotton: Futures closed quiet. Oct. 9.86; Nov. 9.92; Dec. 9.98; Jan. 10.06; Feb. 10.14; March 10.04; April 10.30; May 10.36. Spot closed quiet 10 points decline; Middling Uplands 10.50; Middling Gulf 10.75; sales, 100 bales.

COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Cotton. Futures opened easy. Oct. 9.94 Nov. 9.98, Dec. 10.07, Jan. 10.10, Feb. 10.15 bid, March 10.22, April 10.25 bid, May 10.26, June 10.26 bid.

Fearful Odds Against Him.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief was the condition of an old soldier, by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, O. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies: "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel complaints. Only 50c. Guaranteed by F. H. Goodale, 247 Central street, druggist.



A. E O'HEIR & CO., Agents

BROKE WORLD'S RECORD.

LONDON, Oct. 1—At the Crystal Palace today, F. G. Thompson broke the world's amateur record by walking 50 miles in 7 hours, 57 minutes and 38 seconds. There were 17 starters including all the best amateurs known in England.

TO REVISE CONSTITUTION.

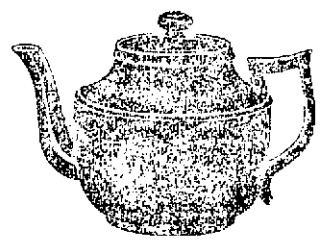
RICHMOND, Ind., Oct. 1.—Charles E. Shivley, supreme chancellor, of the Knights of Pythias, today, named a committee to revise the Pythian constitution.

TO NOTIFY JUDGE HERRICK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Francis Burton Harrison, the democratic nominee for lieutenant governor, accompanied by a number of democratic leaders, left today for Albany, where the notification of Judge Herrick, Congressman Harrison and others on the state ticket will be made.

JUDGE HERRICK RESIGNS.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 1—The resignation of D. Cady Herrick, the democratic candidate for governor, as a justice of the supreme court was filed today, with the secretary of state.



FANCY DECORATED

Tea Pots

(LIKE CUT)

49c Each

227 Central St. — O'Brien Bros — 227 Central St.

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

BLACK and COLORED DRESS GOODS

This exhibit is remarkable for the many new designs brought out expressly for us and made up in factories devoted wholly to our work. Most notable are lines of Guenfest; Montpenster and Nicolette Fabrics.

We believe that there has never been made a showing of Foreign and American Dress Goods to equal this one. In preparing for it in such a large scale we have not strayed from the principles which have made and will continue to make the new store at the old stand.

Prices matchlessly low

COLORED GOODS

French Brunella

In setting the value of this beautiful all-wool fabric at 75c a yard, we are too conservative by fifty cents on every yard. This is one of the best opportunities of the season. All new fall colors, 44 inches wide, at

75c

All Wool Tailor Suitings

Are shown in neat mannish effects—twelve distinct combinations. These suitings are 54 inches wide. Exactly the same goods are sold in New York at $1.50 per yard, instead of the present asking.

98c

Covert Suitings

Are extremely fashionable and at present are enjoying a tremendous sale. Every yard is guaranteed all wool and comes in the fall tints suitable for the long coats and suits, 54 inches wide. Price

75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50

BLACK GOODS

English Mohair Sicilian

No matter how complete the wardrobe every woman can find room and good use for a dress of this material when so little money stands in the way of possession. 52 inches wide, only

49c

Black Panama

A useful all-wool fabric that seems to have made its impress upon the modes of all future seasons. Crisp, fine & hardy, 45 to 50 inches wide, it was bought to sell at $1.00 a yard, only

75c

Black French Voiles

Every day opening day for the rich black dress goods. They land from over the sea with almost every arrived steamer. Crepe Voiles are the correct style. Fashion has caught them up and is flying them along with a vengeance. 46 inches wide. Price

$1, $1.25, $1.50

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

Why is It to Your Advantage to Give us Your Patronage When Need of Fuel?

Because we select all our drivers carefully and know them to be both honest and competent.

STANLEY COAL AND WOOD CO.

223 Moody St, 12 Thorndike St, 33 Meadowcroft.

HE WENT TO JAIL

Lad Would Not Tell Parents' Name

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 1.—Rather than disclose the identity of his parents, a young man giving the name of Charles Wilson will spend at least two years in the state prison at Wethersfield. Wilson, who is only 16 years of age, was arrested for picking a pocket and when arraigned before Judge Roorback, in the superior court, he was informed that if he would disclose his identity and bring a certificate of good character, the court would be lenient and continue the case until Jan. 1. Young Wilson refused to entertain the suggestion and said he would serve the longest sentence the court could impose rather than reveal his name and disgrace his family.

Judge Roorback sentenced the boy to an indeterminate term in the state prison, not less than two nor more than four years.

YANKEE WON

MAXWELL'S YACHT WON TWO OUT OF THREE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—J. Rogers Maxwell's 70-foot yacht Yankee won the third and final race of the New York Yacht club's series yesterday by beating Cornelius Vanderbilt's Rainbow by four minutes, 36 seconds, over a 21½-mile triangular course. W. K. Vanderbilt's Virginia had her jib blown away and withdrew.

The race was sailed in half a gale from the west-northwest, and the yachts were barely able to carry their mainsails, staysails and jibs. The first race was won by the Yankee, the second by the Rainbow and the third by the Yankee.

MRS. ALBERT M. RIEHL

IDENTIFIED CASTLEMAN AS HER ASSAILANT.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Mrs. Albert M. Riehl of Philadelphia yesterday appeared at Yorkville police court prison and identified Charles D. Castleman as the man who early on Tuesday morning, last, struck her in the face and robbed her of jewelry while they were riding in a cab in Central Park. Afterwards, Castleman, in charge of a detective, went to several pawnbrokers and Mrs. Riehl identified her property.

Castleman was held in $2000 bail.

Harry Richardson's BREAD

—AND—

CAKE

Have all the GOOD QUALITIES of

HOME MADE

and you save the Labor, Fuel, etc.

Tel. 234-2. 26 Merrimack St.

CARNEY & BUNKER

GOLD, SILVER AND NICKEL PLATERS

Polishing, Lacquering, Dipping and Tinning. Sole manufacturers of the Carney Weavers' Drawing-in-Hook.

37 Shattuck Street, Cor. Market.

Telephone 8-15-12.

The Product of the

7-20-4

10c Cigar Factory

is now larger than that of any individual manufacturer in New England. The name R. G. Sullivan stamped on every cigar insures quality.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N. H.

C. & S.

WASHING FLUID COMPOUND.

Potash Sal Tarter, Ammonia and Borax.

20c Can will make 2 gallons Fluid.

Carter & Sherburne

CUT PRICE DRUGGISTS,

Merrimack, Cor. Bridge St.

Wall Paper

—AT—

97 Appleton Street

Suit Cases

DEVINE'S

88 Merrimack St.

Factory 12 Middlesex St. Telephone.

If your eyes are

HYPERÓPIC

you should come to me today.

Optician George G. Rogers

145 MERRIMACK STREET,

Up Stairs.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

CHINAMAN'S WIFE

Crowd Thought Lowell Girl Was Being Held Prisoner

A Lowell girl, who married a Chinaman in Providence, R. I., several months ago was the object of needless and unsolicited sympathy in Second street, Chelsea, Friday evening.

Denizens of that street, whose population is cosmopolitan, became excited on hearing a report that a beautiful white girl about 17 years old was being held against her will in the laundry of Hom Gow, a Chinaman, at No. 67 on that street. Some one suggested that the girl be rescued, and soon a crowd of about 500 men, women and boys gathered.

The crowd demanded that the woman be freed, but Gow attempted to explain that there was nothing wrong going on. Then the crowd threw stones and mud at the laundry windows, and Gow, getting frightened, rushed to the police station and several patrolmen responded.

The crowd was dispersed and then the visiting Chinaman explained, by showing a marriage certificate, that he and the woman were legally married. She was apparently not more than 18 years old and said she lived in Lowell. The police escorted her to a car and she went to Boston. A good part of the crowd followed her and her official escorts as far as the car, and the trouble was over. The young woman vowed that she would never again visit Chelsea.

CONFIDENCE MAN

Said That He Stopped in Lowell

HE IS UNDER ARREST IN LAWRENCE

Police Think He is Clever Worker

LAWRENCE, Oct. 1.—The police have under arrest a man who has given several names, but claims to be Hamilton Seeley, of "13 miles from Calais, Maine." The latter place is where he came from, but he has had no home for years. He worked on a farm down in that section until about a month ago. He also came from Fort Fairfield, Me., and he told Mrs. E. C. Seelye, who keeps a lodging house at 190 Essex street that he came from Barrington, Me. The latter statement the man under arrest denies. He, however, suggested to Mrs. Seelye that they might be relatives.

The police are strongly of the opinion that they have secured a confidence man of slick presence and moderate ambitions, who works from town to town, after the fashion in which he engaged here and which brought him to grief. Assistant Marshal Houghton and a reporter interviewed Seeley in his cell at the police station yesterday afternoon. Seeley said the "Lord has been with me and has condemned me for what was done since I have been in this place. Never again will 'I do it,'" striking his hands together.

Seeley wears the suit he obtained from the Boston Credit Co. It is an $18 black worsted. A nice black overcoat, broad-brimmed soft felt hat, gold eyeglasses, high forehead, clustering curly hair, a smooth face, heavy mouth and lips, and peculiarly thick, sharp nose complete his description. He told the interviewers that he intended to pay the Credit company for the suit, and while admitting to have secured six dollars from E. M. Fessenden & Co., by false representations, asserted that he could have had the two car loads of potatoes sent to him if he had so desired.

The man had evidently not wrestled enough with his conscience to tell the truth without slopping over. His appearance is good and he talks well and convincingly, except when cornered with conflicting stories. He assured Assistant Marshal Houghton that he always goes to meeting Sundays. His work is that of a farm hand, but his looks belie the statement.

Seeley was first brought to the attention of the local police last week, by Milton Dobringer, manager for the Boston Credit Co. Mr. Dobringer said he had been swindled on a suit of clothes on Tuesday of last week by a slick stranger, who came to him to select a suit and wanted the privilege of taking it down the new line toward Haverhill for his wife to inspect it, after which he would pay cash. The man made a deposit of $5 on the suit, and later came back and asked for the return of a dollar, saying he would take the suit without his wife's inspection and would be in later to pay for it.

That evening Mr. Dobringer went home early to prepare for the Elks' dedication. During his absence the man went into the store and demanded the suit. "Where's the money," asked the clerk in charge. He was told that that had been fixed with the proprietor and the suit was delivered.

Yesterday noon Mr. Dobringer entered the police station and said:

"The man that got the suit from me is out in the restaurant."

Inspector Murphy went with him and the man was placed under arrest. When first taken to the station he said his name was Fred Davis. Later he said it was Hamilton Seeley. The police have learned that he stopped at the Essex house night before last under the name of J. R. Jeffers.

Seeley approached E. M. Fessenden, the piano man, and talked about making a dicker for a piano. He said his father was going to ship him potatoes from Maine,—from somewhere up in Aroostook county, where Mr. Fessenden comes from, and he introduced names with which Mr. Fessenden was familiar—and after he had sold them he would buy the piano. On the strength of the potatoes Mr. Fessenden separated himself from six dollars. At the police station Seeley said the potato story, so far as it concerned his father, was a fabrication, as both parents were dead.

Since a week ago last Sunday he said he had been in Lowell, Boston, Maynard and Lawrence looking for work—farm work. He could recall approaching four different farmers with a view of engaging to do chores, but could not remember where they were located. He professes sorrow and remorse for what he has done. His future, perhaps, will be cast in more pleasant lines, with more work, and fewer chances for temptation.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

HELD IN $2500

LAFONTAIN ARRAIGNED ON A SERIOUS CHARGE.

LAWRENCE, Oct. 1.—Alfred Lafontain was represented in police court this morning by Lawyer William J. Lena on the charge of criminal assault, preferred by Della Garceau, not yet 16 years old, of 8 Grove street, Methuen.

At the beginning Mr. Lena asked for the exclusion of all witnesses except the one testifying.

"There's no occasion for that," decided the court.

The girl took the stand and told her story, the details of which, however, were reserved for the ear of the court and of counsel for the prisoners. She said she had known Lafontain about a year. Went to work last Monday morning in the Duck mill, but asked out at 8 o'clock, going up Cross street and out Manchester street under the railroad bridge. When on the road at the top of the hill, Lafontain stepped out of the bushes by the roadside and grabbed her by the throat carrying her into the woods. When she could she made outcry and struggled, but he choked her and made threats.

Dr. Bedwick of Methuen testified as to the result of an examination made by him about 9 o'clock on the night of the assault.

The mother of the girl said when her daughter reached home she was pale, nervous and crying. Other details were given to the court in private.

"It is my duty to send this man to the grand jury," said Judge Stone. Lafontain was ordered to recognize in $2500 bonds for his appearance at Salem on the second Monday of January next.

SOUTHERN GIRLS

ARRESTED IN THIS CITY WERE HELD FOR GRAND JURY.

The two pretty Southern girls, Bessie Scott and Nellie Prescott, who were arrested in this city Tuesday, by Officer Bumps while trying to pawn a $200 diamond ring, were before Judge Brown in the municipal court in Boston yesterday. The judge held them in $500 each for the grand jury.

The girls came north with Maud Hilton Burlesque company, which stranded in Pittsfield.

JUDGE HERRICK

NOTIFIED OF HIS NOMINATION TODAY.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 1—D. Cady Herrick of this city and his associates upon the democratic state ticket were formally notified of their nomination here today. The ceremony in Odd Fellows hall, was attended by several hundred prominent democrats from Greater New York and other parts of the state and the remainder of the 1200 seats in the hall were filled by the members of the local democratic clubs which acted as the candidates escort, and by citizens of Albany.

The speech of notification was made by Prof. Duncan Campbell Lee of Ithica, permanent chairman of the state convention. The replies were by Judge Herrick and Francis Burton Harrison, nominee for Lieut. Governor and on behalf of the rest of the ticket by attorney general John Cunnen.

The candidates notified today, were:

For governor, D. Cady Herrick; for lieutenant governor, Francis B. Harrison; for secretary of state, John Palmer, Jr.

For comptroller, George Hall; for attorney general, John Cunnen; for state treasurer, Wm. Muench. For state engineer and surveyor, Thomas H. Stryker; for chief judge of the court of appeals, Edgar M. Cullen; for associate justice, William M. Werner.

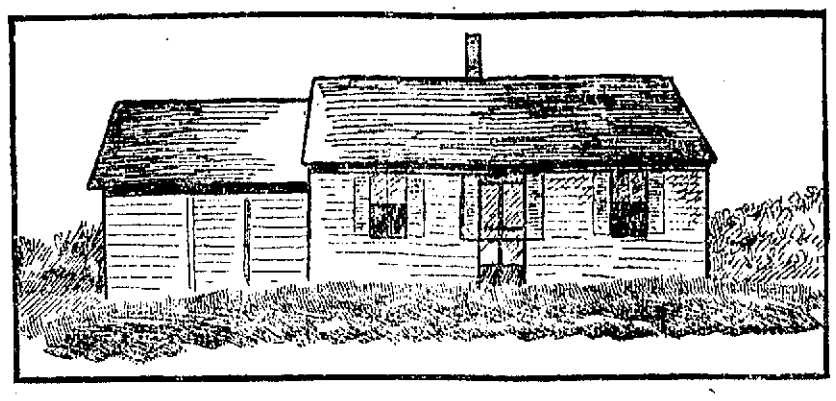
The special train bearing the notification and state committees and the New York city democrats arrived at noon. The delegation was escorted to the city hall, where the procession was joined by Judge Herrick, Attorney General Cunnen and former Senator David B. Hill. Congressman Harrison and Chairman Cord Meyer of the state committee, who had marched up the hill with the other visitors, entered the carriage with Judge Herrick and Mr. Hill and the others followed in line.

The crowded audience rose and greeted the candidates with prolonged cheers when they entered Odd Fellows hall at 1.25 p. m.

UNDER SUSPICION

HERR BARKMEYER IS NOT UNDER ARREST.

KIEL, Oct. 1.—Although the directors of the Germania Ship Building works said yesterday that Herr Brakmeyer, chief of the confidential bureau of the Germania works, had not been arrested for selling military secrets to a foreign power, it appears to be nevertheless true that he is under suspicion of selling the plans of ships to another German firm, and it is known the German navy department's perfected plans for the construction of submarine boats have in some manner come into the possession of the Russian government whether through Barkmeyer or not is not clear. The navy department has been experimenting for two years with sub-marine boats and committed that designed six months ago for a new sub-marine boat to the Germania works to execute. It is a copy of this plan that is reported to have reached Russia.



THE WILKINS HOME IN WHICH LAURA WILKINS WAS MURDERED.

KING GEORGE

REPORTED CRITICALLY ILL, HAS RECOVERED.

DRESDEN, Saxony, Oct. 1.—King George, who was so ill last Wednesday that his family assembled at Pillnitse, the summer residence of the Saxon family, recovered in an astonishing manner and went out driving for half an hour on Friday. He drank light wines and champagne for dinner yesterday and followed it with a glass of beer, according to German custom.

AMERICAN GIRL

WILL GIVE FIVE PERFORMANCES IN ST. PETERSBURG.

BERLIN, Oct. 1.—Berlin begins its theatrical season with two additions to its 23 theatres. The new National theatre devoted to opera, located in the northern part of the city, was opened Thursday under promising auspices. The house is constructed on the Bayreuth model. This gives Berlin four opera houses. A new theatre for comedy, on the lower Friedrichstrasse was opened yesterday evening.

Among the musical events announced for the season is the engagement of the famous Lamoureux orchestra, of Paris.

Geraldine Farrar, the American singer of the Royal Opera, goes to St. Petersburg within a fortnight for five performances at the court opera.

FIRE ALARMS

STATISTICS FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER.

The local fire department responded to 34 alarms during the month of September, this being the second smallest number of alarms sounded during the present year, March having the smallest number, 23. The majority of the alarms came in during the early part of the month, the last week of the month there being but two fires, both of which occasioned still alarms. On the whole the month of September was rather quiet in fire circles.

The department, however had two long hard runs in response to alarms from box 92 which was sounded for the two recent fires in Dracut, the one for the Richardson house and barn on the night of the 22d and the fire at Thissell's on the morning of the 24th.

This year, without doubt, will find a much larger number of fire alarms than any preceding year. Last year there were 446 alarms sounded, which was a record breaker, but up to date counting the alarm which sounded this morning there have been 412 alarms sounded with three-quarters of the year gone by.

Of the 34 alarms this month, 14 were bells, 8 stills and 12 telephones, while last September there were 32 alarms, 10 being bell, 10 stills, 11 telephones and one automatic.

The following is a list of the alarms sounded during the month and the dates and kinds of alarms:

September 1—box 325; 2—two stills; 3—box 113 and still; 4—box 24 and telephone; 5—box 21 and three telephones; 6—two telephones; 7—box 325; 8—Box 29, 11—box 162; 12—telephone and still; 13—box 41; 15—box 33, still and no-school signal; 17—telephone; 20—box 115 and telephone; 21—still; 22—boxes 165 and 92, telephone and still; 24—telephone and boxes 53 and 92; 25—still; 30—still.

GAME SEASON

CROWDS OF PEOPLE GOING TO MAINE.

BANGOR, Maine, Oct. 1.—The game season in Maine opened today and the morning trains into the Aroostook county, the greatest game region east of the Rockies, had for passengers many sportsmen who were bound for their favorite hunting grounds to get an early crack at the deer, which are said to be as abundant as ever. Particularly good news is the report that moose are more plentiful than for several seasons. The law on moose, however does not go off until October 15th.

Wardens Lord and Blanding will be stationed in Bangor this season as formerly, to examine all game passing through this city.

The officials of the Bangor and Aroostook railroad say they look for the biggest game season on record. Last year the number of sportsmen was somewhat smaller because of the license law which went into effect then but now, they say, much of the prejudice has been overcome and they look for the greatest influx of hunters ever known.

BISHOP TURNER

ADVISES NEGROES TO SEEK NEW FIELD.

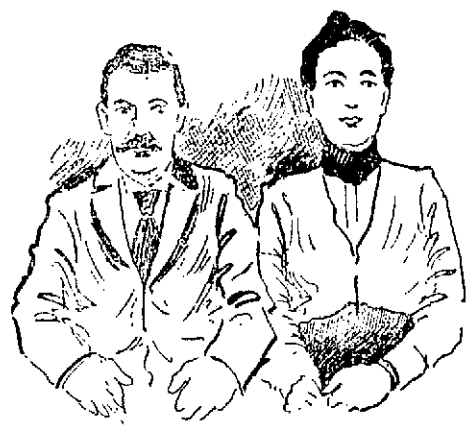
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 1.—During an address here last night, Henry M. Turner, senior bishop of the A. M. E. church, said:

"We must make speeches and write books and change public sentiment. We must rise up in the majesty of self protection. I believe it is our bounden duty to get up a great mass of our people, a million of them, to sail across the seas and find a country where we can raise the standard of negro government and show the world that we can do something."

NEW RAILROAD PRESIDENT.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—Frederick Norton Finney of Milwaukee has been elected president of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad to succeed H. C. Rouse, who resigned and will travel abroad.

Mr. Finney has for a number of years been connected with the road as manager of construction, besides being a director and member of the executive committee.



PRINCIPALS IN THE WENTWORTH MURDER CASE.

MUSICAL MYSTERY

IS PROF. JACOB SALVO, NOW IN TOWN.

Modestly leading his little band of eight pieces through the streets of the city and then playing with the "Across the Rockies" company at the Academy of Music," Prof. Jacob Salvo is a musical man of mystery, and like the disguised prince in Gilbert & Sullivan's immortal opera of "The Mikado," "a wandering minstrel he," with a past which he firmly but politely declines to disclose. Some musical men got hold of Prof. Salvo since his arrival in this city and by way of a joke put him up against some musical instruments to see how little or much he knew about music. The professor calmly took one instrument after another and gave an exhibition of musical knowledge and expertness that made them take off their hats to him. They then visited his little band and found it could discourse the classic music as easily as the popular scores, and they went away much impressed. A reporter of The Sun attempted to have the professor tell him something of his life and musical education but aside from stating that Salvo is an assumed name and that he had his own reasons for his retirement from public notice the professor was reticent. He is certainly a finished performer on the instruments and he may yet emerge from his retirement and be seen directing a more formidable musical organization. Prof. Salvo appears to be an Italian, and is of fine address and education.

RECENT RAINS

CAUSED LOSS TO RAILROAD COMPANIES.

EL PASO, Tex., Oct. 1.—Every railroad entering El Paso is still suffering from the rains of the past two days and it is not known when trains will be running on schedule time again, as all of the washouts have not been repaired. The Pecos river is on a big rise. The Rio Grande continues to rise at this place.

TO ST. LOUIS

RHODE ISLAND DELEGATION STARTED TODAY.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 1.—Governor Garvin, the Rhode Island St. Louis exposition commission, state, United States and city officials, members of the general assembly and prominent citizens, started by special train today for St. Louis to be present at the observance of Rhode Island day at the exposition on Wednesday, Oct. 5. The special exercises will include addresses by President Trent of the Rhode Island commission and Governor Garvin and an oration by Hon. Lelleron R. Colt of the United States circuit court. The party numbers 75 and will return next Saturday.

KID McCOY

WAS KNOCKED OUT BY ANDY KING.

PENDLETON, Oregon, Oct. 1.—Andy King of Walla Walla, Wash., knocked out Kid McCoy of Brooklyn, in the fourth round of a bout which was scheduled to be a 10-round fight. McCoy did not regain consciousness until eight minutes after receiving the knockout.

DYNAMITE USED

SAFE IN POST OFFICE BLOWN OPEN.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 1.—The safe in the post office at Rosemount, a suburb, was blown open by dynamite early today and money and stamps aggregating about $200 stolen. The postmaster says that at the close of each month dividend checks amounting to between $5000 and $10,000 are sent to wealthy suburbanites and that many letters containing such checks were stolen.

TRAFFIC BLOCKED

WAGON BROKE DOWN ON MIDDLESEX VILLAGE TRACKS.

A big wagon loaded with lumber broke down on the car tracks in Middlesex street at Middlesex Village this forenoon, and the driver went away with his horses leaving the wagon across the tracks and blocking car traffic. The street railroad people made an effort to move the load but could not. Then they sought out the owner of the wagon but were unsuccessful, and thus the obstruction was allowed to remain until the owner saw fit after a couple of hours' delay to remove the wagon.

AFTER WHIPPLE

POSSE IS STILL SEARCHING FOR HIM.

EAST GLASTONBURY, Conn., Oct. 1—Deputy Sheriff Sheffield and a posse of 12 men resumed their work today searching the woods for John A. Whipple who last night shot Policeman Louks. Whipple had been hiding in the woods since he shot a neighbor, Samuel J. Starmer, two weeks ago. He returned home last night and Louks attempted to arrest him with the result that Whipple shot him in the right thigh and once more sought refuge in the woods. He is heavily armed as are also the sheriff's posse and should they meet a stiff fight is anticipated.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 1, 1904.

Sept.
22—Lawrence Glancy 52, drowning.
Artemas S. Young 74, apoplexy.
23—Maria P. F. Swett 57, paralysis.
Henry C. Kimball 46, nephritis.
Joseph Lourroft 5 mos., entero colitis.
Walter Lahale 3 mos., gastro enteritis.
Leo Pender 1 mo., chol. infl.
24—Thomas O'Hare 75, arterio sclerosis.
Christiana Anderson 60, cirrhosis of liver.
Hanora Drury 56, dis. of omentum.
John McCaffrey 4, diphtheria.
Gardell Heller 1, bronchitis.
Aurore Milette 3 mos., bronchitis.
Daniel Clobery 24 days, enteritis.
25—Gertrude J. Harris 13, diabetes.
Arthur Blanchette 9 mos., enteritis.
Patrick Dean 61, cystitis.
Appoline Frenette 58, dropsy.
Ellen Stott 65, disease of heart.
Catherine J. Jennings 44, phthisis.
John B. Thyne 37, nephritis.
Eludienne Nault 27, phthisis.
Wilfrid Laferriere 6 mos., chol. infl.
27—Marie E. Ducharme 3 mos., enteritis.
Joseph Lussier 1 day, debility.
28—Irene Hamel 5 mos., chol. infl.
29—Ann E. Fuller 77, bright's disease.
Alice Hillsgrove 3 mos., infl. atrophy.
29—Mary E. Donnelly 11 mos., gastro enteritis.
P. Edward Parise 2 mos., enteritis.
29—Ellen E. Walsh 35, pulm tuberculosis.
Mary M. Doyle 3 mos., enteritis.
29—Sarah E. Bennent 78, nephritis.
30—Esther Chenley 57, heart disease.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

JOSEPH L. WHITE DEAD.

BOSTON, Oct. 1.—Joseph L. White, city passenger agent of the Boston and Albany railroad and well known in musical circles here, died today of brights disease, aged 56 years. He had been connected with the passenger department of the railroad for over 30 years. As a baritone singer he was well known throughout the state, having been a member of the Mendelssohn quartette. He also won considerable prominence as a composer and as a musical critic. He was unmarried.

OFFER DECLINED.

BERLIN, Oct. 1.—The Disconti bank, owner of the great Venezuelan railway, has declined an offer of 65 per cent. of the par value of the stock. The bid was made by General Velutini, the Venezuelan minister here, on behalf of his government. General Velutini will arrive today from Paris.

Lowell Textile School

Opens Tuesday, Sept. 27, 1904

Courses in Cotton and Wool Manufacturing, Chemistry and Dyeing, Weaving, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Decorative Art and Designing, Languages.

Special Day Course in Decorative Art for Women

Evening Classes Open Oct. 17

Courses in Cotton Spinning, Woolen and Worsted Spinning, Designing, Chemistry and Dyeing, Warp Preparation and Weaving, Mechanics and Electricity.

The certificate of the school will be awarded to all who successfully complete either of the courses. Graduates of other schools will be admitted without examinations.

For all others who have not previously attended the Lowell Textile school examinations will be held in the subjects of arithmetic and English at the school

THURSDAY, Oct. 6th

The evening courses will be free to residents of the city of Lowell. To all others the fee will be $2.50 per term or $5 a year. Application for admission or catalogue may be made by postal card addressed to the Principal, W. W. Crosby, Lowell, Mass.

VIOLENT GALE

Did Much Damage in Boston

BOSTON, Oct. 1—A violent westerly gale that lasted not more than half an hour did much damage among the small craft of the upper harbor yesterday afternoon, but fortunately, caused no loss of life. Sloop yacht Angorin, which left South Boston with three men on board yesterday morning for a fishing trip, was sighted yesterday afternoon off Hangman's Island by the harbor police, tossing at the mercy of the waves and flying a distress signal. With much difficulty, the yacht was taken in tow and brought to the city.

Sloop yacht Galeon broke from her moorings off City Point and sank before the police boat could aid her.

Several other small boats were swept from their anchorage and more or less damaged.

On shore, wind played many pranks with fences, windows and shutters.

At the American League baseball grounds on Huntington avenue, nearly 150 feet of the fence on the avenue side was blown down, while some 50 feet of the fence on one side of the entrance was carried into left field.

MAYOR ELVAAD

DIED SUDDENLY OF APOPLEXY IN ST. LOUIS.

BOSTON, Oct. 1.—Major Henry E. Alverd, who died suddenly in St. Louis today, was well known in this state several years ago. For a time he was professor of agriculture at the Massachusetts Agricultural college at Amherst and from that institution went to the Maryland Agricultural college. After leaving Maryland he entered the government service and has lived in Washington.

Major Alverd made several visits to New England, during the prevalence of the foot and mouth disease last year.

MISS FOLSOM MARRIED.

LENOX, Mass., Oct. 1.—At Trinity Episcopal church at noon today, Miss Winifred Folsom, fifth daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Folsom of New York, was married to Edward Henry Delafield of that city. A distinguished company of New York guests and Lenox cottagers were present. Rev. Harold Arrowsmith, rector of the church, officiated, assisted by Bishop Henry Y. Satterlee of Washington, who gave the benediction.

GRIPING PAINS

Stomach ailments, characterized by severe griping, twisting pains and sudden paroxysms, such as colic, cramps, cholera infantum, cholera morbus and diarrhoea, are best cured by that century-old remedy

JOHNSON'S Anodyne LINIMENT

Its anodyne strength and purity make it just as efficacious for internal, as for external, use. Whether you rub it into the skin or drop on sugar in a teaspoon to cure a cold, it is equally potent. Sold by all druggists. Price 25c., three times as much 50c.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass

Double Dark Blue Stamps Given on All Purchases

JOHN F. SAUNDERS

159 Corham Street, Cor. Summer

AND SPECIAL ON FOLLOWING:

On All Kinds of Stamps

120 with 1 lb 50c Baking Powder.
150 with 1 lb 70c Tea.
100 with 1 lb 60c Tea.
70 with 1 lb 50c Tea.
10 with 1 lb 15c Butterine.
10 with 1 pkg 10c Mince.
10 with 1 pkg Pancake Flour.
6 with 1 pkg. 14c Force.
6 with 1 pkg 10c Presto.
20 with 1 lb 25c Coffee.
10 with 1 lb 20c Coffee.
10 with 1 bottle 10c Blue.
10 with 1 can 12c Peas.
10 with 1 can 12c Tomatoes.
10 with 1 pkg 10c Corn Starch.
20 with 1 pkg 14c Norka Oats.
20 with 1 pkg Malted Oats.

BEEF IS CHEAPER

Forequarters of Lamb	7c Lb
Legs of Lamb	10c Lb
Best Smoked Shoulders	10c lb
Good Eggs	22c Doz.
Best Eastern Green Mountain Potatoes 17c Pk., 65c Bushel	
16 lbs. of Sweet Potatoes	25c
Best Round Steak	12½ to 15c Lb
Best Rump and Sirloin	15c to 18c Lb
Corn Beef	5c to 7c Lb
New Cabbage	1c Lb
Bread Flour	85c Bag
Best Bread Flour	6.75 Bbl
Challenge Milk 3 cans	25c
Best Seeded Raisins	5c Pkg

BEST BUTTERINE
10c to 15c Lb.

5 lb Boxes of Best Creamery Butter $1.15

SPECIAL ON CORN BEEF—3 for 1 of any kind of Stamps on the best 6c and 7c Corn Beef

IRON DOES NOT RUST

DOES NOT RUST

If painted with Harrison's Antoxide. No matter what sort of iron, whether indoors or out, fences, roofs, walls, or machinery, whether very hot or very cold—clean it well and protect it with Antoxide, and it will never rust so lona as Antoxide covers it. No other protective paint made has proved so perfect and lasting a guard against rust.

C. B. COBURN CO., 63 Market Street

ESTABLISHED 1885

Nineteen years experience during which period we have been subjected to every test that an insurance agency must meet has put us at the head of the insurance business in Lowell.

If you want the best service, the largest experience and absolute safety your interest will direct you to

THOS. C. LEE & CO.

INSURANCE EXPERTS

TELEPHONE 311 — 52 CENTRAL STREET

GEORGE E. METCALF & CO.

FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY

(Established 1881.)
RUSSELL FOX, Proprietor.

OFFICES: 159 MIDDLESEX STREET, — LOWELL, MASS.

ON THE CREASE

Buntings Won Four Forfeited Games

An important meeting of the state cricket league was held at the American house, Boston, Saturday evening, President Dixon in the chair.

Several minor appeals and protests were disposed of, and decisions were given in favor of Buntings on a forfeit from Boston, and to the same club on one from Merrimac. These were of great importance to the Buntings, as it secured that club in its 22 points, which ties it with Everett and Mohair. There are a number of games to be played by these three clubs in the championship series, but it was finally decided that the one securing a bye should play the winner of the first match in a final game. Bunting drew the bye, so Everett and Mohair will play next Saturday on the Lawrence grounds, the game to commence at 1.30. Bunting will meet the winner on the same grounds the following Saturday.

Chelsea and West India C. C. will play off their tie for the championship of the second section of the league on the East Boston ground next Saturday at 2 o'clock.

The umpires appointed by the league for the games in the first section are Dave Brue and John Gordon, with Jack Keen as alternate, and for the second section, Will Rolfe and E. Ashley.

GAME FORFEITED.

The game scheduled for Saturday between Merrimac and Bunting was forfeited by Merrimac, which was unable to get its team together.

Antoxide Paint prevents the rusting of iron fences. $2.00 gallon. C. B. Coburn Co., 63 Market street.

EQUALLED BOGY

FINE GOLF PLAYING BY FRANK E. PUTNAM.

Frank E. Putnam and Henry H. Wilder were the winners of the prizes for the best net and best gross scores respectively in the 18-hole open handicap tournament of the Vesper Country club at Tyngs island Saturday. Mr. Putnam's score was 90, 10, 80. Mr. Wilder's gross was 83.

A large number of out of town players entered, but because of other open events in this vicinity only a small number played. Mr. Putnam's net score of 80 is the bogy of the course.

The weather was unfavorable to low scores. The wind from the northwest puzzled most of the players and caused many shots go wild. The score:

	Gr.	Hp.	Net
Frank E. Putnam	90	10	80
Dr. E. O. Taylor, Longmeadow, Lowell	97	16	81
Cyrus Wakefield	87	6	81
P. A. McDonald	93	12	81
F. L. Stuart	92	10	82
W. W. Reed, Lexington	88	6	82
Joseph Peabody	97	14	83
H. H. Wilder	86	3	83
F. Leighton	97	12	85
J. Thorpe	89	3	86
J. G. Hill	95	8	87
T. S. Robbins, Longmeadow	103	16	87
W. G. Eaton	99	12	87
L. F. Sherman	96	9	87
A. K. Drake	99	12	87
F. J. Bailey, Chestnut Hill	98	11	87
C. F. Weston	97	10	87
F. H. Grover	91	3	88
T. Nesmith	101	12	89
G. H. Lyall, Bellevue	95	6	89
A. T. Safford	107	18	89
S. S. Gilmore, Lexington	101	12	89
H. B. Turner, Portland	94	4	90
O. Hochmeyer	102	12	90
J. B. Hylan	96	6	90
C. L. Knapp	99	8	91
A. Sweeney, Merrimac	106	14	92
H. B. Lewis, Merrimac Val.	100	8	92
C. H. Forbes, Andover	100	8	92
R. R. Hancock, Oakley	105	12	93
D. D. Bartlett	103	9	94
C. L. Stover	112	18	94
Joseph Smith	111	16	95
S. T. Whittier	108	12	96
F. E. Bramhall	109	13	96
Percy Parker	110	14	96
C. W. Brown	104	10	96
F. E. Noyes, Arlington	114	16	98
R. W. Thompson	118	16	102

GEORGE GARDNER

WILL MEET JOHN WILLIE TONIGHT.

George Gardner is to meet John Willie in Saginaw tonight, and while Willie is a big strong fellow, the Lowell boxer should get the award, as he is more clever and is a better hitter.

WATSON RESIDENCE SOLD.

The Peter Watson residence on Princeton street, one of the most substantial residences in the Highlands, was sold Saturday to Mr. Maurice O'Donnell, proprietor of the St. James hotel. The negotiations for the sale were conducted through the real estate office of Frank J. Green.

Doubt Cannot Exist

INVESTIGATION WILL ONLY STRENGTHEN THE PROOF WE GIVE IN LOWELL

How can doubt exist in the face of such evidence? Read here the endorsement of a representative citizen of Lowell.

Mrs. E. O. Adams, of 33 Powell street, Lowell, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills ended a complication of kidney troubles which had bothered me for a long while. I had constant, dull pains in my back, the secretions from the kidneys were excessive at times and at others scanty, and contained sediment and a thick deposit. I bought Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s drug store, and they ended the pains in my back and corrected the secretions."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

IN FIRST PLACE

St. Louis Gets Three Hits Off Young

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 3.—Boston regained first place yesterday by defeating St. Louis, 2 to 0. Young pitched for Boston and allowed St. Louis only three hits. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Boston	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	—2
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Three base hits—Wallace, Freeman. Bases on balls—Off Pelty 2. Struck out—By Pelty 7, by Young 1. Left on bases—St. Louis 2, Boston 8. Time—1.25. Umpires—King and Dwyer. Attendance—16,401.

SATURDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston 6, St. Louis 1; 4789.

New York 7, Chicago 2; 17,149.

Cleveland 4, Washington 0 (first game), 4019; Cleveland 0, Washington 2 (second game).

Detroit 3, Philadelphia 2, (first game) 1200. Detroit 2, Philadelphia 1 (second game).

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston 5, Chicago 4, (10 innings), 1488.

St. Louis 5, New York 1, (first game, 10 innings); St. Louis 8, New York 6, (second game), 8800.

Brooklyn 3, Cincinnati 0 (first game), Brooklyn 4, Cincinnati 3, (second game), 2500.

Pittsburg 11, Philadelphia 3 (first game); Philadelphia 10, Pittsburg 3 (second game), 3447.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—Boston 2, St. Louis 0.

At Chicago—(First game), Chicago 7, New York 1, second game New York 6, Chicago 3.

BOSTON-N. Y. SCHEDULE.

For the remainder of the season:

Oct. 3—Boston at Chicago, New York at St. Louis.

Oct. 4—Boston at Chicago, New York at St. Louis.

Oct. 5—Boston at Chicago; New York at St. Louis.

Oct. 7—Boston at New York.

Oct. 8—New York at Boston (two games).

Oct. 10—Boston at New York (two games).

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Boston	89	57	.609
New York	87	56	.608
Chicago	86	61	.588
Cleveland	80	62	.563
Philadelphia	76	66	.535
St. Louis	64	81	.441
Detroit	60	84	.417
Washington	34	109	.238

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	104	45	.698
Chicago	89	56	.609
Cincinnati	82	64	.562
Pittsburg	81	64	.559
St. Louis	73	72	.503
Brooklyn	56	94	.373
Boston	55	93	.372
Philadelphia	49	99	.331

CRESCENTS WON

DEFEATED THE CHAMPION ARCANUM TEAM.

The Crescents demonstrated their right to the title of champions of the city on Saturday when they defeated the strong Highland Council team by a score of 6 to 2. Reid received better support than McCarthy.

The features were the batting and fielding of McCarthy, the batting of Stacey, base running of Phinney and the fielding of C. Donohue. As umpire Gorman gave eminent satisfaction.

The score:

CRESCENTS.

	ab	r	bh	po	a	e
Phinney 1b	3	2	1	8	0	0
Stacey c	4	1	2	9	1	1
Russell 3b	4	0	1	0	0	2
Murphy ss	3	0	1	1	1	0
Walker rf	4	0	1	0	0	0
O'Brien 2b	4	1	1	3	4	0
Laporte cf	4	1	0	0	0	0
Reid p	4	1	1	0	1	0
W. Riley lf	2	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	32	6	9	21	7	3

HIGHLAND R. A.

	ab	r	bh	po	a	e
McVey 2b	2	1	1	2	1	2
Cooney lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Glode 3b	3	0	1	0	1	1
Hennessey c	4	1	1	8	1	0
Williams ss	1	0	0	3	0	1
McCarthy p	3	0	2	0	2	0
C. Donohue cf	3	0	0	3	1	0
Ivers 1b	2	0	0	7	1	1
S. Donohue rf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	21	2	6	21	7	4

Score by innings:

Crescents	2	0	0	0	0	4	0—6
Highland R. A.	1	0	1	0	0	0	0—2

RED MEN VS. LOWELL 8.

Lowell No. 8, R. A. ball team played the Red Men's team a return game Saturday afternoon at the Westlands grounds and were defeated by the score of 13 to 5. The following is the score by innings:

Red Men	3	0	3	0	2	0	3	2	0—13
Lowell 8	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0—5

Two base hits—Bowen, L. Hodgman. First base on balls—Off Hodgman 6, off McManmon 3. Struck out by Hodgman 3, by McManmon 6. Hit by pitched ball—Beaulieu. Time of game—1.45. Umpire—McKinley.

BUNTINGS BEATEN

IN FOOTBALL GAME WITH METHUEN.

The Bunting team was defeated, 2 to 1, by Methuen in the first game played here Saturday afternoon in the association football league. Methuen won by better team work. There were some excellent plays by the goal tenders of each team, also by Marriott, Casey and Jennings. In the first period each team scored a goal and the Methuens scored their second point soon after the opening of the second period. The summary:

Methuens—Teale g, Briggs and Lamb fb, Hamer, Ford and Atkinson hb, Ankers and Collins rw, Littleson c, Jennings and Britton lf.

Buntings—Bertwhistle g, Marriott and Ritchie fb, Finlindson, Casey and Powell rb, Halligan and Mutar rw, Concannon c, Scholes and Campbell lf.

Score, Methuen 2, Bunting 1. Goals kicked, Jennings, Collins, Halligan. Referee, J. Mack. Linesmen, S. Hunt for Bunting, G. Mack for Methuen. Time, 45-minute periods.

HIGHER PRICES

Said to be Poor Men's Taxes

INQUIRY INTO CAUSE OF HIGH PRICES

Industrial Arbitration Settles Wage Question

A most interesting and ably-conducted inquiry into "The Causes of High Prices" is summarized in part second of the 1904 report of the Massachusetts bureau of statistics of labor, of which Charles F. Pidgin is chief, Frank H. Brown first clerk, and William G. Grundy second clerk. The inquiry was made by correspondence, 664 letters being sent out, mostly to persons in business, each letter containing the following statement:

Many articles have appeared in print, and many statistical tables have been presented in official publications, relating to high prices, but in none of them has there been given what may be considered as a sufficient explanation of the reason for the advance in price of the necessaries of life.

Why have prices of groceries, provisions, meats, fish, vegetables and other articles of food increased? Why have boots and shoes, clothing, dry goods and articles of wearing apparel risen in price? Why are coal, wood and rents higher than in previous years?

Will you kindly favor this department with your opinion on the subject. Your answer may be written on this sheet and returned to us in the postpaid envelope accompanying. The names of persons supplying the information will in no case be printed in the report.

A prompt reply will place the bureau under increased obligations to you.

The number of available replies received was 151, or 22.74 of the total. Of these the largest number were from dealers in clothing, dry goods, groceries, meats and provisions and real estate. Nearly 30 pages of replies are printed in the report. The 151 persons gave 254 opinions as to the cause of high prices. Of these opinions, 77, or 30.32 per cent. convey the impression that high prices are caused by combinations of capital; 117, or 46.06 per cent., that they are due to labor combinations, while 60, or 23.62 per cent., attribute existing conditions to a variety of causes, general in their nature, and not directly attributable to either capital or labor. Among the questions answered is whether the retail prices of all articles required by the family, usually called the "necessaries of life," have been greatly advanced during the last few years. Some 117 of the correspondents reply to it.

EARNINGS ADVANCED.

Eleven of these considered high prices on certain articles were due to combinations of capital; two to combinations of capital and labor; 21 to scarcity dependent upon supply and demand; three to the prevailing tariff duties; 13 to better accommodations, increased cost of building, increased valuation, and higher taxes, all in connection with rents; five gave four different reasons, while three made the statement without explanation.

After quoting from outside sources, the report goes on to consider the question of earnings in its relation to that of expenditure. In 1903, as compared with 1902, there were increases in 57 industries and decreases in 33. For the 57 industries showing increased yearly earnings the yearly advance for each employe was $17.50; for the 33 industries showing decreased yearly earnings, the yearly decrease for each employe was $8.77. As the number of days in operation in 1903, on the average, was 293.03 or very nearly 49 working weeks of six days each, the average weekly advance for the employes in 57 industries was 36 cents, and the average weekly decrease for the employes in 33 industries was 19.9 cents.

The subject of cost of living is then considered. This is a variable amount, dependent upon size of family, age of members, place of residence, purchasing facilities and very largely upon individual or collective tastes or requirements. The cost of living of two families of the same size with equal incomes may vary materially; one family may close the year in debt, the other with a balance in the bank. One may purchase the best of everything, while the other is satisfied with medium or even low grades. Each family becomes a problem as regards cost of living, and it does not solve a hundred problems to add them together and make one of them. Statistics of cost of living are valuable when grouped and compared with classified incomes.

From such statistics we obtain the amounts paid for food, rents, clothing, fuel, light and other items of household outlay. In them, however, we find no reliable indication of financial condition. When the budgets give income, debt or savings can be determined, but the cost of living figures, in themselves, are not reliable indications of increase or decrease in prices. A man may spend $500 on his family one year and $750 the next, but this marked increase of 50 per cent. may have been the result of a larger income and a higher standard of living, and influenced in no way by the ruling prices of family necessaries.

Prices of the "necessaries of life" should be exclusively for those items used in and by the family. As family purchases are made almost entirely from retail dealers, retail quotations are the only ones statistically applicable to the case. In determining numerical and percentage increases and decreases the same grades should be considered and the same quantities, that is, comparisons should not be made between pounds and barrels, and quarts and gallons. The quotations should be numerous and drawn from as large an area as possible in order to overcome, as far as possible, marked local influences.

POOR MAN'S TAXES.

As to comparisons of wages and cost of living, such comparisons are of doubtful, if any value. Both factors in the comparisons are variable in themselves, and comparisons of such variable factors cannot produce fixed, reliable results.

What a man actually receives in money for his services is a positive amount; what he actually has to pay for certain articles of family use is equally positive. If his expenditures for the necessaries of life are accurately computed for a week, or month, or year by giving to each its proper financial weight or influence (not the pound to pound basis of consumption, which is fallacious, then the result, either in numbers or percentages, can be properly compared with actual earnings, and the actual increases or decreases in earnings and prices can be arrived at in a legitimate statistical way and be presented to the public in the form of comparative amounts or percentages.

The conclusion reached by the report is as follows:

"The action of earnings and prices is mutually reflex. If the workingman toils for less hours and gets more money for his labor, the costs of production and distribution are increased and manufacturers and dealers advance prices.

"Theoretically and practically the more money a man has the more he should pay in taxes. The average workman's personal property is within the exemption, but many own or have equity in real estate. The dealers charge more for meats, flour, and other necessaries; the towns, cities, and the state join hands by raising the valuation and increasing the tax rate; then the real estate owners, paying more for materials and labor and higher taxes, put up rents.

"The rich man has always found fault with the high taxes, but eventually pays them. Higher prices are the poor man's taxes. Like the rich man he can find fault with existing conditions and the lawmakers whom he holds responsible for them, but, like the rich man, in the end he must pay. Scarcity will raise some prices, combinations will advance others; over-production, or under-consumption, which is the same thing, will bring down prices on many articles. Industrial attrition will finally regulate the wage question, and then prices, wages and cost of production will reach a normal standard once more—and this normal standard will give a just return to all who make, sell, distribute or use the manifold products of industry."

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of John Cavanaugh, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Patrick Reardon, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Cambridge in said County of Middlesex, on the fourth day of October A. D. 1904, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said Court, and by mailing post-paid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twelfth day of September in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

W. E. ROGERS, Asst. Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law and all other persons interested in the estate of Jane Howard late of Lowell in said County, deceased.

Whereas, John J. Harvey administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented to said Court his petition for license to sell at public auction the whole of a parcel of the real estate of said deceased for the payment of debts, and charges of administration, and for other reasons set forth in said petition.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge in said County, on the fourth day of October A. D., 1904, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to each person interested in the estate fourteen days at least, before said Court, or by publishing the same once in each week for three successive weeks in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twentieth day of September in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

W. E. ROGERS, Asst. Register.

MISS NANCE O'NEIL

WITH HER MANAGER LEFT BRINLEY MANSION.

Miss Nance O'Neil, the well known actress and her manager, Mr. McKee Rankin, left the old Brinley mansion in Tyngsboro, which they have occupied for the past four months, yesterday. Miss O'Neil and Mr. Rankin went to Boston where Miss O'Neil opens at the Tremont theatre a week from today in "Magda." Miss Allen, who has been at Miss O'Neil's manor during the summer months, also accompanied the noted actress.

During the month of September rehearsals have been held in Boston, the O'Neil company having gathered there preparatory to the opening of their season. Several new plays have been rehearsed, among them being the great drama, "Judith," by Thomas Bailey Aldrich. Although this piece has meant the hardest kind of work for Miss O'Neil, she had returned to her Tyngsboro home every night after the day's work.

All of the beautiful household goods and the many pets of Miss O'Neil are left behind. The swans and deer and dogs will stay at the manor during the winter months, left in the care of a servant. "Sweet Alice," the Boston cab horse, which Miss O'Neil bought at the close of her season will live in retirement at the manor grounds. This horse was one which had carried Miss O'Neil to and from the theatre much and, noticing its age and decrepitude, the actress decided to buy it and turn it loose on her estate. The cab man was willing to sell his horse, which was named "Sweet Alice," And over the Brinley acres the retired horse runs and will continue to do so.

After a week in Boston Miss O'Neil will go to New York for a short engagement.

TO REV. MR. GILLAM

TOUCHING TESTIMONIAL TO A RETIRING PASTOR.

Lowell, Mass., Sept. 26, 1904.

Our Dear Brother Gillam:

At the recent meeting of the Monday's Ministers' Conference, held in Lowell, Sept. 12th it was voted unanimously that a letter be prepared by a committee and signed by every member of the conference setting forth the high appreciation in which you are held by these [illegible] and the deep regret felt by the [illegible] of the termination of your [illegible] our city.

We feel [illegible] that the moral and religious [illegible] our city have been distinctly [illegible] by your departure; that the [illegible] Christial in our midst has sustained a serious loss through the absence of your inspiring personality, your trusted leadership, and your effective service. We trust, however, the aggressive evangelistic work so greatly encouraged and promoted by your untiring efforts for the salvation of men may not falter in enthusiasm and power.

We desire to express to you our appreciation of your many manly qualities and our high estimate of your fine Christian character, your splendid evangelical gifts and your excellent work as a pastor. We want you to know that we recognize the Monday Ministers' meeting as largely of your inspiration and therefore that we owe to you the privilege we have had for two years of enjoying a Christian fellowship all too rarely known. We shall be glad to commend you in the most hearty fashion to churches of the various Christian bodies as an eminently safe, wise and effective evangelist.

We shall follow you with our prayers and are confident that we shall hear from time to time glowing reports of what God is doing for you, through you, and with you in different parts of our great country. May the Lord, whose you are and whom you serve, bless you exceeding abundantly above all you ask or think.

We are, our dear brother,

Your fellow-workers in the Lord,

Robert F. True, Baptist.
Albert E. Kenyon, Free Baptist.
James M. Craig, Presbyterian.
Asa Reed Dilts, Baptist.
D. B. Martin, Free Baptist.
J. A. McKnight, Cong'tional, Dracut.
N. W. Matthews, Primitive Methodist.
Darrell Markman, Primitive Methodist.
Charles H. Ellis, Baptist, Chelmsford.
C. W. Williams, Baptist, So. Chelms'd.
Geo. W. Coon, Methodist Episcopal.
Isaac LaFleur, Baptist.
Herman Lilorin, Swedish Baptist.
Arthur P. Wedge, Baptist.
F. M. Pickles, Methodist Episcopal.
Smith Thomas Ford, Baptist.
Geo. R. Dean, Methodist Episcopal.
T. Clayton Welles, Congregational.
E. Victor Bigelow, Congregational.
C. R. Crossett, Adventist Christian.
Geo. Edward Martin, Congregational.
B. F. Kingsley, Methodist Episcopal.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A tin and sheet iron worker. Apply to J. W. Stewart, 859 Bridge st.

WANTED—An experienced table girl at 32 Branch st.

LADIES: Earn $20 per hundred writing short letters. Send stamped envelope for particulars. Ideal Mfg. Co., Cassopolis, Mich.

WANTED—At once 2 good house steamfitters. Apply to Mr. H. Smith & Co., 101 Butterfield st., Lowell.

WANTED—Man and wife to work on a farm. Apply Frank Parker, 606 Middlesex st., Davis & Sargent Building.

LOST—A three months' old Boston terrier, light brindle, female. Reward 732 Lawrence st.

WANTED—Boys 16 years of age. Apply 11 Wilson st.

LADY TO TRAVEL—References required. Salary $21 per week, expenses advanced. J. S. Ziegler & Co., 323 Dearborn st., Chicago.

BE A NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENT and earn $50 to $100 monthly. No canvassing. Good pay for work in spare time. Send for free booklet. "The Best way to Earn Money at Home." Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED—Women to take work home. Spaulding & Swett Corp., Rock and Willie sts.

WANTED—A housekeeper about 35, American preferred in a family of 2 a man about 45 and a boy 2½ years old. Must be a good woman, pleasant and kind to the boy. Steady position. Residence Hudson, N. H. One mile from Concord Junction, Nashua. One half mile from Hudson Post office. Geo. W. Marshall.

WANTED—Capable woman to take care of small child and its mother and do work in small family. Apply 23 Concord st.

WANTED—A general house girl at once, small family. Inquire 167 Sixth st.

WANTED—Good paperhangers at once. Good wages, steady work, union shop, no strike. The Lapalme-Hoffman Co., Waterbury, Conn., 158 Grand st. Call at Wallace Nichols', Middlesex st. crossing for information.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY LOANED salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters and others, without security, easy payments, offices in 50 leading cities. Tolman, room 43, Hildreth Building, 45 Merrimack st.

MONEY LOANED—Our plan of loaning money on salaries is the most liberal to be found anywhere, and is especially appreciated by Teachers, Clerks, Salesmen and Business workers. Easy weekly payments. All transactions confidential. Massachusetts Loan Company, 13 Merrimack Sq., 16 Prescott st., Room 9.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security, boarding houses, teamsters, salaried loans a specialty. Best terms obtainable, liberal discount for prompt payments, commission paid. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate Building.

DON'T BE SHORT—Plenty of money to loan to salaried people, merchants, boarding house keepers, teamsters, etc. Easy weekly payments, lowest rates in the city. Confidential; no publicity; no delay. Special inducements for quick payments. Private office. U. S. Loan Co., 50 Prescott st., room 5, Lowell, Mass.

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 343 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Leinhas, room 9, Barristers hall.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—Position as cook in country. Inquire 11 Walnut st., Haverhill.

WANTED—A situation by a hospital nurse, or would care for an invalid. Rates reasonable. Inquire at 19 Abbott st.

SITUATION WANTED by middle aged lady, to do light housework. Inquire 540 Moody st.

WANTED—Nursing by a maternity hospital graduate, highest references. Inquire 97 Jewett st.

WANTED—A position as housekeeper. Take full charge. Address Sun office.

WANTED—A position to take care of a baby. Address No. 1 Keelin court, off Fayette street.

WANTED—Situation minding children or at light housework. Address M. D., Sun Office.

SPECIAL NOTICES

IT IS TO YOUR ADVANTAGE to buy our new crop Teas and fresh roasted Coffees, they are up-to-date. Double stamps every day this week. Dickson's Tea Store, 68 Merrimack st.

PIMPLES—We diagnose each case of pimples, blackheads, ringworms and send treatment accordingly. Charges $1. Write for Symptom Blank. W. R. Morgan, Ph. C., Citizens Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.

TRADING STAMPS—We have received a large stock of new Sison Teas, they are delicious flavors and we are giving 150 stamps, any kind with one pound of our 70c tea, 100 with our 60c tea, 60 with our 50c tea, 30 with our 35c coffee. The Elwood Tea Co., Davis Square.

MRS. ANNA M. COGGESHALL has moved from 26 to 36 Nichols street.

LADIES—A most satisfactory summer dessert is "Dainty Desserts." Makes delicious puddings by simply adding pure milk. Flavoring if desired. No baking—prepared in a moment's time. Send 10c for full size package, also our booklet entitled "Some Ideas for Desserts." Leopold Anderson Co., Campello, Mass.

PRACTICAL DRESSMAKER—Miss M. W. Taylor solicits your patronage, 17 Caddell Avenue, Crescent st., off Chelmsford st.

DAVID HUNTLEY wishes to announce to his friends and patrons that he has opened up a bakery store at 1030 Gorham st. with a fresh supply of pies, cake, bread and pastry every day, wedding cakes made to order.

BILLIARD AND POOL tables bought, sold and repaired, all work guaranteed. S. Scott, 34 Central st.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news-stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

MISCELLANEOUS

WHITE SEWING MACHINE, 876 Bridge st. Ladies when you need a machine buy the light-running White, the ball-bearing White, the incomparable White, the White Machine is king. Sold by George White & Son, second-hand machines from $3 upwards.

MRS. CLARA ADAMS, clairvoyant and card reader and ladies' employment office, 355 Gorham street, opposite Court house.

DOCTOR J. H. BRETON, 182 Merrimack st., Room 8, third landing, over Gilbride's. Hours from 1 to 9 p. m.

MADAM LENORE, clairvoyant, card reader and is also gifted with drawing power, Burbank Bld'g, 26 Prescott st., second flight, Room 19.

MME. WATSON EMERSON clairvoyant and psycological readings also instruction in elocution and physical culture, 474 Central st.

REAL ESTATE MEN, property owners, etc. Will paper your room, furnishing gold paper and border to match, and hanging same in a first class manner for $2 per room. Special prices quoted on more than one room. Painting, whitewashing, etc., at correspondingly low prices. D. Baker & Co., 150 Gorham st.

T. BEAUCHEMIN & M. FOURNIER, express and furniture moving in and out of city, pianos handled with great care, office 334 Middlesex st., residence 809 Princeton st.

WE HAVE ALL the Fall Blocks of Hats and are prepared to supply the gentlemen of this city. Stiff hats cleaned free at Delorme's, 261 Middlesex st. The practical hatter.

RAILROAD AND COMMERCIAL telegraphy taught thoroughly by an experienced telegrapher, positions guaranteed when competent. H. L. Whitten, 930 Gorham st.

BENT'S NO 2 for excessive sweating feet; harmless, 25c at Falls and Burkinshaw's only. Corner Middlesex and Thorndike sts.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief; powerful combination; used by 200,000 women; price 25 cents; druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LIMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1123 Bridge street. Telephone.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A gold ring, inside marked "E. L. from H. O." on Chelmsford st. bridge, over depot Sunday evening. Finder return to 33 Cheever st. and be rewarded.

LOST—Gold locket inscribed "G. A. M." containing picture and gold chain in vicinity of Opera House. Finder rewarded by returning to Miss G. A. Marley, Street R. R. office, Merrimack square.

LOST—Saturday afternoon a dark brindle Boston terrier female pup, stub tail and white breast and feet, no name on collar. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Meehan the Hatter, 104 Central st.

LOST—Between Broadway and Butterfield st. sum of money. Reward at O'Brien's drug store, Broadway, cor. Willey.

LOST—A $2 bill Thursday. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the Sun Office.

FOUND—Gold watch chain last Saturday, the owner can have by calling at Sun Office and paying for this adv.

LOST—A gold watch charm inscribed with owner's name, between 409 Market street and Associate building. Reward will be paid by Harry Demaras, 409 Market st.

LOST—A child's navy blue coat in Ten Cent store Tuesday afternoon. Finder return to 3 Franklin Court.

LOST—A gold watch between Lee Bros.' store and Fourth Ave. The finder will be rewarded by leaving at Sun Office.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

CHANCE SELDOM OFFERED—Will sell at great sacrifice a nice modern house, steam heat, highly respectable neighborhood in the Highlands, 12 minutes' walk to post office. Electrics pass door. Call or address Edward Kelley, 161 Branch street.

FOR SALE—On Rogers street, Belvidere, two story, ten room house with bath and pantry and seven thousand feet of land all fenced in. Smith & Cavanaugh, Donovan building, Central st.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—A respectable permanent cash business that's a monopoly, easily managed and absolutely free from any element of a get rich quick scheme or fake is offered party with some energy and $800 to invest where with ordinary labor from $3000 to $5000 can be cleared yearly. Owner of this business solicits a close examination as it will be honestly represented in all details. Bank and business references given. For personal interview address "Owner," care Evening Sun Office.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE CHEAP—16 ft. naphtha launch, Shipman engine, in good running order, can be seen at Preston's bridge, No. Billerica Saturday afternoon. Call at 22 Olive st., City.

FOR SALE—A boarding house must be sold at once, ill health the reason for selling. Address H. B., Sun Office.

FOR SALE—Furnace, in good condition, will sell cheap. Call at 263 Westford st. F. W. Emerson.

FOR SALE—Dog, St. Bernard. Inquire at 26 Billerica st.

COWS FOR SALE—5 springers, 3 to calf in a short time and 2 later on. Call B. Schwartz, Tewksbury, address P. O. E. Billerica.

FOR SALE—The contents of one of the finest houses in the Highlands including household furniture, cooking utensils, lawn mower and other lawn tools, etc. Inquire at 331 Walker street.

FOR SALE—Variety store doing $75 a week, tenement 5 rooms, rent $13. Owner blind, $450. Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—Store on Middlesex st., rent only $14, less than appraisal. Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—Store with tenement on Merrimack st., must be sold this week, only $325. Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—Tin shop, $250; cigar store, $200; milk route, $250; lodging house, $200. Best lodging house in the city $1100. All are bargains. Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy, harness and robes, A1 outfit, cheap. Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—Coal and wood yard, old stand, A1 location, easy terms, price $300. Greene, 104 Central st.

AUCTION SALE—At 104 Shaw st., near Shaw Hosiery, Tuesday, Oct. 4, 1904 at 10 o'clock sharp, a general line of household furniture.

FOR SALE—Bay pacer, mark of eighteen, pneumatic tired runabout and democrat wagon. Inquire at 45 Bon Marche building.

FOR SALE—A good farm horse, perfectly safe and sound. Inquire evenings, 671 Rogers st.

FOR SALE—Boston terrier pups, in fine condition, well marked. 119 Middlesex st.

FOR SALE—New, modern seven-room house on Orchard street, near Pawtucket boulevard entrance. O. R. Park, 179 Varnum avenue.

TO LET

TO LET—Tenement of 4 good rooms at 305 Lincoln st., near Gorham.

TO LET—House and barn, $10 a month. Inquire 673 Rogers st.

TO LET—Room in private family, privileges of home to right parties, three minutes' walk from post office. Address E. J. D., Sun Office.

TO LET—Modern tenement of 7 rooms. Hot and cold water. Apply at 25 Varney st.

LEASE—Highland residence, between club house and depot. Fine view; every modern convenience; $25 per month. A. E. Lombard, 68 Canton street.

TO LET—Boarding house of 12 rooms, 157 Market st. also store if required, finely located in the busy center. Apply on premises.

TO LET—Modern 7-room tenement, nearly new, in fine repair, hot water, bath, and pantry. Apply 8 Crane Ave., off School street, near Pawtucket st.

TO LET—A 3-room flat in excellent repair for two in family. Inquire 32 Franklin st.

TO LET—Sunny tenement five rooms, shed, quiet location, near post office. Inquire 336 High st.

TO LET—Tenement suitable for boarding house at corner Church and Lawrence streets. Inquire at A. Robinson's Provision store, 184 Church street.

TO LET—Tenement of four rooms. Inquire 34 Gorham st.

TO LET—A house 7 rooms with bath, pantry, hot and cold water, all modern improvements. 4 Sutherland st.

TO LET—First class tenements on High street, Rogers street, Hanks street, all modern improvements, with and without steam heat. Apply Joseph Donahue, 3rd floor, Donovan Building.

DO YOU WANT a nice warm tenement for the winter in the very best of repair and lowest prices in the city. Three rooms near to Westford st. $6.50 and $7 per month. Three rooms Middlesex st. $7 and $7.50. One of five rooms $9. Three rooms in Belvidere with gas $5.50. Five rooms in Centralville, $6.50 per month. Four large rooms near Northern Depot $9. Store to let, great trade. Apply to T. H. Elliott, 64 Central st.

A FINE CHANCE—Seven newly furnished and six unfurnished rooms, modern conveniences. Best location in city, respectable and convenient. Rooms pay twice the rent and leave 6-room tenement free. You can't invest a few hundred dollars better. If interested address P. O. Box 1073 Lowell.

TO LET—Large furnished front room, heated, bay window, hot and cold water, bath and telephone, 40 Second st.

TO LET—3 nice rooms with board at the Lane House, 135 Liberty st.

TO LET—Stable of 2 stalls and 1 box stall; place for 4 wagons, $7 per month. Inquire 173 East Merrimack st. or 65 Merrimack st. J. W. Heery.

TO LET—Cor. Windsor and Westford sts. one six-room flat, steam heat, continuous hot water, bath, gas range, electric light and all modern improvements. J. H. Walker, 43 Fletcher st. Telephone.

TO LET—A few tenements in Belvidere, Centralville and the Highlands. Call and see us. Thomas H. Elliott, 64 Central st.

TO LET—Furnished room, steam heat and bath; on School st. near Pawtucket. Gentleman preferred. Address C. S., Sun Office.

WANTED

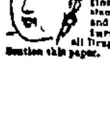
WANTED—To hire, lease, or buy a small farm near Lowell. Address "Farm," Sun Office.

WANTED—A horse for its keeping, for a short or long time. Good care and good feed. For particulars, address Q. G., Sun office.

WANTED—Children to board in East Chelmsford, second house on right past city line. Take Boston car.

CASH PAID for second-hand furniture, also sold and exchanged. Bornstein & Quinn, 118-120 Gorham street.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

FLOOR COLLAPSED

Serious Accident in Church at Adams

ADAMS, Oct. 3.—While Right Rev. Thomas D. Beaven, Roman Catholic bishop of Springfield, was laying the corner stone of St. Stanislaus Polish church here yesterday afternoon, a floor collapsed, precipitating 150 persons into the basement. Thirty-seven persons were so injured as to require medical treatment. Of this number, the injuries of 16 are serious, and in one case may prove fatal. The others sustained minor cuts and bruises. The most severely injured are:

Grodek Mischeloski, aged 16, suffering from asphyxiation and injury to leg.

Miss Belle Turner, both legs fractured.

Rev. L. O. Triganne, injuries to head and face.

Rev. L. T. Rodier, contusions.

Rev. M. F. Kopythkiewicz, legs injured, contusions on forehead.

Mrs. Michael McAndres, leg fractured.

Right Rev. Thomas Beaven, bruised slightly about hands and body.

Alexander Lestock, forehead injured.

Stanislaus Lestock, aged 3, ear lacerated.

Ulric Roullier, left leg broken.

Mrs. John Loftus, ankle fractured and back injured.

Annie Avery, ankle broken.

Miss Rose Isabelle, ankle sprained and body bruised.

Miss Veronica Samosca, serious injuries to chest.

Frank Curok, leg broken and bad injuries to back.

About 7000 persons attended the ceremony and about 1000 were seated or standing on the floor which covered the basement. Just as the bishop was about to lay the stone, a section of the flooring, about 40 feet square in area, collapsed, and with it fell the bishop, the clergy and about 140 of the spectators who were seated between the centre of the building and the corner stone. The persons who were undermost, dropped a distance of many feet, many others falling on them. Confusion prevailed for several minutes, but those who remained on solid flooring were cool and at once went to the work of rescuing the people in the basement.

Bishop Beaven was caught in the crush but was able to save himself from serious injury. He was bruised about the body and had his hands scratched. Father Triganne had his nose crushed, sustained cuts on the check and forehead and was injured in an eye. Fathers McLaughlin and Dolan were beside the bishop, but escaped injury. The pastor of the church was quite severely bruised and cut.

What was regarded at the time as the most serious case was that of Grodek Mischeloski, a 16-year-old Polish boy, and a member of the young men's society of St. Stanislaus parish. He was one of the first to fall with the floor and on top of him fell many others. He was unconscious when rescued, he having been partially suffocated. His legs were injured and it was thought he was hurt internally. One of the clergy administered the last rites to him, but later he was able to be removed to his home.

The accident was caused by the breaking of a heavy wooden girder which had been spliced. A quantity of stone, to be used in the building work, rested on the floor and it is thought this additional weight contributed to the accident.

The ceremony of laying the corner stone was necessarily postponed.

THE WHOLE NATION WEEPS WITH MASSACHUSETTS AT THE BIER OF HER ILLUSTRIOUS SON.

"PRINCE FALLEN"

Beautiful Tribute to Late Senator Hoar

BY REV. C. T. BILLINGS YESTERDAY

Deceased a Type for Young to Follow

"And the king said unto his servants Know ye not that there is a prince and a great man fallen this day in Israel?" Such was the text of a beautiful eulogy of the late Senator George F. Hoar delivered at the First Unitarian church yesterday by Rev. Chas. T. Billings. The heart of Massachusetts turns reverently to a neighboring city, where lies all that is mortal of its beloved friend and statesman, Senator Hoar. For weeks our hearts have watched and hoped for the favorable news that never came, and though the long weeks prepared us for it, every one felt a thrill of sadness when we learned that he had passed peacefully away. We mourn today the passing of a strong, brave, manly life.

Senator Hoar was indeed fortunate in his life and circumstances. He was fortunate in his ancestry, fortunate in his early surroundings, fortunate in his education. In his boyhood, he drank his inspiration from the springs of life at Concord, and there was much to inspire him there. He could feel pride that his ancestors fought at Concord bridge, and the blood of the Revolution flowed in his veins. He felt, too, the inspired lives of the men of his own day, for Concord has been happy in the list of honored names that have enriched its association and its history. No American boy could grow up in a town where Thoreau and Hawthorne and Alcott and Emerson lived, without feeling the nobler aspirations stirred in his own breast.

Senator Hoar entered Harvard in 1846. He chose law as his principal study and devoted the best of his energies to the study of it. He entered political life most reluctantly and never sought office until it was actually forced on him. His first appearance in public life was in 1852 when he made his debut in the Massachusetts House of Representatives. In 1857 he was elected state senator.

"His first great work in the councils of the nation was begun in 1869 when he first saw the halls of congress. Since then he has served his country—in service long and faithful and crowned with the best reward that could be achieved—the respect of his constituents and the country at large. If he failed to dominate the spirit of congress like Sumner and his peers he dominated its best spirit by his presence and his calm and manly utterances.

"He has often been said to be a unique figure in American politics. Was his uniqueness due to the fact that the early and nobler ideals of statesmanship were slowly fading away, and he felt himself more and more alone in upholding the best spirit of our fathers? This undoubtedly was partly so. There were other men who could lay claims to statesmanship, but no one in the senate emphasized the loftiest aspect of political life so nobly and sturdily as did he. He never adopted any of the wiles of the politician. He did not seek to fortify himself by the use of patronage. He only gave his honest service, he gave his full self, and he trusted the people, trusted that they would see and feel the noble work he was trying to do and the influence he aimed to be; and the people did trust him. They loved and revered him to the last.

"If he was unique in political life, it was because his sincerity was so pure, his culture so broad, his unselfish devotion so great. He loved public life, but he loved honor more. He never sought by any dishonorable or petty means to keep the office he had won. He never sought it at all. The people once, having given him the office, would entrust it to no other. He would have had it to the end, barring accidents of mind or body, however long he had lived. No man in the senate had served the country so long and so continuously as he, and very few had served so many years.

"The love of country was his passion. He also loved his commonwealth with unfeigned enthusiasm always proud and eager to act as its defender. Many accused him of writing one way and speaking another but you must understand his theory of politics to know him. He hated to see his party go wrong on any question. In the Hawaiian episode he was especially loyal even though others sought to misconstrue his motives. In debate he was strong, impetuous at times, witty at others, strong in the denunciation of corruption in every form.

"In the most interesting periods of his statesmanship he found time to study the classics and was especially erudite in ancient lore. His library at Worcester showed his learnings in this direction. In religion Senator Hoar was a devout Unitarian and his profession of faith when he stood in the convention at Washington was grand, strong, and thoroughly characteristic of the man. His faith was uppermost in all things.

"Senator Hoar is indeed representative of the best things of life—a type for the young to follow. Massachusetts and the nation have lost a noble son—a statesman in the best sense of the word. 'Know ye not that there is today a great man fallen in Israel,' and the emptiness of our sad hearts returns the answer."

WASHED ASHORE

Body of General Chadwick Recovered

TRURO, Oct. 3.—The nude body of a man was found yesterday morning on the shores of the bay at South Truro, about half a mile north of the Wellfleet line. It is believed to be that of Gen. W. P. Chadwick of Exeter, N. H., who on the evening of Sept. 24 was drowned at the entrance to Barnstable harbor while bathing with his friend, Dr. Henry H. Burstow, near the latter's summer home.

The strong southwest winds which have prevailed all the week have carried the body across the bay.

George W. Roberts, a citizen of Truro, while walking along the beach, came upon the body lying in the water at the edge of the half ebbed tide. After dragging it beyond the reach of the waves he notified Selectmen H. B. Holsbery and R. A. Rich of Truro, who called Medical Examiner Dr. E. C. Perry of Wellfleet, who had the remains removed to the undertaking rooms of O. H. Linnell, Wellfleet.

Aside from a few bruises and discolorations the body appears to be in a good state of preservation and may be easily identified.

It is somewhat remarkable that the body should have been carried such a long distance in so short a time. The relatives of Gen. Chadwick will arrive in Wellfleet early today. It is said a reward of $100 has been offered for the recovery of Gen. Chadwick's body.

Later the body, which was in a good state of preservation, was identified by Charles F. Ward of Chatham. It was taken to Exeter, N. H., this morning.

A memorial service for General Chadwick was held in Exeter Saturday. A great many Lowell people, including the families of the two brothers of the deceased, Col. A. M. and Austin K. Chadwick, attended. The trustees and a number of graduates of Exeter academy were also present at the service.

COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Cotton futures opened easy. October, 9.80; November, 9.83; December, 10.00; January, 10.05; February, 10.10; March, 10.15; April, 10.16 bid; May, 10.23; June, 10.23 bid; July, 10.25 bid.

TRINITY CHURCH

Archbishop of Canterbury Preached There

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Trinity Church rich in historical associations, and one of the landmarks of New York, added an event of interest to its chronicles yesterday when his grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, the highest dignitary in the church of Great Britain, preached within its walls. The edifice, in consequence, was jammed, a great crowd having gathered before it in the chilly air long before even the gates were open. Thousands were turned away. It is estimated that 3,500 persons heard the English ecclesiastic's sermon, though the normal capacity of the church is but 1,500 persons.

After the rendering of the Gloria In Excelsis, Col. William Jay, on behalf of the church corporation, who stood at the chancel, greeted the archbishop in an extended address, reviewing the history of the parish, from its beginning under royal charter through the troublous revolutionary war and the days of growth following them, to the present day.

Much stress was laid by Col. Jay upon the influence Trinity has in today's affairs of the Protestant Episcopal church denomination. His grace responded in brief words.

At the afternoon services at St. Thomas church the archbishop preached his second sermon yesterday. Booker T. Washington was among the interested listeners. Rev. Dr. Boyd-Carpenter, bishop of Ripon participated in the service.

The archbishop reviewed the history of the Christian church in the east and in closing made known that about 500 pounds was needed immediately to carry on some pressing work on hand. He referred to the great responsibility of the archbishop in the matter and remarked how faithful the church in America had been in standing by him in all such appeals, particularly New York city.

In a few words the rector, Dr. Stires, explained that this was the only appeal that the archbishop made in this country to the people of the United States on church matters and urged his congregation to respond liberally.

WANTED TO DIE

Chas. S. Sargent Drank Carbolic Solution

After attempting suicide by drinking carbolic acid, Charles S. Sargent was arrested in Lawrence, Saturday afternoon, by the police of that city. It is alleged that he forged the name of Fred Burton. Mr. Burton lives in Pelham and the complaint alleges that Sargent endorsed a check for $20. Sargent is 21 years old.

Sargent worked for Burton some four weeks ago and came to this city with four loads of wood, which he sold to a baker in Little Canada. The wood called for $5 a load.

About a week later Sargent collected the price of the wood. The baker gave him a check. Shortly after this, Sargent returned, saying the banks were closed. He was directed to a place in Tucker street to get the check cashed. Meanwhile the name of Fred Burton was written across the check. There seemed no doubt about the handwriting and the money was forthcoming.

After receiving the money Sargent went to New York.

Wednesday Sargent went to Lawrence from New York. He walked the city for a couple of days, and on Saturday afternoon went into a drug store and called for carbolic acid. The drug clerk, suspecting an attempt at suicide, weakened the acid to a very light solution and then gave it to the young man.

Sargent went to the common and drank the contents of the vial. Although the solution was heavily diluted, it produced drowsiness.

Passers by noticed the stupor of the man and called an officer. The policeman aroused Sargent and walked him to the police station. There he said his name was Charles S. Sargent, and that his home was in Lowell.

The Lawrence police wanted to know if Sargent was wanted in this city and going through a bunch of warrants the captain found one charging forgery against Sargent. The Lawrence marshal was asked to hold Sargent, and Inspector Walsh was sent to Lawrence on the first car and returned with Sargent who admitted the forgery.

DAVIS' LETTER

Criticizes Cabinet Officers for Campaigning

ELKINS, W. Va., Oct. 3.—Hon. Henry G. Davis, democratic candidate for vice-president, yesterday sent to Hon. John Sharp Williams and other members of the committee on notification his letter of acceptance.

He introduces it by saying that he submits observations upon some of the questions now before the country, and then says: "Thoughtful and patriotic people are becoming more and more distrustful of the heady and personal element of the present administration, and are more than willing to see it replaced by one that better recognizes constitutional and other lawful restraints.

After making comparisons of government expenditures per capita under Buchanan, Cleveland and Roosevelt, showing relatively $2.01, $5.25 and $7.11, he points to the increased expense of maintaining the army from $16,000,000 under Buchanan and $58,000,000 under Hayes to $115,000,000 under Roosevelt.

Taking up imperialism, he says: "Imperialism is hurtful and abhorrent in a free government and subversive of free institutions."

He then refers to the existing tariff rates as being excessive and permitting extortion by combines, and blames the trusts for producing conditions which bring about strikes and disorders. He adds that the declaration of the St. Louis platform in favor of arbitration appeals to his sense of fairness.

In conclusion he says: "Judge Parker can be depended upon at all times to observe that self-control in speech and action which is so necessary to safe reasoning and sound judgment."

LOST POCKETBOOK

BUT MISS ROPER SOON RECOVERED IT.

Miss Jennie Roper, who started for New York Saturday, lost her pocketbook containing $148 in money and her ticket to New York, at the Middlesex street station, and for a time it looked as though she would have to abandon the trip. The missing purse, however, was found by Undertaker Joseph Albert, who spied it lying under a truck at the station. Miss Roper was profuse in her thanks to Mr. Albert.

DARING BREAK

ROBBERS GOT AWAY WITH $15,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—The residence of Alexander Reid, 13 and 15 Linwood square, was entered some time Saturday night, and silverware and other property, valued at $1500 stolen.

The thieves were apparently professionals and the police say that three men at least must have been concerned in the robbery.

They left behind them a jimmy, which was tied with a piece of pink ribbon.

POSTMASTER GRAY FOUND DEAD

WHITINSVILLE, Mass., Oct. 3.—Davis P. Gray, 77 years old, postmaster of Whitinsville for ten years, was found dead on a sofa in his home last night, by his son-in-law, Henry W. Dolliver. The family had been away during the day and returning found him. Death was due to weakness attendant upon age.

Mr. Gray had held nearly every office in the town of Northbridge and had served two terms in the legislature. He had worked for the Whitin machine works 40 years before his appointment as postmaster.

A FATAL BOUT

John Peters Killed in the Ring

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—John Peters, one of the principals in a boxing match in West Bergen, N. J., died in the ring following a knock-out blow in the fourth round early yesterday. The police have made several arrests, and County Physician Converse, of Hudson county, N. J., is conducting an investigation.

The fight took place, according to the police reports, in the rear of a saloon, conducted by Alexander Kohler, who is among those in police custody. In his story to the police, Kohler alleges that a party of men visited him late Saturday night and engaged his hall, after assuring him that nothing in violation of the law would take place.

A ring was laid out, and two men, one of them Peters, entered it. Peters, in the course of the fight, was knocked down several times, it is alleged, and in the fourth round went down twice in quick succession, the last fall being the result of a chest blow. When he did not rise after a reasonable time physicians were called in. Peters was pronounced dead.

Patrick Dormay was later arrested as one of the principals in the fight. He was arraigned before Recorder Pulis yesterday and held for the grand jury without bail. John Foccacci and James Mitchell were held as witnesses. Peters was 22 years old and had considerable reputation in and about Hoboken as a boxer. Dormaly is 25 years old and lives in Hoboken.

BRUTAL ASSAULT

WOMAN ATTACKED BY AN UNKNOWN MAN.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—A woman who gave her name to the Reading police as Mrs. McKay of Somerville was brutally assaulted and robbed in Reading, near the Wilmington line, by an unknown man yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. McKay was walking from Reading to Wilmington, and when near the Wilmington line and in a lonely part of the road was approached by a stranger, who endeavored to engage her in conversation.

She resented his familiarity and continued on the road. The man followed and when in a secluded section the stranger struck her over the head, knocking her down, rendering her unconscious and relieved her of her pocketbook.

She lay in the middle of the road until the Lowell car came along, when she was noticed by Motorman Gaw, who picked her up and carried her to Reading.

She was attended by a physician, and later proceeded to her home in Somerville. The Reading police were notified.

The woman could give but meagre description of her assailant. He is described as being about 25 years old, 5 feet 9 inches in height and of medium complexion.

TO RESUME FULL TIME.

WARE, Mass., Oct. 3.—The cloth department of the Otis company's cotton mill here will resume full time beginning this week. Some 800 of the 1900 hands employed are benefitted by this change. The underwear department has been on full time all summer, but since May 1 the clothing department has been running 40 hours a week on the first four days of the week.

The Blue Clippers defeated the strong Sacred Heart team Saturday on the North common, by a score of 16 to 10.

REMOVAL

C. A. May has removed his Electrical Supplies to 131 Middle St.

Telephone Connection

SHOT WAS FATAL

Young Man Was Killed by a Negro

WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 3—Carl Getchel, a young white man, was shot and killed yesterday, at Bellaire, O., opposite this city, by Jack Terry, a well-known negro.

Immediately following the killing, a great crowd gathered and joined in the chase of the negro, who was captured within half an hour on the outskirts of the city. There were cries of "kill, kill" from hundreds of throats, but Officers Good and Marshal Mahon who soon came to the assistance of the arresting officers, drew their revolvers and held the crowd at bay until other officers arrived, when a cordon was formed and amid jeers and threats, the murderer was taken to the city jail, where he was confined. Last night the excitement in Bellaire was general and there were fears of lynching.

Getchel was popular and his friends are crying for vengeance.

MORAL SOUNDNESS

NEEDED IN EVERY DEPARTMENT OF LIFE.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3—With farewells said at a meeting in Holy Trinity church last evening, the members of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew concluded their nineteenth annual convention.

At 9 a. m. the annual charge to the convention was delivered by Right Rev. Charles H. Brent, bishop of the Philippines, at Holy Trinity church. Among other things he said:

"The object of this assembly is to get nearer the truth; facts may be ugly, but we want to face them. Always in such an assembly we are in danger of emotional dishonesty. That really which God requires of us we must gain within ourselves. You must see a vision before you can give a vision; you must have life before you can impart life.

"What the world needs today is moral soundness in society, in business and in every department of life. It is pathetic to see a moral man who is not religious. But what shall I say of a religious man who is not moral.

"Though I have spoken of the kingdom of God to my fellows in and out of season, I never met with a rebuff. Let us only be real, no matter how simple it is, it is bound to tell."

A public mass meeting was held in the afternoon in the Baptist temple, at which the subject of discussion was "Am I my brother's keeper?"

Right Rev. Alexander Mackay Smith, bishop coadjutor of Pennsylvania, presided. Those who spoke were Bishop Gailor, of Tennessee, and Bishop Kinsolving, of Brazil.

[illegible] Coleman of Delaware presided at a mass meeting held for boys. Among those who addressed this meeting was Right Rev. Reginald H. [illegible] D. D., coadjutor bishop of [illegible].

[illegible] early evening meeting on "[illegible]," George A. King of [illegible] first vice-president of the [illegible] in England, spoke of [illegible] Edmund C. Billings, of [illegible] second vice-president of the [illegible] in the United States, made [illegible] address on services.

[illegible] farewell meeting, held in Holy [illegible] church at 9.15 p. m., was presided over by Judge G. Harry Davis, [illegible] city, first vice-president of the [illegible], who made a short address [illegible] which many of the visitors [illegible] responses.

[illegible] addresses were also made on [illegible] of the convention." The [illegible] of members that died during the [illegible] year were read, which was followed by the "Gloria In Excelsis," the [illegible] thanksgiving" and "the bene[illegible]."

COLORED FOLKS.

[illegible] Nelson and Benjamin of [illegible] York city will address the colored people in Odd Fellows temple tonight.

TERRIFIC FLOODS

Did Great Damaeg in New Mexico

LAS VEGAS, N. M., Oct. 3.—Half of Watrous has been destroyed by a flood and at least 12 persons have been drowned, including three children of J. H. Stevens, Felix Villarreal, his wife, two sisters and a couple of their children and C. F. Porter. J. H. Stevens and his wife escaped. They are in a critical condition.

Many persons were rescued from trees and house tops. The greatest damage was around the junction of Mora and Sapeloro creeks. A rock crusher, an iron bridge and much track at Watrous were washed away. The Gallinas river formed a new channel at Las Vegas. In the Gallinas canon the dams of the Agua Pura company, broke, bringing a terrific flood on the city. The Montezuma hot springs track went out in many places. Half a dozen bridges were destroyed and the Montezuma bath houses were partly carried away. For two blocks in Bridge street every business house was flooded. Gallinas park is under water and the trolley line cannot be repaired for two weeks. One hundred thousand dollars will not cover the loss to the town and the railroad loss is equally great.

WIFE BEATERS

THEY SHOULD BE SCOURGED SAYS ATTLEBORO JUDGE.

ATTLEBORO, Oct. 3.—In his decision in the case of Edmund C. Chase, charged with assault on three different occasions on his wife, Minnie Chase, Judge Byram administered a rebuke to men who will strike their wives, which is the talk of the community. He said in part:

"The instinct of the brute protects a female from the male attack, and when a man, created in the image of his maker, puts himself lower than the brute creation, the fact that he loses his temper is a very poor excuse. There is a punishment provided in some states (the whipping post) which the statutes of this state do not allow the courts to impose but which seems fitting. The highest penalty provided is a fine of $100 for each offence or imprisonment for one year."

Chase was sentenced to three months in the house of correction and appealed.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Joseph Hiland and Miss Josephine Brennan were united in marriage Saturday evening at 5.30 o'clock at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. John Platt, 67 Crosby street. Miss Katherine Riley was bridesmaid and Mr. John Platt acted as best man.

CORRUPTION IN CONSULAR SERVICE.

The removal of Consul General McWade of Canton, on the charge of extortion and fraudulent issuing of certificates of immigration to Chinese is a fresh reminder that similar charges have long been pending against other members of the consular service in China. Political [illegible] and fear of serious damage to [illegible] administration has thus far prevented action in all of these cases. The [illegible] service in China reeks with corruption and when once the "lid" is lifted, bringing the whole mass of fraud and [illegible] to view, the American people will [illegible] their heads in shame. American residents and travellers in China [illegible] repeatedly informed the administration of the rottenness existing in our [illegible] service there, but with the exception of this belated removal of McWade, who seems to have been made the [illegible], nothing has been done. Here [illegible] another chance to "turn the rascals [illegible]" but it is safe to assume that Roosevelt will not do it until after election [illegible] forced to take action sooner by the pressure of public opinion.

TRY SEVEN BARKS

COSTS YOU NOTHING IF IT DOES NOT PROVE TO BE THE BEST REMEDY YOU HAVE EVER TRIED FOR AILMENTS OF THE

STOMACH, BOWELS, LIVER AND KIDNEYS

YOUR HOME DRUGGIST MAKES THE GUARANTEE

This remedy is purely vegetable and easy to assimilate. The doses are small and pleasant to take. It is prepared from the original formula of Dr. Franz Gauswein, of Weisbaden, Germany, who was, until his death, one of the world's most successful and noted physicians. Thousands of families for three generations have been recommending this wonderful preparation in the highest terms.

If your digestion is impaired, if your liver is sluggish or blood is impure, "Seven Barks" will surely effect a speedy cure, as it cleanses, flushes and tones up the whole digestive and drainage system in a thorough manner, leaving Nature to do the rest, which it will.

We cordially invite our friends and customers to call and get a bottle of this highly meritorious remedy. You may deposit 50 cents for a bottle of "Seven Barks" as evidence of good faith. Try it as directed, and if found unsatisfactory, we will cheerfully refund your money. Or, if you cannot spare the small amount we ask on deposit, come anyway and we will take all the risk. What we want is to introduce this remedy among our friends and customers where it is not known.

A. W. DOWS & CO., Merrimack and Central Sts.
FALLS & BURKINSHAW, 418 Middlesex St.

MARY DUNLAP-LEIGHTON

MODISH HEADWEAR

DISPLAYED OCTOBER 3 AND 4

—AT—

The Hat Shop

134 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, was

14,590

A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904. JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

The weather is ideal for the season.

The statisticians of the republican stripe still insist that trade is brighter and better than a year ago. Nobody here can be convinced of the fact if it is a fact.

RUSSIA'S PROPOSITION FOR LARGE ARMY.

Russia has determined to send to the front an army of 700,000 men to drive back the Japanese. It will be easier to get up such an army in Russia than to land it in Manchuria. With the utmost capacity of the railroad, 1000 men a day, it would require two years to land this force on the borders of Manchuria. To send any great number of them so far by sea would be more hazardous still. It would probably be the shortest cut to a successful termination of the war for Russia to double track the trans-Siberian railway.

PARDONED PRISONERS WILL RETURN.

The student of criminality and reformatory methods will find food for reflection in the promptitude with which most of the prisoners released from the city farm will find their way back to some similar institution. The first few days after their release brought several of them into police court, and it is the opinion of the police that in time the entire number will be back in prison inside of six months. Clemency is injurious to such people.

DEFENSE OF PORT ARTHUR.

Port Arthur is the greatest fortress on earth or it could not resist half the hammering from the land and the sea nor repel half the storming attacks made by the Japanese with the wildest abandon and defiance of danger. The number of Japanese sacrificed outside those high hills at Port Arthur must be close to 100,000. The Japanese have shown the first symptoms of desisting and going into quarters at the approach of cold weather, yet they will endeavor to take the defenders of the fortress unawares; but they are not likely to find General Stoessell asleep like some of the other officials who fell victims to Japanese treachery.

THE FALL RIVER SITUATION.

It is about time that conflict in Fall River were settled. If both sides took the advice of Mr. Walmsley in his recent address before the New England Cotton Manufacturers' association, the strike would have been settled long ago, and to their mutual advantage. It is the height of foolishness for the manufacturers to remain idle while their trade is slipping away from them and it is equally ill advised for the operatives to continue the fight into the winter with certain suffering to follow during the cold months when the strike will have ended and when the contributions for relief have ceased to come in. Here in Lowell the worst effects of the big mill strike were not felt until long after the strikers had gone back to work. So it is likely to be in Fall River.

TO FILL THE PLACE OF THE LATE SENATOR.

Before the remains of the venerable Senator Hoar were laid away in the grave, the fight had begun for his place. It devolves upon Governor Bates to appoint an incumbent temporarily. Already the choice for appointment seems to have settled down to one of four men, Attorney General Moody, Hon. John D. Long, Ex-Governor Crane and General Draper. The two first mentioned are probably better equipped oratorically and otherwise to fill the high office of senator with credit to the state. But it must be admitted that not one of the four could bring to the office half the array of talents possessed by the late Senator Hoar.

DINED BY PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

We notice that John Redmond, James Jeffrey Roche and St. John Gaffney have lunched with President Roosevelt. Messrs. Roche and Gaffney are endeavoring to swing the Irish vote of this country over which they have no influence, over to Roosevelt, but John Redmond has no part in the business. We are at a loss to know how he came to be invited at the same time with the other two gentlemen who are not particularly identified with the movement which he represents. Mr. Redmond has taken good care not to fraternize overmuch with the representatives of any political party in this country. Nothing could be more repulsive to his nature than to lend the color of his sympathy to the movement projected by Messrs. Roche and Gaffney to turn over the Irish vote of this country to the republican or any other party.

ENGLAND'S TREATY WITH THIBET.

It appears now that England's treaty with Thibet binds that country in the most abject manner to the wheels of England's triumphal car. Thibet shall hereafter have no power to grant any privilege whatsoever to any other foreign power except England; no such power is to construct railroads, to erect telegraph poles, to purchase, lease or mortgage any territory in Thibet without the consent of England. For granting all these privileges Thibet will have to pay the expense of the British expedition, something like $500,000. Until that sum be paid the British soldiers will remain at a convenient place on the frontier, ready to move upon the forbidden city in case the treaty with Thibet be violated. It was stated at the time that England's mission to Thibet was not entirely to open the doors of trade. As appears from this treaty it is to bar every other country out of Thibet except England. Thibet will observe that treaty until she can form an alliance with some other power to relieve her of its obligations. It is a treaty designed to prevent Russian encroachment upon India, but it is calculated to incite war with Russia when she gets sufficiently cleared of her present difficulties to give this matter her attention.

This move by England, while Russia's hands are tied, gives color to the claim that the far eastern war was primarily incited by England. The English-Japanese treaty concluded a few years before the war broke out is another fact that may be urged in support of that claim. All this shows how quietly and shrewdly England advances her interests where she considers them weak or open to attack.

With Japan beating back Russia in the far east, and Younghusband tying up Thibet in the meshes of an ironclad agreement, Russia will find it far more difficult in the future to make any move toward British India.

England feared the rise of Russia as a maritime power in case she got an extended coastline in the far east. She would then be in a position to attack India, but Russia had no designs of this kind, yet England foresaw the possibility of such a move and took the opportunity to head it off, at a time when Russia was unable to offer any effective objection.

The result will be that when this war is over Russia and England will be the deadliest enemies. Indeed, it is probable that Russia will ultimately blame England for all her present difficulties and all the results, immediate and remote, of the present war.

SEEN AND HEARD

The football season is on—more work for the doctors.

The fall weather has struck us in earnest without much of a warning.

The apple orchards prove to be a great temptation for the boys at this time of the year.

Many of the telephone and electric wires throughout the city are very inartistically decorated with horse chestnuts on strings.

The Dracut fire-fiend has either fled himself to other parts or else he is lying low until the comment over the recent fires blows over.

The record for fire alarms this year will, without doubt, be much in excess of last year and a record breaker. False alarms and suspicious fires have swelled the number considerably.

The nutting season has opened and yesterday a large number of boys and men went to the favorite nutting grounds in this vicinity and brought back quite a number of nuts.

An applicant for registration acknowledged to Judge Hadley a few days ago that he had never read a single line of the constitution of the United States.

The writer of this column would like to hear from local hunters; those who go in search of partridge, gray squirrels, grouse and duck as well as those who go to Maine and the Provinces after big game.

A gust of wind deprived a car conductor of his cap on the Centralville bridge Friday. His request to the Seen and Heard man was: "Please don't put my name in the paper." His cap went out to sea on the Merrimack's bosom.

It would seem that for the majority of prisoners the path leads from the jail and the workhouse back to the police court. Quite a number of the prisoners so unceremoniously pardoned by the board of overseers of the poor Thursday evening have already found their way back to prison cells.

A little boy in one of our primary schools approached his teacher, crying, the other day and sobbed: "Please, teacher, Trixie Murray just hit me."

"Tell her to come to me. What did she do it for?" asked the teacher.

"Aw, it ain't a her, it's a him," exclaimed the youngster highly indignant at the thought of any girl slapping his face.

Tommy McCarthy, the former Boston outfielder, was in town Saturday, renewing old acquaintances. Tom now runs a bowling alley and saloon in Washington street, and has "Tobby" Moore, the old New England league umpire, behind the bar.

"I voted for ——, and he's all right. He gimme $2," said a man who is a noted "deckhand" about town.

"So you sold yer vote for two bones," exclaimed his brother "deck" in disgust.

"Naw, I didn't. I wouldn't sell my vote for nuttin'. He gimme de money for campaign work."

Every woman and girl who has any regard for style was on the street Saturday night attending the millinery openings. Going home on the car, Saturday night, I heard one young lady remark, "I visited ten different stores and tried as many as a hundred hats on during the night. When people see you trying on hats they imagine that you are going to buy, but I do not think that I will put any money into a hat this fall."

When Mr. Thissell's hens in Dracut was buried a few days ago it was reported that fifteen hens had been stolen. Officer Gordon, however, set to work and searched the ruins for some trace of the missing hens. He succeeded in resurrecting the skeletons of 10 hens, a fact which has done away with the belief that a fiend thief burned the barn to hide his crime.

Supt. Less of the local division of the Boston & Northern street railway says that it is doubtful if any more open cars will be run this year. He says that as the mornings and evenings are cold it would not pay to put the open cars on during the middle of the day. The conductors prefer the closed to the open cars.

Oh, show me the road to Laughtertown,
For I have lost the way!
I wandered out of the path one day,
When my heart was broke and my hair turned gray,
And I can't remember how to play,
I've quite forgotten how to be gay;
It's all through sighing and weeping, they say.
Oh, show me the road to Laughtertown,
For I have lost the way.
I used to belong to Laughtertown
Before I lost the way;
For I danced and laughed the livelong day,
Ere my heart was broke and my hair turned gray;
So it ought to be easy to find the way,
But crying has made me blind, they say,
And sped toward Teartown my sad feet stray.
Oh, show me the road to Laughtertown,
For I have lost the way!
Would ye learn the road to Laughtertown,
O ye who have lost the way?
Would ye have young hearts though your hair be gray?
Go learn from a little child each day,
Go serve his wants and play his play,
And catch the lilt of his laughter gay,
And follow his dancing feet as they stray;
For he knows the road to Laughtertown.
Oh ye who have lost the way.

The principal of a school in Manchester, N. H., has gone into the snake business. The snakes are kept in a cage in the school and a reporter of the Manchester Union dropped in to the schoolhouse a few mornings ago just in time to see two checkered adders ushered into this vale of tears. The reporter wrote the following story of his visit:

It happened in a big cage devoted to snakes in the Hallsville school. W. H. Huse, principal of the school, has studied the reptiles for some time and a school boy from the Wilson school recently brought him six eggs of the checkered adder. The eggs are about as large as pigeon's eggs and the shell has about the texture of parchment. Three of the eggs had already hatched and the young snakes, about seven inches long were running around the cage in a very lively manner. One of the eggs was broken, but the other two were still on hand, unhatched this morning.

At the end of one of the eggs there was a hole the occupant had made during the night. He put his head out at this opening from time to time, but seemed unable to get any farther out. The cage was dry, and afraid that the eggs might dry up before the snakes could escape, Mr. Huse decided to help them along. Carefully taking up the opened egg, he began to peel off the shell. Inside, the little gray snake was tightly coiled, and at the first attempt to open the egg he stuck out his head and flashed out his tongue in a threatening manner. The peeling operation went on, however, and as soon as the shell was removed the snake, still coiled, was placed in a dish of water. This seemed to thaw him out and in a few minutes he was wriggling as joyously as his elder brothers. The second egg was flattened and was plainly drying up. When opened it was found to contain a snake, as neatly rolled up as the first one. When put in the water, he too, rapidly came to, and began to squirm around after the manner of his kind.

The eggs were found on Chase avenue and are those of a perfectly harmless snake. The reptiles are gray in color, and the back in checkered, with a darker color. When mature, the snake is several feet in length and is found commonly in this locality.

WIFE MISSING

HUSBAND IS UNABLE TO LOCATE HER.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—Mrs. James H. Fulton, wife of the manager for J. A. Culbert, dealer in harness and saddlery at 191 Massachusetts avenue, disappeared from her home, 461 Massachusetts avenue, last Wednesday, and has not been seen since. Her husband cannot imagine what has befallen her.

Mr. Fulton when he left home Wednesday morning kissed his wife goodby. She appeared as usual then. When he returned she was not at home and no one in the house had seen her after Mr. Fulton had left. How she could get out of the house unseen is considered strange.

When she went away Mrs. Fulton left her jewelry behind and took no extra clothing. Mr. Fulton thinks his wife didn't intend to stay away long when she left the house.

Mrs. Fulton is a college graduate and formerly lived in New York. She is good looking, of light complexion. She was a great reader and often spent hours together in the public library.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCT. 1, 1904.

Population, 104,402; total deaths, 33; deaths under five, 16; infectious diseases, 1; acute lung diseases, 2; diphtheria, 1.

Death rate: 16.43 against 18.43 and 19.42 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported: Scarlet fever, 1; diphtheria, 8.

BOARD OF HEALTH.
H. H. KNAPP, Agent.

LONG DOMINANCY AND CORRUPTION.

"In spite of some excesses of feeling and mistakes of judgment the democratic heart beats true to the essential principles of the republic as it was created by the sublime declaration and ordained by our incomparable constitution. In spite of their intelligence and energy the republican leaders are losing sight of their fidelity to both. Even the errors of the democrats lean to virtue's side, while the very virtues of the republicans are beginning to be sicklied o'er with the pale cast of corruption and absolution. This is not because the democrats are democrats or the republicans are republicans. The label has little to do with it. It is because the nature of long dominancy tends first to corruption, and then, threatened with exposure, to tyranny."—Henry Watterson to Democratic Editors.

WILL PAY $16,000,000.

MONTREAL, Q., Oct. 3—It is officially announced that the Grand Trunk will pay $16,000,000 for the Canadian Atlantic and will give a guarantee of the principal and interest of a total mortgage of $16,000,000 1 per cent. 50 year gold bonds, of which a portion will be reserved for capital expenditures. Sanction for transfer will have to be secured from the government by the Grand Trunk.

Y. M. C. A. GYM. OPENED.

The Young Men's Christian Association gymnasium in Hurd street opened for active work today. No great change has been made in the schedule of classes, but three or four entirely new features have been added, or will be later.

There will be working boys' classes on Tuesday and Thursday evenings, and a new class formed for railroad men of this city. There is to be a big athletic meet in the local gymnasium some time during the middle of the winter.

The association will be represented by a strong basketball team. The meetings of the business men's class will be held on Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons as usual. The senior class will meet on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 Central Street

There's Lots of Business

in our newly arranged Boys' Dept.

and it's increasing every day—as mothers find out the convenience of having at hand, in one department, everything boys wear. The completeness of the stock has been a pleasant surprise to mothers fitting out their boys for there's practically everything here that a boy requires from underwear and hose to caps and clothes for the boy of 3 years and for all boys to the lad of 16.

The handsome new suits for boys 8 years to 16, in the new cut double breast jacket or Norfolk blouse with Knickerbockers are good enough for any boy to wear anywhere. Of thoroughly tested fabrics, in attractive patterns, sewn with silk, carefully tailored, of the newest cut—we know of no better clothing obtainable for boys than these suits for **$5, $6 and $8.**

But there's an excellent stock of less expensive suits even as low as **$2;** these we promise you are better than any you've ever seen for so little money.

Boys' Underwear to fit boys 3 years to 8, from 12½c to 50c a garment.

Silk Bows for boys, plain colors, in all new shades, 10c each.

THREE STABBED

Serious Affair at North Andover

NORTH ANDOVER, Oct. 3.—Daniel Donahue, aged 28, employed on Lakeview farm, near the Boxford line, was seriously stabbed during a row near Suttons Corner about 3 a. m. yesterday, and Hugh Maguire, aged 44, of 49 Ashland avenue, and Thomas Porter, aged 24, of the same address, are under arrest, charged with being his assailants.

The police say that Donahue and Mrs. Sarah Brooks of 110 Broadway, Lawrence, came here Saturday night and were joined by Maguire, Porter and an unknown man. Maguire, it is said, had a bottle of liquor, of which the party partook. An altercation arose, and during the melee Donahue was cut in the neck, under the left eye and on the head. The woman sustained a gash in the face and she accuses Porter of cutting her.

The police were summoned, and in attempting to arrest Maguire, John Campbell was cut in the ear. The quartet was finally landed in the police station. Donahue and the woman being held as witnesses. Maguire will be charged with assault on Donahue and Campbell, while Porter will be arraigned for assault on Donahue and the woman.

BREAKS AWAY

CERCLE D'YOUVILLE SEVERS CONNECTION WITH SUPREME COUNCIL.

Cercle d'Youville, No. 304, Companions of the Forest, has severed all connections with the supreme council of that order and hereafter will be an independent society, known as the Cercle d'Youville Independent. A new constitution and by-laws will be drawn up and incorporated under the state laws. A committee consisting of Mrs. Anna de Lamothe, Miss Rose Dextra and Miss Alice Jean has been appointed to draw up the new constitution and by-laws. The circle will continue to meet on the second and fourth Tuesdays in the month at Grafton hall as heretofore. The same benefits will be drawn by the members in case of sickness and death.

At the meeting at which the final step was taken the officers of the old circle unanimously chosen as officers of the new organization, the names only of some of the offices being changed. The officers of the present organization are as follows:

President, Miss Cordelia Guertin, formerly chief ranger; vice president, Miss Emma Gill, formerly sub-chief ranger; past president, Miss Rose Dextra, formerly past chief ranger; financial secretary, Miss Alice Jean; treasurer, Miss Marie Louise Caron; recording secretary, Mrs. Agnes Lemieux; visitors, Mrs. Elima Hetu and Miss Lina Hetu, formerly interior and exterior guides, respectively; sentinels, Miss Leonie Laroche and Miss Delvina Guertin, formerly interior and exterior guards, respectively. The office of deputy, which was filled by Mrs. Anna de Lamothe, becomes extinct from the fact that all connection between the supreme council and the circle is severed, the duties of the deputy having those of a mediator between the two. The last duty performed by the deputy was to notify the supreme council of the separation of Cercle d'Youville from the Companions of the Forest, which was done Saturday.

The trouble with the supreme council arose over an order to drop the French ritual for one in English.

CITY CLOSED TIGHT

LEXINGTON ENFORCES SUNDAY CLOSING LAW.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 3.—Lexington yesterday experienced its first Sunday with closed business houses, and the restrictions were probably greater than they will be again. Late yesterday afternoon the city solicitor discovered that milk wagons and ice wagons are a "necessity," and exempt by law. About thirty persons were arrested for violating the Sunday closing law.

The only places open were hotels, livery stables and newspaper offices, these having secured injunctions to prevent interference.

Asthma and Hay Fever Cured.

The truly marvelous cures of Asthma, which are being effected by Dr. Schiffmann's Asthma Cure certainly call for notice.

Rev. G. L. Taylor, of Washburn, Ill., says: "Some 7 years ago my wife used several packages of your Asthma Cure which resulted in a permanent cure."

A Hay Fever sufferer writes: "I have been a sufferer from Hay Fever for over 20 years, and it seemed harder every year. The first night I used your Asthma Cure I was greatly relieved. It cured my cough after using a few times. I shall recommend it to all sufferers of Hay Fever." Mrs. Martha Simerson, Lainsburg, Mich.

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 395, St. Paul, Minn., for a free trial package.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

for children; safe, sure. No opiates

Don't have a heater put in your house until you have seen our line—the finest display of Boilers and Furnaces in Lowell.

CARROLL BROS.

Tel. 640. 36 Middle St.

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

Teaches business as business is conducted in every day business life, and teaches it so thoroughly that its pupils are more competent than those of the ordinary business college. The demand for its graduates far exceeds the supply.

Any young man or woman of ordinary general education who will follow its courses faithfully may be sure of a successful business career.

WE GUARANTEE IT.

Our rates are reasonable and it costs no more to attend this College than to study in less progressive institutions. Catalogue gives full information and is free upon application.

STUDENTS MAY ENTER ANY TIME.

Evening Classes commence Oct. 3d

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

30 Huntington Avenue, Boston, Mass.

"Not the oldest; not the largest; just the best."

HINDIPO

THE NEW NERVE TONIC AND KIDNEY CURE.

Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood. Puts Flesh on thin people. Strengthens the Nerves. Clears the Brain. Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the Vim, Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both weak Men and Women.

This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking.

Price, 50 cts., 12 boxes, $5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefitted. Try it and be convinced.

For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

Every Woman

should be interested and should know all about the wonderful Marvel Whirling Spray Douche

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT. If he says he can supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. It gives full particulars and directions in valuable to ladies.

MARVEL CO., 44 Park Row, New York.

COAL, LIME CEMENT, BRICKS

OF ALL KINDS

E. A. WILSON & CO.

4 Merrimack Sq.
700 Broadway

THESE ARE BARGAINS —IN— CAMERAS

	Was.	Now.
3½x3½ Eureka, Jr...	$2.50	$1.69
4x5 Box Camera....	6.50	3.93
4x5 Folding Bullard,	15.00	7.73
4x5 Century	18.00	9.72
4x5 Century	20.00	10.28
4x5 Pony Premo....	25.00	11.13

Other trades too numerous to mention. If you are thinking of buying now is your chance to secure one of these fine instruments.

Thompson Hardware Co.

254-6 Merrimack St.

MUST HAVE A BEGINNING

Do not postpone the opening of a savings account simply because of the smallness of your first deposit. All things, you know, must have their beginning. The big things of today were the little things of yesterday. Remember, we receive deposits as low as a dollar.

The Washington Savings Institution

267 CENTRAL STREET.

ADAMS

RUGS

Rich, handsome colorings in reproduced Oriental designs.

A Brussels weave in a large carpet size for $18.

The best wearing rug at a medium expense.

ADAMS & CO.

Furniture—Rugs—Carpets

Appleton Bank Block, *174 CENTRAL ST.*

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Will Cure Any Case of KIDNEY or BLADDER DISEASE Not Beyond the Reach of Medicine

ELLINGWOOD & CO., Cor. Central and Merrimack Streets. FALLS & BURKINSHAW, 418 Middlesex Street. A. F. STORY & CO., Davis Square.

SUPERIOR COURT

Civil Session Opened by Judge Waite

An Adjournment Taken Out of Respect to the Memory of the Late Senator Hoar

The October sitting of the superior civil court opened at the local court house in Gorham street this morning, but after half an hour's business had been transacted the session was adjourned until tomorrow morning out of respect to the memory of the late Senator George F. Hoar.

Judge William Cushing Waite will preside at this session of the court and at 10 o'clock he took his seat and court was opened by the crier.

Clerk Dillingham then read the names of the jurors and they were sworn in. Prayer was affered by Rev. N. W. Mathews, pastor of the First Primitive Methodist church, after which Judge Waite said that "owing to the great loss which the state has suffered in the death of Senator George F. Hoar, court will be adjourned until tomorrow morning at 9.30 o'clock".

The following is the list of jurors who will serve during the present session of the court:

Leland D. Batchelder, farmer, North Reading; John H. Boynton, baker, Groton; Jesse B. Butterfield, farmer, Tyngsboro; Daniel Callahan, Jr., farmer, Billerica; Hugh Cameron, milkman, Tewksbury; Augustine W. Carkin, quarryman, Westford; Donald K. Colgate, painter, Wilmington; Frank Dumon, pail turner, Ashley; Alden B. Davis, farmer, Carlisle; George B. Ellingwood, clerk, Lowell; George E. French, farmer, Carlisle; Francis N. Goff, retired, Pepperell; John J. Green, dealer, Lowell; Howard M. Horton, carpenter, Wilmington; William H. Keefe, barber, Dracut; William Kidder, carpenter, Reading; Wilber E. Lapham, farmer, Chelmsford; Arthur McCann, shoe dealer, Lowell; F. G. Morey, salesman, Billerica; Jas. W. Moulton, clerk, Lowell; Henry W. Plummer, patent medicine manufacturer, Reading; Myron G. Robinson, farmer, North Reading; James I. Shattuck, clerk, Groton; Thomas H. Sherlock, farmer, Dracut; Willis G. Spaulding, mechanic, Ashby; John J. Sullivan, pharmacist, Lowell; Archie W. Swallow, farmer, Dunstable; Geo. W. Swett, wool sorter, Chelmsford; George G. Tarbell, real estate agent, Pepperell; Charles B. Upton, farmer, Dunstable; Alvin S. Vose, farmer, Westford; David J. Williams, farmer, Tyngsboror.

AGAIN CRITICAL

Postmaster General's Condition Worse

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3—Postmaster General Payne's condition is again critical. At 3 o'clock this morning he had a sinking spell and from 3 to 7 he was kept alive by the application of powerful stimulants. In fact, it required the use of a greater quantity of heart remedies than at any previous time. There was a weak response to the treatment. Dr. Magruder was sent for early this morning by Dr. Grayson, who remained with Mr. Payne, during the latetr part of the night and at 8.45 o'clock, they were joined by Dr. Rixey. These three physicians are now working over Mr. Payne and Dr. Osler, is expected to arrive shortly after from Baltimore.

Fall Showing of Millinery

For the Promenade

Creations of mirror velvet, chiffon velvet and panne, heavily trimmed with long ostrich plumes.

For the Theatre

Combinations of velvets, chiffon and laces, in all the new colorings, reseda green, oyster, tangerine and golden brown.

For the Church

In silk velvets, in the stylish smaller shapes—the toque and the continental.

Tailored Hats

Just the style to wear with your shirt-waist suit. Made up in camel-hair, beaver, panne felt and chenille.

An assortment of bewildering beauty, in materials and styles of all the new approved shapes. We cordially invite your inspection.

Our "Cheerful Credit" is the most helpful payment system ever devised. Try it.

NO MONEY DOWN

Caesar Misch Cash or Credit

220 Central Street

A. STRAUSS, Mgr

WHIPPING POST

Minister of Justice Believes in it

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 3.—A ministerial crisis here which had long been threatened has been averted, assurances of support having been given by his colleagues to Minister of Justice Alberti, who insisted on bringing in a law to re-establish the whipping post for thugs. Though a cabinet split has thus been averted, it will cause an exciting session of the Rigsdag, which convenes today. The Rigsdag was dissolved in May last because the ministry was unable to prevail upon it to enact the whipping post bill, and on account of differences in the cabinet on the subject. Since then the matter has been heatedly discussed in the press and on the platform, and now the apple of discord is once more thrown into the Rigsdag. The outcome is awaited with keen interest throughout Denmark.

FROM EUROPE

DR. DONLAN AND SCHOOL COMMITTEEMAN REGAN RETURN.

Dr. Donlan of the City hospital and School Committeeman Regan of ward four have returned from a trip to Europe. Both are in excellent health.

FUNERALS

McELROY—The burial of the late Annie McElroy was held yesterday afternoon in the Catholic cemetery. The funeral took place from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Timothy O'Keefe, Grafton street, South Lowell, at 2 p. m. The remains were borne to St. Peter's church, where services were held, Fr. McDermott officiating. The bearers were Messrs. Denis Teague, Robert Bailey, Joseph Gallagher, Michael McCaughy, Thomas Tuffe. Burial was in St. Peter's cemetery. Funeral Directors John J. O'Connell & Co. had charge of the arrangements.

KEATING—The funeral of the late Jeremiah Keating took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the funeral chapel of J. F. O'Donnell & Sons and was largely attended by sorrowing friends and relatives. The bearers were P. J. Brennon, Cornelius Donovan, John Rabbitt and Richard Nawn. At the grave Rev. James Walsh read the committal prayers, and the interment was in the family lot at St. Patrick's cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

BEMENT—The funeral of the late Sarah E. Bement took place yesterday afternoon at 2.30, from her late residence, 118 Merrimack street, Rev. Chas. T. Billings officiating. Appropriate music was sung by Mrs. W. H. Pepin and Mr. Harry Stocks. Mr. Harry A. Brown had charge of the arrangements. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery, in charge of J. B. Currier. The display of floral tributes was most profuse.

WALSH—The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Elizabeth Walsh took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her home, 342 Suffolk street and was largely attended. The bearers were Jacob Buffler, James and Charles Noonan, Harry Horman, John Cashman and Patrick Mullin. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, where Rev. Fr. Walsh officiated at the grave. Undertaker Molloy had charge.

REGAN—The funeral of the late Charles A. Regan will take place from his late home, 87 Kinsman street at 8.30 o'clock Wednesday morning and a high mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Peter's church at nine o'clock.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

Mr. Archibald Higgins and Mr. Edward D. Kerwin, for over 30 years with the H. R. Barker Co., have severed their connection with that company and have opened a place of business under the firm name of Higgins & Kewin, at 564 Middlesex street, where they will conduct a steam and gas fitting business in all its branches. All orders for work promptly attended to Telephone 1141-5.

AN ARMED CAMP

Farmers Are Searching For John Whipple

HE SHOT NEIGHBOR AND POLICE OFFICER

He is Believed to be Insane

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 3—The biggest man hunt that has ever taken place in Connecticut, is on in East Glastonbury. The state police force, headed by Chief Egan, and many of the residents, are heavily armed and searching for John C. Whipple, who two weeks ago, shot and seriously wounded a neighbor, James Sturmer, and last week shot State Policeman Louks, who was attempting to arrest him for the crime.

East Glastonbury is like a small armed camp. The farmers have armed themselves not only because of their indignation at the two crimes committed by Whipple, but also because of the fear that he will do further damage on the slightest provocation. It is already suspected that he has burned two barns and consequently all barns stocked with the season's crops are guarded night and day by armed farm-hands.

Two searching parties spent all of last night searching the woods for Whipple. Chief Egan assumed active charge and headed one party and Deputy Sheffield was in charge of the other. The search was fruitless. It is now believed that Whipple is hiding in a cave in Mott Hill on a range of mountains several miles in length. If today's search brings forth no better success than that of last night bloodhounds will be employed to assist the police.

To a stranger in the town, the picture presented is strange if not alarming. Farmers driving along the country roads with loads of produce, have in plain sight a rifle, and the same is true of the men in fields, who do not care to risk, unarmed, an encounter with Whipple, who while now believed to be insane, has always had the reputation of being a desperate character.

MAHONEY SURE

Cheney's Nomination May Elect Mahoney

REPUBLICAN ROW IN THE 26TH DISTRICT

Registration for State Election Begins Today

With Edwards Cheney the republican nominee for senator, it is a foregone conclusion that Michael J. Mahoney will be the next senator from the seventh district. Such is the sentiment throughout the city since it became known that the recount had made no change in the situation. Senator McKinley, they argue on account of his great popularity was one of the strongest men in Lowell at the polls while Cheney, who is a straight laced, dyed in the wood republican, cannot get any democratic support.

Registration for the state election opens today and sessions will be held from 1 to 3 and from 7 to 9 p.m., and on Thursday and Saturday at the same hours. At the conclusion of this afternoon's session the registrars will take up the congressional recount in wards two and six.

Prospects were never brighter for democratic candidates in the 26th representative district than at present. There appears to be well organized drives against Reps. Adams and Timmons while last year they were being touted all through the district. On all sides the re-election of Rep. Pinder is conceded and there is a fine chance for the other two or at least one.

Grand reception to Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O. M. I., and reunion of the Immaculate Conception parish at Huntington hall Thursday evening, Oct. 6. Entertainment and dancing.

DEATHS

MARBLE—Mrs. Ellen M. Marble, aged 53 years, died Saturday at her home, 79 Rock street. Besides her husband Robert C., she leaves one son, Arthur H., and one daughter, Ina L. Deceased was a member of Lowell lodge of Odd Ladies.

REGAN—Charles A. Regan died last night at the home of his mother Bridget Regan, 87 Kinsman street. The deceased was 23 years of age and was a baker by trade. Besides his mother, he is survived by three brothers, William F., the school committeeman from ward four; Cornelius and Fred and four sisters, Mary, Harriet, Alice and Mrs. Catherine Murphy.

ROACH—Maurice Roach, aged 76 years, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 17 Willow street. He was an old resident of this city and a veteran of the civil war. He was a member of Co. D, of the 30th Massachusetts regiment during the war. He is survived by two daughters, Miss Margaret Roach of this city and Mrs. Susan Sullivan of Cambridge.

THE SUN

Is on Sale

At both Newstands

In the Union Station

BOSTON

CATHOLIC NEWS

The C. Y. M. L. of St. Patrick's Active

ROSARY SUNDAY DULY OBSERVED

Immaculate Conception Preparing Reception to Pastor

The members of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum attended mass at St. Patrick's church at 8 o'clock yesterday morning and received communion in a body. There was a large number present, and the C. Y. M. L. choir, under the direction of Mr. John Kelly, sang several hymns during the service. Mass was celebrated by Rev. James A. Walsh and he was assisted in giving communion by Rev. Timothy V. Callahan. After the members had received communion Fr. Walsh addressed the congregation and urged the parents of the parish to insist on their boys becoming members of the Lyceum when they arrive at the proper age. He said that if the young men who spend their evenings in cheap theatres, pool rooms and other such places would join the Lyceum and visit the rooms of the organization they would benefit themselves and the community at large. They would find plenty to entertain and instruct them there, he said, and the amusement would be of the right kind, healthy and pure. He praised the members of the Lyceum for the willingness they have always expressed to aid the church so far as it is in their power, and for the most recent evidence of this spirit, he said, he wanted to publicly give them the thanks and recognition their offer deserves. When it was announced that the parish would hold an Old Home Night, said Fr. Walsh, nothing was more pleasing to me and also to the pastor and priests of the parish than the tender of their services to assist in making the affair a great success, by the members of the Lyceum, through their board of directors. It is just such a spirit as this that we like to have our young men show, for it proves that they have the interests of the parish at heart. There is no reason why every young man in this parish should not belong to this organization and I again urge the parents to make it imperative that their boys should become members.

After the mass the members marched to the rooms in Suffolk street and breakfast was served. Later there was a business meeting at which it was decided to hold a minstrel entertainment and dancing party on December 1st. A committee of fifty was appointed to take charge of this affair and this committee will hold another meeting next Sunday after the nine o'clock mass.

Dr. James F. Gaffney, chairman of the athletic committee, reported that extensive repairs and improvements had been made in the gymnasium, also that the physical instructor would soon start in his winter season and expressed a desire for a larger membership. A basketball tournament among teams composed of members of the organization will be one of the features during the coming winter season.

Mr. Joseph Coughlin, chairman of the game-room committee, submitted a very favorable report. He stated that the pool tournament which has been in progress for several months past was brought to a close Saturday night. The winners' names were not given out. Other committees gave in favorable reports.

During the session Mr. John T. Sutton entertained with piano selections.

COMPLIMENTARY ENTERTAINMENT.

In the evening the assembly hall was crowded with members and their friends. A fine entertainment was given by local talent. Each number was loudly aplauded. The entertainment was given under the direction of the entertainment committee of which John P. Cryan is chairman. The numbers were as follows:

Piano duet, Lulu and Tessie Slattery; song, Miss Ethel Ranger; song, Mr. Alex Cryan; song, Miss Margaret Lynch; reading, Frank Higgins; song, Miss Donnelly; song, John Keegan; reading, Miss Lillian O'Brien; song, Miss Sarah Murray.

It was announced that on the first Sunday in November the entertainment which will be complimentary will be given by out of town talent.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH.

Rosary Sunday was fittingly observed at St. Peter's church yesterday, the services being carried out with the usual impressive ceremonies. Solemn high mass was celebrated at 10.30 o'clock, with Rev. W. George Mullin as the celebrant, Rev. Hugh M. McDermod was deacon, Rev. Daniel J. Heffernan sub deacon and John V. Donoghue, master of ceremonies. The musical portion of the service was of an unusual high order reflecting great credit on the choir and director alike, Rosewig's mass being sung. Solos were sustained by Miss Louise McLaughlin, Miss Mollie G. Ivers, Director John Warburton, James E. Donnelly and John F. Phelan. Before the sermon the choir sang a beautiful "Veni Creator" and at the offertory Miss Louise McLaughlin and Mr. Donnelly effectively rendered "O Jesu de Vivi." The sermon was an eloquent and scholarly effort, touching on the duties of Catholics during the month of October, and was delivered by Rev. Fr. McDermod. In the evening vespers and devotions to the holy Rosary were given, Rev. Fr. Heffernan officiating.

ST. MICHAEL'S CHURCH.

At St. Michael's church yesterday the feast of the Holy Rosary was observed. In the morning there was solemn high mass celebrated by Rev. Francis Mullin with Rev. E. A. Carney as deacon and Rev. Philip Sexton sub deacon. The sermon on the Rosary was delivered by Rev. Fr. Carney. The choir sang Haydn's Fourth Mass and at the offertory the Ave Maria, an adaptation from [illegible] was given by Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] and Mr. Jenliger. In the afternoon vesper service was held, the officiating clergymen being the same as at the mass. The masters of ceremonies were Rev. Fr. Shaw and Rev. Fr. Murphy. The procession was held in the church and the Holy Rosary society, Children of Mary, and the school children took part in it.

The girls of the school represented the joyful mysteries, the boys the sorrowful mysteries and the Children of Mary the glorious mysteries. Each group carried banners on which were inscribed the different mysteries. During the procession the rosary and other prayers were recited.

Owing to the large number of pupils registered at St. Michael's school it has been necessary to open an overflow school of two rooms in the old convent in Seventh street. This building has been remodeled and is fitted up as a modern school structure.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.

The services in honor of Rosary Sunday at the Immaculate Conception church yesterday consisted of a solemn high mass at 10.30 in the morning and solemn vespers in the evening at 6.30. There was a procession after the vesper services in which the church sodalities took part. The little children dressed in white with the members of the Children of Mary and other sodalities marched around the church and recited the rosary. Following the procession there was benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

SACRED HEART CHURCH.

Everything is now in readiness for the grand reunion of the parishioners of the Sacred Heart church in Huntington hall on the 14th of this month, and it bids fair to be the most successful reunion ever conducted by the people of the parish. The children's entertainment in the afternoon will also be of the highest order.

Rev. Fr. Fletcher, O. M. I., celebrated the high mass at the Sacred Heart church yesterday morning at 10.30 o'clock and Rev. Fr. Flynn, O. M. I., delivered the sermon.

Many new pupils have been admitted to the parochial school of the Sacred Heart since the opening of the school term and now there are over four hundred scholars in attendance the school being taxed to its utmost capacity.

Devotions will be held at this church at 7.30 o'clock every evening during the month of October. The devotions commenced on Saturday night and consisted of the Holy Rosary and the benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

Next Friday being the first Friday of the month, the regular services connected with this day will be carried out. There will be masses at five and seven o'clock in the morning and at 7.30 o'clock in the evening there will be instructions and benediction of the Blessed Sacrament and the singing of the office of the Sacred Heart.

Y. M. C. I. TO PARADE.

The Y. M. C. I. of Belvidere met last evening, Vice President Hogan presiding, and voted unanimously to turn out and parade at the reception to Rev. Fr. Dorgan on Thursday evening, October 6. In the first division of the parade will be the Holy Name society and the older members of the Immaculate Conception parish and in the second division will be the Y. M. C. I. and the young members of the parish. The line will be formed at the Y. M. C. I. rooms at seven o'clock, and the route of march will be East Merrimack street to Merrimack, to Central, to Middlesex, to the depot, where Father Dorgan will be met at 8.10 o'clock, countermarch through Middlesex and Central to Merrimack and up Merrimack to Huntington hall, where the annual parish reunion will be held in conjunction with the reception to Father Dorgan. John Hammersley will act as marshal.

A meeting of all the parishioners will be held Tuesday evening in the school hall when the reports of the various committees will be heard and the final arrangements made.

An interesting lecture will be held Thursday night in St. Joseph's college hall by Rev. Fr. Ferand of the House of Foreign Missions of Paris, who has been for a number of years a missionary in Japan. He will speak on Catholic missions in Japan.

The ladies of L'Association Notre Dame de Bonsecours will hold an entertainment tomorrow night at St. Joseph's convent hall. Admission will be free to all ladies who wish to attend.

WOMAN ANNOYED

She Shot and Killed Michael Rago

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Angry because of his attempts to force his undesired affections upon her, and determined to repulse him at any cost, she declares, Mrs. Rosa DePietro, 22 years of age, today shot and killed Michael Rago, in an East Side tenement house. The first shot was fired in Mrs. DePietro's apartments, into which she says Rago had forced entrance, and the second in the doorway of the house, in full view of hundreds of persons. Both bullets struck Rago in the head. Mrs. DePietro made no attempt to resist arrest and was taken to a police station carrying her two-year-old baby which she had held in her arms when she fired the fatal shots.

LADY HARCOURT

BARONY MAY BE CONFERRED ON HER.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—The St. James Gazette says it is understood that the late Sir Wm. Vernon-Harcourt, who twice refused a peerage, eventually accepted the honor and would have been gazetted Baron Malwood in the next birthday honor list.

"Fate," the paper adds, "has rendered the event impossible, but it is deemed probable that a barony following the procedure on the death of W. H. Smith (who was minister of war in Lord Salisbury's cabinets of 1885 and 1886) will nevertheless be conferred on Lady Harcourt."

THE PROOF IS IN THE EATING

We have a new line of Chocolates at 35c a pound that equals 50c goods elsewhere. One trial will convince. Howard, the Druggist, 197 Central St.

WANTED—Men to sample soap to families. Call 7.30 a. m. Tuesday Oct. 4th, Morse's stable, Middlesex St.

DANCING Mrs. C. A. Wells will receive pupils in dancing department at New Academy, 302 Merrimack street, Michael's Bank building, commencing Oct. 4. Classes: Beginners, Mon and Tues. evenings, 8 to 10; advanced, Wed. evenings 8 to 10; reception and German, Thursdays, 8 to 11 p. m.; High school, Friday, 4 to 6; children, Saturday p. m. 2 to 4. private classes accommodated, private lessons by appointment.

LOST Pocketbook containing sum of money between Harry Richardson's and O'Donnell's store. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 159 Howard st.

WANTED To buy a boarding house, anyone having one for sale please address L. A. C., Sun Office.

WANTED Position wanted by a good [illegible] cook. Address K. C., Sun office.

A. G. Pollard & CO.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets

We Give Dark Blue Trading Stamps

Here is an Interesting Announcement For This Week

50 CANARIES

—AT—

Only $1.98 Each

Healthy Birds lately imported from the Hartz Mountains—all singers

Did you ever keep a Canary? If you haven't you've yet to learn the brightness and cleverness one of these little fellows will bring to a household. Watch him in his bath, see him prink, hear him chirp, then warble, then sing away until it seems as though his throat would burst. Puts new life into you.

And to you who know Canaries we commend this flock. All this year's birds, some a beautiful pure yellow, others with brown tips. Just been in America long enough to become climated. They will be in full song in a week or so.

If you've paid from $3.00 to $5.00 for birds heretofore, this price, $1.98, should appeal to you.

We have a full line of Brass Cages to show you. Three different styles with or without seed guards from 75c to $2.50 each

Mixed Canary Seed, best quality, 10c a Pkg.

Cuttle Dish with fasteners, 5c each

Bird Gravel, extra quality, only 8c Pkg.

MERRIMACK STREET BASEMENT

October the Banner Month in

Cloak and Suit Section

This is the month for heavy selling. These days must be strenuous ones in the garment department for we have past records to smash to pieces and past Octobers have shown marked gains. We're ready with the best selections we've ever had for you.

Ladies' and Misses' Suits, Coats, Waists, Skirts, Rain Coats, Etc.

The biggest variety of what's best in fashion and more worth for your money than ever. Here are some introductory specials good to see this week.

Black Silk Waists of Taffeta, Mousseline-Taffeta, and Peau de Soie, four styles to choose from for $5.00

All sizes 32 to 44.

One made with double box-plait effect of one-half inch tucks down centre of front, with three tucks each side, full sleeves, 2 tucks to elbow, 2 tucks each side of back. All tucks have two rows of stitching, dress-maker finish and only $5.00

the other three styles are as good or better.

Special in 42 inch Tourist coat of very good quality, mannish fancy mixed goods, in brown and oxford. The latest style back and the newest sleeves. Half lined with good romain lining. Special price $5.98

20 Rain Coats made of guaranteed cravenette cloth, three capes over shoulder, half fitted back. Full sleeves, colors tan and oxford. Special $9.75

Two styles Golf Vests, colors black, white, cardinal, dark red, oxford, navy, brown. Sizes 32, to 44. Special price 98c

and the Golf Sweaters for $1.98 to $7.50

embrace everything that is new and are here in a big quantity.

A special feature of our Skirt department is the extra large bands and full hips in the fancy mixtures, cheviots and broadcloth bands for 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, price $5, $7.50, $10

A luxury for the mothers of the young Miss, 11 to 16 years of age is this opportunity now offered by us to buy one of those snappy, short skirted, intermediate suits in plain blue, brown, tan and fancy mixtures, prices $10 to $15

A. G. Pollard & Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets

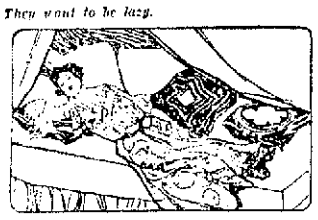
KATE CLYDE

Discusses the Woman Who Works---The Luck of the Drone---Artificial Hair Again In Evidence---Wedding Gifts---Reign of the Small Hat

IT'S a melancholy fact, but mighty true nevertheless, that the woman who is able to work is going to have to all her days, while she who must either work or do without and who chooses to do without doesn't have to do without in nine cases out of ten. Moral.—Don't be too clever if you are a woman, and others will have to be for you.

I certainly think the lot of the wage earning woman is not one of lilies and roses. For one thing, she has actually

They want to be lazy.



to produce the goods. All the positions involving good hard work are open to her, but when it comes to the dignified posts which consist in occupying a highly mahoganized desk and doing a heavy thinking part to deceive the rest of the office force she is debarred because she is a woman. And, why, indeed, shouldn't a woman occupy one of these soft snap positions of dignity where she can grumble and grunt and snooze away her old age and be treated with exaggerated dignity by the office boys and subordinates? Well, for one thing, even if such a position were offered her as a reward for her early labors, I don't think she could stand it. A man can do nothing at all with more dignity than any other creature on this earth. A woman would simply go crazy under similar circumstances. She must bustle around and create a stir of some sort, whether mental or physical. Of course there are lots of lazy women. Dear me, yes! But they want to be lazy comfortably at home in their dressing gown and slippers, and you don't usually find them in an office.

Speaking about the woman who is able to work and who in consequence has to, I shall never forget a story that appeared in one of the magazines. It was about a stenographer working in an office. She falls in love with one of the junior clerks in the same office, and they are engaged indefinitely because he has two sisters to support. Of course the sisters are of the non-self-supporting class. The plucky girl fiancee agrees to help her lover in order that they may be married soon. At this juncture one of the sisters marries, to the immense relief of every one. But unfortunately this relief is of short duration, for just as the lovers on the strength of it are about to get married, lo and behold, sister returns to the home fold, having separated from her husband! At this interesting juncture the lover dies of exposure to the cold after a hard day's work, and the sisters fall limply on the brave little fiancee for protection, and, of course, as she is capable of earning a living and they are not (?), she takes the brother's place and supports them to the end of the chapter.

Now, can any story be more disastrous to the cause of female industry?

The reign of artificial hair is "wid us." Strange and out of date is the woman who is content with the small wad that nature gave her, and the damsel with straight locks puts by every month a certain sum of her income toward having her hair dressed and "Marcelled" into large and lustrous waves. But over in England they evidently go one step further, and, to my horror, I read the following in a high class fashion magazine: "It somewhat takes away the pleasure of a holiday to have to curl one's hair three or four times a day. A wise woman will therefore dispense with her curling tongs and spirit lamp and invest in a couple of natural looking wigs and several large hair nets.

It wafts away unfeelingly.

Alas and alack, what are we coming to? Are we to be a race of hairless ones like the Mexican doggies?

And wouldn't I like to be on the spot when a wild wind blowing on the Scottish moors wafts away unfeelingly my lady's "natural looking wig," hair nets and all, amid the startled "Hoot, mon," of the natives!

The other day I had to hunt around for a wedding present, and as the fall is a popular time for such affairs I think perhaps some of you would like the benefit of my experience.

If you have about $10 to spend nothing is prettier than some desk trinket made out of a new green metal now much in evidence. As a matter of fact, entire desk sets in twisted leaf designs are made of this metal, and there is also a lamp for the desk to match, having a shade like a pagoda trimmed with green bead fringes. Jewel boxes of the metal are wrought with a fretwork over imitation jade, and there are beautiful candlesticks which represent a slender maiden rising out of a lily pad. People who do not want to spend more than $5 may buy a pretty fruit compote in cut glass, one of the new shapes with a curved cup and a long wrought stem, or a claret pitcher, suitable as well for lemonade or ice water. Salad bowls for some reason seem to be a trifle more expensive, but one can purchase a very nice whipped cream bowl. Bags of flowered silk for opera glasses may be obtained for about this price. More expensive ones are mounted in gold and furnished with tiny change purses of the same silk. A lace handkerchief is not to be despised if the lace is real, and a dainty chemise, handmade and embroidered with the bride's initials, is frequently given by intimates of the family. Dainty little clocks of china or gilt work are always popular, but the newest thing is the clock supported on an art nouveau brass tripod representing lily leaves or something equally artistic. Both the greenish brass, the copper and the pomple ware are very much more up to date than silver, and the latter is taking a well earned rest.

And, speaking of wedding gifts, it is no longer considered a breach of good form to change them. On the contrary, the nicest thing to do is to inclose a little note with your wedding gift saying that if it is not the right thing you want her to change it and get exactly what she wants.

This is certainly going to be a copper year. Even in dress and millinery you see it. Brown is such a universally becoming color that we are to have a great deal of it again this season. However, it will be of a slightly different tone, more on the reddish yellowish shades. Old gold is to be revived, and our ancient friend, terra cotta, appears under the French name for copper—cuivre. In spite of everything that has been said, green has not proved so popular as fashion leaders wanted it to be. The truth is it is not apt to be becoming to the ordinary American complexion, which is a trifle sallow, I am sorry to say, from much pie and candy eating. The true reds of the dark cherry shades will also be worn, but not so much as the brownish and burnt sienna shades, some of which in cheap materials especially are bound to be very homely.

The small hat reigns. Believe nothing to the contrary. There are few shapes half so charming as those neat, quaint little hats which show off so well the contour of the head and the masses of hair prettily arranged and elaborately dressed according to the demands of fashion. It is on the hat that the touch of green goes better than anywhere else, for it is a well known fact that a color can be worn over the face which never could be worn under it. However, it is fortunate that all of us are not as sensitive on the color question as the servant girl who upon being shown her mistress' new green silk dress exclaimed: "Very fine, ma'am. But I never could wear green. It always gives me a pain in my stummack."

"I never could wear green."

If you have a pair of brown suede ties nurse them carefully so that they will last through the fall months, for they will be all the rage way into the winter, and they are ever so much smarter than the glace brown kid. The day of the plain black and the plain white shoe seems to have passed. Nowadays the soft grays and tans seem to be the rule, not to speak of purple, dark green and blue kid ties to match the respective gowns.

One comfort in the midst of the extravagance of next winter's styles, the fur neck pieces will still be small and therefore less expensive. Daintiness will characterize them rather than amplitude, and all sorts of little tassels, bits of lace and even velvet ribbon will be used to eke out the fur.

New York. KATE CLYDE.

A PERFECT TYPE OF FRENCH BEAUTY.

This is a portrait of Mme. Maud Amy, who is declared to represent the perfect type of French feminine beauty. The artists, critics and poets of France spread her praise and are all agreed that she manifests the ideal type of the beautiful Frenchwoman. Now for some two years she has been famous throughout Europe and even America. Of the exquisite beauty of Mme. Amy there can be no question, and certainly Frenchmen themselves ought to know what French beauty is. But to the foreigner who has lived in Paris and noted the women there Mme. Amy does not look like a Frenchwoman at all. Her face seems softer and less vivacious than that of the typical Parisian woman. Mme. Amy has a short face and short nose; the face and nose of the French lady are rather long. The ordinary Frenchwoman is as lively and restless as a bird; Mme. Amy's face and figure are calm and reposeful.

HOW TO BECOME GRACEFUL.

If you want to be graceful you must learn to walk properly. Very few people walk correctly, and yet it is an art well worth learning, for it adds grace and charm to the figure even as in moving about a room.

The girl who walks correctly walks easily, and she generally delights in the exercise which helps to bring the bloom of health to her cheek, brightness to her eyes and adds to the beauty of her figure.

Watch a girl who walks well and see how she holds herself; not stiffly, but with her head erect and chest well held up. Possibly if you ask her how she learned to carry herself so easily, but proudly, she will tell you that she once practiced her grandmother's plan of walking with a book balanced on her head. It is a capital exercise, and it might well be more in vogue than it is. Then watch how she places her neatly shod feet evenly on the ground. The pressure comes equally on heel and toes, and the ball of the foot is the center upon which the weight of the body swings.

To walk well is an accomplishment which vastly adds to the charms of dainty maids of high degree and yet is perhaps more common among Italian peasant women and other toilers, who learn the proper control of their limbs and muscles by having to carry loads on their heads. Even in a market one often sees women, coarse and common looking perhaps, but bearing their heavy loads with a dignified carriage that a duchess might envy.

SELECTING A LAMP.

Always insist upon buying a lamp with a heavy stand, a brass reservoir with a good tight screw and one with a double burner and a sheath round the wick. Burn good oil that won't explode when warm and if possible see that there is a self acting extinguisher. Use a fireproof globe, and the lamp will prove very safe if it is made of brass.

HINTS FOR THE FALL WALKING GOWN.

Every woman at the present moment is considering how her autumn gown shall be made. The figure seated comfortably in the chair is gowned in a frock of elephant gray cloth, the new color this fall. The skirt has the front panel effect, with side plaits at the waist and the knee headed by a band of tabs. The waist is tucked into a girdle of darker gray silk, and the yoke is finished with tabs of cloth. The strapped mousquetaire sleeves end in a ruffle.

The standing figure wears a frock of dull red faced cloth trimmed about the skirt and on the bolero and sleeves with a black and white braid. The ceinture is of soft red surah, and the bloused waist is a dainty affair of mull.

Jeannette Robinson Murphy.....

Student of Negro Music and Philosophy

"LET me ax you sumpin, chile. Look at me straight and tell me hones'. Now, I gwine ax yer a question." She tiptoed to the door and looked up and down the gallery to assure herself that nobody was eavesdropping, then shut the door tight and turned the key in the lock and, coming back to me stealthily, began in a whisper:

"Now, tell me de trufe, chile. Dere ain't nobody gwine ter heah—only the Lawd am a-lookin' straight into yer heart. So tell me now, hones'. Did you eber see any man, 'specially any 'ooman, what was rale, puffectly happy marri-d? Umph!"

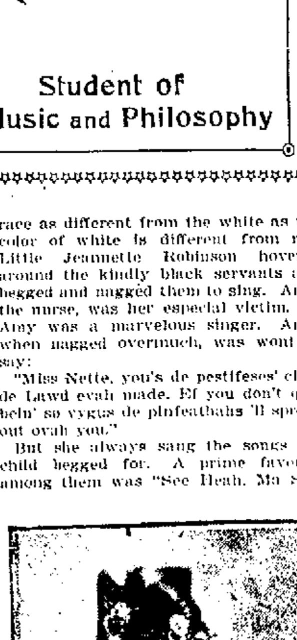
This is a specimen of the wisdom of Aunt Suran, an old negro woman, the mother of "nineteen head o' chillun in de Lawd," as reported in a book lately written by Mrs. Jeannette Robinson Murphy, a southern lady. Mrs. Murphy has spent years in gathering and preserving the remnants of negro music and folklore as these were in old slave days. This music, these traditions, the very superstitions of old slave days are today the most important key civilization holds to the real original character of the African race.

Jeannette Robinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Robinson, was born and brought up in Louisville. As a little child she felt a strong affection for the black servants who ministered to the Robinson household. Little Jeannette was born with a passionate love of music and was a born singer besides. She heard the negro women singing the songs of their own race, chiefly religious or "spirituals." The music, accompanied with a swaying of the body and patting of the feet, fascinated the child. She found that the body movements were quite as important as the music. She says, "Like David of old, the negro sings to accompany his dances." She found, too, that generally the negro improvises his words to suit the occasion, whether a camp meeting or a social or domestic happening. The airs, however, remain, being, as Mrs. Murphy feels sure, brought from Africa by the original slaves. These airs have running notes and variations—"trimmings," as the negroes call them—but they are ever the same and are chiefly either barbaric religious chants or weird charm incantations used in dark rites which today are secretly practiced still among many southern negroes.

It is difficult for a white person to catch a real negro melody. The intonations, the rhythmic bodily movements and the "trimmings" are all those of a race as different from the white as the color of white is different from red. Little Jeannette Robinson hovered around the kindly black servants and begged and nagged them to sing. Amy, the nurse, was her especial victim, for Amy was a marvelous singer. Amy, when nagged overmuch, was wont to say:

"Miss Nette, you's de pestifeses' chile de Lawd evah made. Ef you don't quit bein' so vygus de pinfeathahs 'll sprout out ovah you."

But she always sang the songs the child begged for. A prime favorite among them was "See Heah, Ma Sistah," a revival air of weird, thrilling power when given as Amy gave it. It was one of the first negro melodies the little white girl ever heard. She tried to learn it, words and music, so soon as she was old enough, yet she was fourteen before she achieved it. To hear her sing "See Heah, Ma Sistah," is a revelation to those who think they have heard negro music.



JEANNETTE ROBINSON MURPHY.

It is to be remembered always that these melodies are those used in the rites and incantations of the original blacks of Africa. The voodoo conjurer in Africa invoked for good or ill the same nameless power which today when the old chants are repeated at religious revivals or elsewhere thrills the negro through and through. Not knowing any other way to describe the influence which sets every nerve in his body to dancing wildly, the negro calls it "gittin' happy." There is one air whose influence is indescribable. It is called "I Don't Want to Be Buried In the Storm." One black woman told Mrs. Murphy she felt like "de Holy Sperrit" was right on her head when she sang it. Another said: "People, dem songs makes de ha'r rise up. I feel mine a-risin' now."

Mrs. Murphy asked one of her black women friends to sing into a phonograph this song, "I Don't Want to Be Buried In the Storm." She wished to use it to illustrate one of her lectures on negro music and folklore. The woman refused, saying nobody could hear that song without "gittin' happy," and it would never do for New York ladies to get happy. The real negro melodies seem somehow to release impulses and emotions for which there is actually no name. Under the spell of this impelling force the blacks are filled full of intensified nerve power and do strange things. Even white people feel the spell of the songs.

This effect the white man's imitations of negro melody never produce, Mrs. Murphy protests, with all the conviction of one who knows, against the spurious ragtime, coon songs and Suwanee river compositions white people foist upon a public as negro music. The alleged negro stories many writers palm off for genuine are no whit truer. If all these are accepted as real negro music, folklore and philosophy, the genuine will be all lost—in fact, it is now actually being lost. Mrs. Murphy calls on educated negroes and on white people who have opportunity to rescue the genuine article. Unless this is done an interesting and historically valuable body of literature and music will be lost irretrievably.

Mrs. Murphy excepts from the general condemnation of spuriousness Joel Chandler Harris' contributions to negro folklore.

The lady's book is called "Southern Thoughts For Northern Thinkers and African Music In America." She gives recitals illustrated with genuine negro songs. It was not till after the death of her husband, when she faced life with two children to support, that she began to utilize as a means of income the knowledge whose acquisition had been to her such a labor of love.

Her book contains most interesting specimens of genuine negro music and real negro stories, not the made up ones of pseudo negro minstrels and white writers. Mingled with these are observation and comment which, as coming from a southern woman who likes and understands the negro, are worth attention. It is her solemn conviction that the southern people themselves must win back the confidence and good will of the now estranged younger negro generation, that the southerners themselves can help the blacks and solve the negro question better than anybody else can. And here is her conclusion:

"If the negro could be trained along his natural lines and his race blood kept perfectly pure there would come some day from this people one of the greatest orators, one of the greatest actors, one of the greatest romance writers and surely the very greatest musician that ever lived."

MARILLA WEAVER.

WELL DRESSED.

To be well dressed is to wear that which is fit for the work to be done and which is otherwise graceful, becoming, lasting, healthful and easy, on occasion splendid, always as beautiful as possible.

WHAT HAS BECOME OF MASCULINE COURTESY?

NEXT time you ride in a street car observe particularly the few men who are polite to women. You will note that they are almost invariably men of forty or past, those who were young when it was still the custom among American men to be chivalrous to women.

Beyond a doubt courtesy to women has gone out of fashion among men in this country. A boy of fourteen will keep his seat and let a woman old enough to be his grandmother or even a woman carrying a baby stand. A boy doing such a thing thirty years ago would have been "yanked" out of his seat in a hurry by the first grown man who saw him. Thirty years ago the man who puffed tobacco smoke through his nostrils into a lady's face would have committed an offense serious enough to risk getting his mouth slapped. Today perhaps half the men on our American streets do this habitually.

Thirty years ago no gentleman used a toothpick in the presence of others; today villainous bunches of wooden toothpicks stand upon every restaurant table and even upon some private ones and are used in a horrible manner before all the world. It is considered the top and climax of ill breeding for a man at table to pick his teeth with a fork, but, really and truly, is that any worse than doing the same thing with a toothpick? Is it any worse either than chewing a toothpick in a street car in the eyes of all mankind? The old time gentleman never cleansed his teeth in public.

Then, too, what has come over the modern American in regard to his feet? Are his lower limbs built different from those of his sex a generation ago that it is necessary for him to carry them as nearly on a level with his arms as possible? Again, observe the street car animal. If he sit upon a cross seat he is not easy one second until he has hoisted his feet upon the handsomely finished seat opposite. He must know that ladies wearing clean and costly gowns will need to sit in the spot where his greasy, dusty shoes are deposited; but he cares no more than a pig for that. You will many a time see one of these creatures even place his unclean feet upon an empty seat beside a richly dressed, refined lady—under her very nose. A more outrageous breach of common decency can hardly be imagined than that.

It seems somehow a physical impossibility any more for men to sit with their legs in the correct position, their feet upon the floor. If they occupy seats along the side of a car, instantly every man of them crosses his legs and presents a row of unclean shoe soles standing out in the air for every lady to wipe her skirts upon. They have no shame as to doing this unpleasant thing habitually. Once a woman leaving a street car looked at the row of dirty shoes and said to their wearers:

"Gentlemen, do you want I should wipe your shoes for you?" You should have seen those feet sneak toward the floor!

Are man's feet so beautiful that he takes every occasion to show them off in public, lifting them high lest by any chance they should be overlooked? Or what is it? And will the next writer on etiquette for men give answer to the question, What shall a man do with his feet?

American men habitually crowd, jostle and push women out of the way in order to run and get a seat for themselves in car or public hall. In the large cities a woman is even now and then knocked down. On the whole, it is well American girls are going in for physical culture. They will need all they can acquire if the present line of conduct from American men toward women continues.

The very tones of man's voice when he speaks to a lady have lost the fine gentleness that used to be in them. An English society woman who visited us last summer wrote in a British magazine after she went home that she found American men the rudest and most ill bred of any on the earth.

It may be that the great influx among us of foreigners from lands where woman is a serf and a beast of burden has led to the disappearance of courtesy among our men. At any rate the evil has grown to be a very serious one. Only mothers and women teachers can check it. As to the grown men, little can be done to change a stubby, self satisfied, set in his ways man—but with boys it is different. Woman can influence them to be courteous and chivalrous to girls and ladies. Unless the masculine sex in America is to lapse into a brutal barbarism so far as its manners to women are concerned, boys and growing young men will have to be trained in good manners. They can still be taught that nothing in this world is finer than a man habitually courteous and polite to ladies, and that ideal should be held up to them from their schooldays on.

JANE MOSES.

A BEAUTIFUL CREATION FROM PARIS.

The ... robe is a creation evolved from an all over design of guipu... about t... orange ... ent orange silk slip. The skirt is drawn in sheath fashion ... gathers into a trained effect in the back. A girdle of burnt ... handsome costume.

AN AUTUMN EVENING WRAP.

The elegant evening wrap shown in the picture is of champagne satin. It is made with two deep, full ruffles.

Over these ruffles about the neck falls a pelerine of chantilly lace caught with two bows of green velvet ribbon made with long ends reaching the bottom of the skirt.

The large hat is of champagne ottoman silk arranged in folds and ornamented with roses and a green paradise plume. This costume was especially designed for restaurant dinner wear.

HORRORS OF WAR

Discussed by Two Local Clergymen Yesterday

APPEAL FOR FEDERATION OF NATIONS

Thoughts Suggested by Coming Peace Congress

At the First Baptist church last evening Rev. Smith T. Ford preached a forceful sermon on the timely subject of "War and Arbitration." He said in part:

"There are two methods by which international difficulties can be settled: One is by war, the other by arbitration. One had its origin in the days of savagery; the other is the product of the world's highest civilization. War is the wager of law. War is heroic, arbitration is sensible; 'war is hell,' arbitration is Christianity. In ancient times war constituted the normal state of society, in modern times, notwithstanding the high state of military science and armament, it is constantly growing in disfavor. It is not the contention of this address that the wars of the past were unnecessary, unstatesmanlike, or unchristian; but the purpose will be to show that with the evolution made in almost every phase of Christian civilization, undue prominence is given to military equipment as a natural and normal condition of national life. Consideration has led me to wonder that the inhumanity, the awful suffering, the unmeasured expense, the tremendous risks involved, have not so impressed the intelligence of man that he has not relegated war to the Ghehenna where lie smouldering the other accompaniments of savagery long since cast aside."

The speaker then dwelt at length upon the three reasons why war is no longer the wisest and best method of settling these differences:

First, its honor; second, its economic conditions; and thirdly, its moral aspect. Having described each feature the speaker continued:

"The establishment of an acknowledged court of arbitration would give added value to all coast and harbor improvements. We here come face to face with a strange anomaly. In these modern days the world has become one great neighborhood in which each land may serve the other with its products. In order to facilitate the exchange of these products, vast sums of money are being spent in the development and improvement of rivers and harbors. Yet at the same time still vaster sums are being spent to provide measures for their obstruction, and render their navigation dangerous or impossible. The more they are improved, the more pains must be taken for their destruction. This illustrates the whole problem of international complications as they now exist. Nations build ships for the world's commerce then build navies for their destruction. At this moment the most civilized nations of Europe are armed to the teeth as if for universal war, and annually clamor in their parliaments for larger armaments. Nor is our own country behind in fostering the military spirit, and exalting war as the safeguard of a nation's honor. On Dec. 1, 1902, the secretary of the treasury transmitted to congress the estimate of the appropriations required for the government service for the ensuing fiscal year. The total appropriations asked for are $589,198,112. Of this amount $215,712,493 are to be appropriated exclusively for the army and navy. This leaves $373,476,619 for all other expenses connected with the administration of the national government. It must be remembered that this large sum expended upon our military department does not include the expenses of the national guard of the several states, which amount to several millions more. This military expenditure, let it be recalled, is in a time of perfect peace. The whole world, in spite of its peace conferences and parliaments of man still finds its greatest satisfaction in the smoky atmosphere of war's Indian summer.

But a better day is dawning. Everywhere the cry is for the federation of nations, the brotherhood of man. The demand, the movement is irresistible. But how, it may be asked, can the spirit of war be exercised, the era of hatred and violence be brought to a close and the era of justice and peace be inaugurated? The answer is manifest. The quarrels of nations, like those of individuals, must be settled by equity and law. We are not hoping for things unseen. The American conference on international arbitration, and the greater conference at The Hague, inspired by the Czar of Russia, and sheltered by Queen Wilhelmina, thus representing Europe's greatest and smallest powers, are beacon lights in the night of war's dark desolation. Arbitration is no utopian dream. As Carl Shurz points out, "In the last century not less than 80 controversies between civilized powers have been settled by arbitration, and what is more significant, every international dispute settled by arbitration has stayed settled, while during the same period some of the results of great wars have not stayed settled, and others are unceasingly subject to the shifting preponderance of power. And such wars have cost rivers of blood, countless treasure and immeasurable misery, while arbitration has cost comparatively nothing. Thus history teaches the indisputable lesson that arbitration is not only the most humane and economical method of settling international differences, but also the most, if not the only, certain method to furnish enduring results. Prejudice, military sophisms, the great opportunity to gain renown, and what counts for more today, wealth, will stimulate agitators and demagogues to drown the voice of reason with their bellowings for war; but to me it is as certain as the succession of day and night that when the people—the masses, really comprehend the truth, they will stand for arbitration.

Today a war is raging in the far east and ought never to have been. Not a question was involved that might not to a reasonable advantage of both nations, have been settled by arbitration. Japan's national existence, and Russia's commercial interests could each have been safeguarded and all that was vital to either party could have had freest scope.

But while the mountains of Manchuria echo to the thunder of a thousand cannon, while great armies, like huge snakes, coil themselves about each other, while the blue waters bear on their bosom vast engines of death, while commerce is paralyzed and business is interrupted, while blood flows like water, and countless homes are filled with anxious or breaking hearts, there meets this week in Boston a company of men whose high and holy purpose is the abolishment of war and the establishment of those relations by which all that war can justly accomplish can be brought about by peaceful means. This international conference embraces representatives from all the leading nations, and most parliaments and congressesof the world. We welcome them as harbingers of a better day. The long, long night of war is nearly past. Already the east is roseate with the glory of coming morn, and each breeze whispers above fort and battleships of universal peace, and men who glare at each other in the fierce agony of conflict shall stand in the bond of brotherhood, and sing heaven's song, not to accompaniment of thundering cannon but to the hum of industry and the melody of happy hearts.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

At the High Street church, yesterday, Rev. Dr. Huntington preached from the text: "Ye shall beat your swords into plowshares and your spears into pruning hooks." He said in part:

War is very different from what it was in Isaih's time. In those days it was not generally waged in defence of a principle, but rather to realize a lust for empire or for spoil, or was declared from motives of revenge. Might indeed made right. At the present day, war is not undertaken save on some real or asserted ground of justice, and is waged under certain recognized rules. To a degree some of its horrors are alleviated—but war still remains and its terrors, however, mitigated, are still unspeakable.

War is un-Christian and unnecessary. Nations ought, in this age of reason, to use more rational methods of settling their disputes. For many years men have been striving for peaceful ways of arbitrament. The first peace congress was held in London in 1843 and this country sent 30 delegates out of the 300 then present. The next congress was held in 1848 at Brussels. In these early meetings the moving spirit was Elihu Burritt, "the learned blacksmith," who constantly advocated the erection of some permanent arbitration tribunal, such as that now existant at The Hague. The 13th peace congress will open Monday in Tremont temple, and deliberative sessions will be held every morning, with public meetings every evening through the week. It promises to be a meeting of great importance and influence, and its chief aim is to advance the idea of arbitration, rather than war, as a means of setting international disputes.

The Hague court was subscribed to by 21 of the most important nations, originally, and 40 now recognize it as an authoritative agency for settling their claims. As a matter of fact a large number of cases have been decided by it already, the first being one involving Mexico and the United States. Whatever may still justify civil war, there is no longer any excuse to those 40 nations for war against each other. England and France have now a specific arbitration treaty, and there is a movement on foot to secure one between England and the United States of America. The arbitration principle is no longer the dream of visionaries—it is an actuality. It is favored by business men and commercial organizations as well as by statesmen, moralists and theorists. Every man, who loves his fellows should strive to create public interest in the cause. Public sentiment should be aroused against war. It may do for brutes, but it cannot do for men. It is out of date. It is time that the Prince of Peace should have at least this much sway among the nations.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

All the services at St. Paul's church yesterday were very largely attended, it being one of the regular rally Sundays. The church and vestry were very artistically decorated with autumn foliage and flowers and the music by the choir was of a very high order and the introduction of the orchestra in the Sunday school met with the highest commendation from all present. Rev. George R. Dean, the pastor, delivered a sermon on "Getting Together."

The new Sunday school orchestra is composed of Mr. Arthur Booth, violin, leader; Miss Gertrude Pratt, cornet; Mr. Walter Goss, cornet; Mr. William Baxter, violin, and Mr. Alva Baxter, piano.

The Epworth league rally at 6.30 o'clock, in charge of the president, Mr. Christopher Senior, was a great success. The cabinet occupied seats on the platform. Miss Bertha G. Kyles read the scriptures and prayer was offered by Mrs. L. W. Moore. Mrs. Charles V. Barker rendered a selection on the organ, "A Royal Procession," by Walter Spinney; quartette sang "Come Ye Disconsolate." The sermon followed, by the pastor, on "Loyalty."

CHELMSFORD ST FREE BAPTIST.

It was rally Sunday at this church yesterday, and the day was given up to the Sunday school. The pastor, Rev. A. E. Kenyon, made a few pertinent remarks at the morning service and the singing by the chorus choir and a quartet, under the direction of Chorister Thomas, was excellent, as was the sextet of male voices. At 12 o'clock, in place of the regular Sunday school session, a very enjoyable concert was given by members of the school, under the direction of the officers of the school and the teachers.

In the evening the newly elected installed at a public service, and addresses on the different branches of dresses on the different branches of Sunday school work were given by men prominent in this capacity. An orchestra furnished music, and there was also special singing by the choir. The church has lately been entirely renovated and presented a very attractive appearance yesterday, being trimmed with autumn leaves.

To the Honorable the Justices of the Superior Court, next to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of Middlesex:

Respectfully represents William D. Thorne, of Lowell in said County, that a ceremony of marriage was performed between the libellant and Mary A. Thorne, whose residence to your petitioner is unknown, at the City of Fall River, County of Bristol in said Commonwealth on the sixth day of April, 1901, but he denies that he was on said day or at any time legally married to the libellee, but says that, at the time said marriage was performed the said libellee had a husband living named Harry Dickinson, who resided at the time of said ceremony in the Philippine Islands, but whose residence is now unknown to the libellant, and which said marriage was in force on and after the day of his alleged marriage to the libellee.

Wherefore the petitioner prays that by decree of this Honorable Court, the said marriage may be pronounced to be, and to have been, at and from the time of its celebration null and void, and that such further relief may be granted to your libellant in the premises as to right and law may pertain.

Dated at Lowell this ninth day of September, 1904. WM. D. THORNE.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, Middlesex, ss. Superior Court, Sept. 19th, A. D. 1904.

Upon the libel aforesaid, it is ordered that the libellant notify the libellee to appear before our Justices of said Court, at Cambridge, in said County, on the first Monday of November next, by causing an attested copy of said libel and of the order thereon, to be published in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, once a week, three weeks successively, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before the said last mentioned day, and that an attested copy of said libel and order thereon be sent by registered letter to the last known residence of the libellee, that she may then and there show cause, if any she have, why the prayer in said libel set forth should not be granted. THEO. C. HURD, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and of the order thereon.

Attest, THEO. C. HURD, Clerk.

STATE OFEICIALS

Already at Work in Districting Task

The work of districting the state for the taking of the decennial census of the commonwealth, as authorized by chapter 423 of the acts of 1904, has begun at the state house under the direction of W. G. Grundy of the bureau of statistics of labor. This is one of the important preliminary steps to the big undertaking. Mr. Grundy will occupy room 441 at the state house during the prosecution of this part of the work.

The information to be sought by the census, as provided by the legislative act, shall relate to population and social statistics, manufactures, trade, mining and quarrying, agricultural products and property, fisheries, commerce, libraries and schools and school property. The information to be gathered as to population and social statistics shall include an enumeration of the inhabitants and special enumeration of the legal voters residing in each city and town and in each ward in each city of the commonwealth on the first day of May in the census year, namely 1905.

For this enumeration the state will be divided into 1181 districts. This means that the bureau must employ 1181 enumerators, one for each district. The statute provides that the whole number of enumerators shall not exceed one for every 300 persons in each city or town.

There is a proviso that for the enumeration of the inhabitants and legal voters at least one person shall be appointed and compensated in each city and town, and every person appointed an enumerator shall be an inhabitant of the city or town in which he is to perform the duty required.

The selection of enumerators will be made as follows:

"The mayor and aldermen of cities and the selectmen of towns may nominate twice as many persons as there are enumerators to be appointed in each city and town, and of the persons thus nominated there shall be appointed as enumerators under the provisions of this act, those found best qualified for the work, as determined by such rules and tests as the said chief may fix, subject to the approval of the civil service commissioners of the commonwealth.

In case the mayor and aldermen or selectmen do not nominate a sufficient number of persons thus found to be properly qualified, within 30 days after being requested to do so, then the said chief may appoint, subject to such tests as to qualifications as are herein provided for, the additional number required. In case any enumerator shall be found incompetent or derelict in the performance of his duty his commission may at any time be revoked by said chief and another enumerator appointed in his place."

If the cities and towns all make their nominations, therefore, the chief of the bureau will have 2362 names before him from which to draw his 1181 enumerators. The enumerators will be given a little test to show whether they are qualified for the work. Previous to this test they will all be furnished instructions with which they are expected to familiarize themselves for the taking of the census. The test will disclose whether they have thus familiarized themselves.

The work will take two months; that is, the statute provides that on and before May 1 next the bureau shall transmit to the enumerators selected printed schedules relating to the population and social statistics, with such instructions as the bureau may deem necessary, and a notice "that the returns upon such schedules must be made to the office of said bureau on or before the last day of June."

All enumerators will be sworn to the faithful performance of their duties.

Special agents may be appointed by the bureau for the purpose of securing statistics of the dependent, defective and delinquent classes. These agents also will be sworn in.

Each enumerator will receive $3 for each day of nine hours "actually employed" in the service, and each special agent will receive $5.00 for every such day.

About Dec. 1, according to Frank H. Brown, first clerk of the bureau, negotiations will be opened with the national government for the census of manufacturers. Under the census act the chief of the bureau is authorized to contract with the director of the U. S. census for the rendering of certain service in connection with the statistics of manufactures.

This census undertaking is not only important but expensive. The bureau is authorized to expend $350,000 as the maximum cost of the census of inhabitants and industries, exclusive of the cost of paper for schedules and of printing, stereotyping and binding the three volumes of census provided for.

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE

HAD A WELL ATTENDED MEETING LAST EVENING.

A largely attended meeting of the United Irish League was held in Barristers' hall last evening and considerable routine business was transacted. It was erroneously announced that Rev. Fr. Mullin was to speak last evening. He is to speak at a future meeting, the date of which has not yet been settled upon.

The following named committee was appointed to organize a Gaelic class: Michael Casey, Christopher Mitchell, John McCabe, Misses Mary Downs, Nellie Dolan and Margaret Hickey.

The crowd at a larger hall was forcibly demonstrated last evening, for half the members were unable to gain admission, and the following committee was appointed to secure larger quarters: Michael Connolly, Cornelius Desmond, Christopher Mitchell and Michael Welch.

A very enjoyable musical program was carried out, including songs by Miss Nellie McDonough, Annie Connor, John Duffy and Patrick Skiffington.

The meeting adjourned to meet next Sunday in Jackson hall.

FINNERTY'S JOB

HIS CANDIDACY LOST HIM HIS JOB.

Every man Donahue called at city hall yesterday morning and when asked what he was doing these days replied: "I'm looking for Hughie Finnerty for the water board."

Poor Finnerty is looking for the man who started the story that he was a candidate for the water board.

It seems that a few weeks ago he obtained a job in the water department and was beginning to like it first class when some joker in the common council voted for him for the water board and one or two others followed suit. Then it got around that Finnerty was a candidate for the water board, and a day or two afterward he lost his job on the water works.

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

THE BALTIC FLEET

May Turn the Tide of Victory

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 3, 2 a. m.—Announcement is made that Emperor Nicholas will visit Reval on Tuesday to bid farewell to the Baltic squadron. After months of preparations and several false starts, it is believed that the squadron is at last on the eve of its departure upon its long journey. A division in the admiralty has existed throughout the period of preparation regarding the advisability of sending out the squadron, but with the decision to double the size of the Manchurian army and press the war with vigor, the logic of those who for months have insisted that every available ship should be despatched to the Far East, has finally prevailed. The argument that no complete victory over the Japanese is impossible unless the command of the sea is wrested from them, could not be overcome and though much valuable time has been lost and the moment seems inauspicious, it is officially intimated that an irrevocable decision has been taken to despatch the Baltic fleet, even if the Port Arthur squadron be annihilated before its arrival there.

It is realized that the squadron, which on paper is about equal in fighting strength to that of the Japanese fleet, will be much better able to encounter the foe now than next spring, after the Japanese ships have had all winter to clean, repair and refit.

While hopes are still entertained that Port Arthur may be able to hold out until the appearance of the Baltic fleet, the question of the fall of that stronghold does not, apparently, enter greatly into the calculations of the admiralty. The only thing expected of the Port Arthur squadron is to break out of the harbor and inflict as much damage as possible upon Admiral Togo's fleet. Such ships as escape are expected to make their way to Vladivostok, where the repairs upon the cruiser Bogatyr are understood to have been practically completed and those on the Rossia and Gromboi are nearing completion.

The question of the war in the Far East will depend upon the issue of a sea fight after the arrival of the Baltic fleet. Vladivostok, although ice-bound in winter for commercial ships can easily be kept open for a fleet of war vessels by means of ice breakers. If the Japanese fleet is caught in such a weakened condition that the Baltic ships are able to win a victory, officials here hold that other problems will solve themselves and, with Japanese communications, severed, the Japanese army on the mainland will be at the mercy of the Russians. This boldly announced program seems to stake the whole issue upon sea fighting. The Japanese ships, it must be remembered, have been in active service seven months. No matter how gently the efficiency of the guns and the speed of the vessels have been impaired, the crews of Admiral Togo's ships have enjoyed the prestige of continuous victories, while opposed to them will be a fleet of brand new ships, more or less tried, and none of which have yet fired a shot in actual warfare, and whose crews have never yet been under fire.

The Associated Press hears, however, that important conditions are attached to the program outlined above. According to this information, the Baltic fleet will be started for the Far East, but the continuation of the voyage to its destination will depend primarily upon how the ships themselves stand the actual sailing test, and, secondly, upon developments in the Far East. Should all go well with the squadron on the voyage and Rear Admiral Wiren be able to strike a telling blow upon Admiral Togo, even if half of his ships go to the bottom, the Baltic squadron will be hurried on with all possible speed. If defects develop in the vessels, or if Wiren fails utterly, the squadron can at the worst, return and await the completion of other ships now building. Nothing, it is argued, will be lost and much may be gained by the mere departure of the squadron, and the fact that it may have to be reckoned with later, may make Admiral Togo wary about risking his ships when the time comes for Rear Admiral Wiren's sortie and thus gave the latter a better opportunity to escape.

No official despatches from the front were published on Sunday. The military situation, so far as the public is concerned, remains unchanged. Numberless stories are afloat regarding important commands with the new army and the disposition of various prominent officers whose names have been mentioned in conection therewith but nothing conclusive has yet been given out. It is merely evident that preparations for the despatch of fresh troops are being pushed as rapidly as possible.

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REPORTED BATTLE OFF PORT ARTHUR

LONDON, Oct. 3.—According to a Japanese correspondent in the Morning Post, a sally from Port Arthur would only be attempted in the last extremity and when the surrender of the garrison could not longer be postponed. Because the waterworks are in the hands of the besiegers and the shore water condensing apparatus has been ruined by the Japanese shell fire the correspondent adds that the garrison is dependent now upon the condensers of the fleet for fresh water.

Shanghai despatches to the Standard and the Daily Telegraph, are to the effect that a naval battle has been fought off Port Arthur. Neither of these reports has been confirmed, the correspondents say, and they probably are only surmises.

The Chronicle's Liao Yang correspondent says there was a truce Saturday at Port Arthur to bury the dead. The Russian and Japanese officers, he says, exchanged greetings, after which the bombardment was recommenced with its old-time vigor. There is little change in the relative positions of the opposing forces.

The Standard's correspondent with the Japanese army says that progress is making with the field railway from Antung, which will eventually join with the line at Liao Yang. Its completion, he says, will double the Japanese lines.

The Daily Telegraph's Shimintin correspondent telegraphing Oct. 2, comments on the indecision displayed in the Japanese plans. He says their present scheme around Mukden has been abandoned and that they are awaiting reinforcements from the fall of Port Arthur. These are signs of weakness.

The Japanese, the correspondent adds, are pressing for the expulsion of all British and other correspondents from Port Arthur if they should visit that port.

CITY HALL NOTES

The common council will meet tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

The park commission will meet tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock and the water board at 8 o'clock.

The overseers of the poor will meet at City hall tomorrow evening to approve bills and between the charter, the city solicitor, the civil service law and the recent workhouse law that is about the only function left for them to perform.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

Gilbride's Busy Corner

Gilbride's
MERRIMACK & PALMER STREETS

Gilbride's Busy Corner

We give Merchants' Legal Stamps—The Best Stamp. FREE. Anybody Starting the Collection of Merchants' Legal Stamps Can have $3.00 Worth of Stamps Free by Calling at Our Stamp Booth.

The First Monday of the New Season Finds This Reliable Corner Store Crowded With Tempting Bargains

DRAPERY DEPT., BASEMENT

The absolute confidence in our Muslin Curtains and their prices, which the wise buyers of the market have, is the outcome of long experience. It is the rock foundation upon which our curtain business rests and grows. Prudent buyers, attention please.

One lot Lace Curtain Ends, they are drummers' samples, 1½ yards long and 50 inches wide, well worth 37½c. We will close the lot out at ..... 19c Each

Ruffle Muslins, striking patterns, 2½ yards long ..... 25c Pair

Nottingham Lace Curtains ..... 89c Pair

Opaque Window Shades, all colors 19 Cents

In this department you will find an excellent line of Rugs, Portieres and Upholstery goods.

DOMESTIC DEPT., BASEMENT

BLANKETS Almost everyone can judge pretty closely as to the quality of a blanket. If the wool is soft and fine, a touch shows it. If the weaving is close and the yarn generous you see it at a glance. There's no excuse for anyone with eyes or fingers who unwittingly buys a poor blanket. If you buy your blankets here you may depend on it they are reliable. We offer grey and white wool blankets, red, blue and pink borders, silk bound, full bed size, worth $4.50 a pair. Special price for just one week $3.49

QUILTS There are quilts and quilts. The slimpsy, fiddle-stringed sorts are dear at any price—we've no place for them. But there's a hearty welcome for first-class quilts at less than regular prices—like these: Fine quality White Crochet Quilts, Marseilles patterns, neatly hemmed, double bed size, the $1.00 grade for 79c

READY MADE SHEETS It's not a scanty, meagre stock we ask you to select from and the present is a good time to buy for future needs. Seamless Sheets made from standard 2¼ yard wide sheeting, hemmed, hand-torn finer web, good value at 55c each. While they last 49c

WASH DRESS GOODS

Here's another offering the like of which brings our store into prominence: 100 pieces "Arnold's" Superfine Flanelettes, light and dark grounds, neat dots, stripes, figures, suitable for Wrappers, Dressing Sacks, Shirt Waists, etc. First quality goods, retailed elsewhere at 15c yard, our price ..... 12 1-2c Yard

Gilbride's Dept. Store
Merrimack and Palmer Streets

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5.48	6.60	6.00	7.04
6.28	7.40	6.80	7.26
e6.59	7.30	7.54	8.32
a6.45	7.38	8.25	9.01
e7.01	8.02	e9.00	9.87
ae7.24	8.10	9.20	9.57
e7.31	8.50	e10.00	10.37
7.48	8.35	n10.17	11.75
a7.52	10.05	e11.30	12.07
8.50	9.40	12.00	12.53
9.22	10.40	e1.00	1.37
11.00	12.09	2.15	2.52
e11.48	12.25	2.00	3.01
a12.14	1.00	e3.00	3.37
1.40	2.50	3.30	4.05
e1.35	2.30	a3.47	5.00
e2.47	4.30	4.14	5.20
ea4.02	4.45	e5.00	5.37
4.25	5.30	5.38	6.24
ea5.22	6.12	e5.47	6.54
a5.44	7.00	6.14	7.30
ea6.12	6.55	e7.30	8.08
ea7.29	8.10	e8.30	9.08
8.42	9.30	10.30	11.24
		11.20	12.21

SUNDAY TRAINS

e6.53	7.30	9.00	10.00
e7.24	8.10	e10.00	10.37
8.45	9.40	e11.30	12.07
a3.20	10.15	1.50	2.57
a3.25	4.30	5.01	7.39
e5.20	6.20	e7.30	8.08
e6.32	6.55	e8.30	9.08
e7.25	8.10	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6.50	7.56	7.30	8.24
8.00	8.04	9.25	10.31
9.25	10.37	10.45	11.40
10.50	12.00	11.30	1.06
12.05	1.27	2.15	3.20
12.45	1.53	3.36	4.50
2.30	3.31	4.50	5.49
3.10	4.05	6.04	7.05
3.55	5.00	6.35	7.47
5.05	6.10	9.30	10.36
6.15	7.10	B11.15	12.18
7.00	8.05		
9.15	10.20		

SUNDAY TRAINS

9.15	9.26	9.00	9.43
12.10	2.24	12.00	1.00
3.55	4.52	6.00	6.25
5.20	6.54	8.49	9.40
8.45	9.44		

*Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

aVia Bedford.

eExpress.

sFrom Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

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POWERFUL

How We May Attract Others to Ourselves

THE RIGHT KEY

With It, Every Man and Woman Can Become Happy and Powerful.

Men and women have one great power—to attract others to them and help make the world happy. When we are happy, we diminish largely the unhappiness in the world. When men and women are happy they are kind. An unhappy man is usually a nervous, unkind man. All men and women can become happy and powerful if they have the right key. Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force is the correct key to the situation. It opens the current of life by starting dormant circulation and gives you mental force. It is the greatest nerve, heart, lung and blood remedy offered by druggists and backed by over 21 years of marvelous cures. As a destroyer of disease germs it has no equal. It makes men and women strong, vigorous, cheerful and courageous. There is not a drop of alcohol or injurious drugs in it, but a vegetable compound so happily compounded that every vital organ in the body is brought into harmony. It is the axis of vitality and forces out all impurities from the blood, especially uric acid, which is the direct cause of rheumatism and kindred diseases.

Thousands have said it, thousands are saying it, and millions are waiting to say it. The past year thousands of bottles have been sold right here in this city, and in every instance it was recommended by the druggist selling it, because every druggist knows its merits—knows it is a superior remedy for tired, overworked men and women. The druggists are also aware that it does not contain any alcohol or poisonous drugs; that it is not a patent medicine, but Dr. Bartlett's own prescription in use over 21 years.

Read what one of Lowell's leading barbers says:

"Having known of several cases where this wonderful medicine worked permanent cures when all other remedies had failed, and hearing many of my friends speak very highly in its favor, I determined to try Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force and bought a bottle at the Zopher Drug Co.'s store. To my mind it is the best medicine for the blood and stomach, especially where there is much biliousness. I shall always recommend Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force because I know it cures. It is such a pleasant tasting medicine that no one could find any objection and it is not to be wondered at that it is in great demand and why everybody is speaking strongly about it.

(Signed) "PETER PARADIS,
"21 Middlesex St., Lowell, Mass.

Dr. Bartlett's Current of Life Tablets, a guaranteed cure for rush of blood, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, liver ills, etc. (mild laxative), 25c. a box.

Patients from all over New England consult Dr. Bartlett at his office, 106 Merrimack street. They know about the great cures he has wrought where other physicians failed, and that is why his office is always crowded. Call and see him today and he is sure to cure you where a cure is possible.

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"THE PEN IS MIGHTIER THAN THE SWORD."

MRS. F. E. DUNBAR

Will Unveil Statue of General Poor

CEREMONY AT HACKENSACK, N. J.

Gen. Poor Was a Leading Revolutionary Hero

To Mrs. F. E. Dunbar of this city has been assigned the honor of unveiling a statue to the memory of her great, great, grandfather, Brigadier General Enoch Poor, one of the bravest and best soldiers of the Revolution, which ceremony will take place in Hackensack, N. J., October 7.

The statue has been erected on "the triangular green between the old First Reformed church burying ground and the Bergen County courthouse. This site was given by the commission of the borough. It is within one hundred and fifty feet of General Poor's grave in a corner of the historic burying ground of the church. The monument was designed and erected by John L. and William Passmore Meeker of Newark, N. J. It is a marked departure from the conventional. There is a bronze figure of about seven feet six inches in height, on a granite pedestal about fifteen feet in height. On the front of the pedestal there is a bronze tablet bearing an appropriate inscription. The cost of this monument was about $2500. Of this amount the state of New Jersey contributed $500, the state of New Hampshire $500, Sons of American Revolution of New Hampshire $300, and the rest of the money was given by the patriotic citizens of Hackensack and the New Jersey State Society of Sons of the American Revolution.

General Poor was born in Andover, Mass., June 21, 1736. Shortly afterwards he became a citizen of New Hampshire, which always claimed him as her son. He traced his ancestry to Roger Poor, a captain in William the Conqueror's army, who became bishop of Sarum, lord high chancellor of England, and for a brief time regent. He learned the trade of a cabinet-maker and afterward became a shipbuilder at Exeter, N. H. When the War of the Revolution broke out in 1775, he raised a New Hampshire regiment, of which he became colonel. In 1777 he was promoted to be a brigadier general in the Continental army, and he had a conspicuous part in the battle at Saratoga, his brigade sweeping the British before it on September 19, 1777. In the summer of 1778 he fought gallantly at Monmouth. The following year he was with General John Sullivan in his Indian campaign, and led his troops in the battle at Newtown, now Elmira, on August 29, 1779. At the request of Lafayette he was transferred to one of the two brigades of light infantry under the gallant Frenchman. His death occurred at Hackensack, where he was stationed in 1780, and there were imposing military honors at his funeral and burial in the village cemetery, Washington and Lafayette being among those present.

The following are the members of the committee of arrangements for unveiling the monument: Andrew W. Bray, Newark, chairman; Oscar H. Condit, East Orange; Colonel James R. Mulliken, Newark; Dr. Charles F. Adams, the Rev. E. T. Sanford, the Rev. Dr. W. W. Holley, Colonel Holley and E. K. Bird, Hackensack.

Mrs. Dunbar who will unveil the statue is the wife of Frank E. Dunbar, the well known attorney and the daughter of Jacob Rogers.

She will be accompanied to Hackensack by her husband, and also her sister, Mrs. Frederick A. Flather of Chicago, Ill., who came east last Tuesday, and is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rogers.

Parties from other sections of the country, who are connected with the Poor family will attend. Mr. and Mrs. Dunbar and Mrs. Flather will be entertained by Dr. and Mrs. Charles Francis Adams while in Hackensack.

The New York militia is to be present at the unveiling and the military organizations will be a feature of the procession to be held.

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CUT IN SALARIES

Basket Ball Managers Take Action

JOHN SMITH RESIGNED FROM LEAGUE

Sold His Players to Connie Driscoll

Yesterday's meeting of the New England basketball league held at the Parker house, Boston, was a most important one, and much business was transacted. The withdrawal of the Manchester team from the league, and the selling of its players by Manager John F. Smith to Connie P. Driscoll of Haverhill was a feature.

The meeting was called to order by Pres. Fred A. Cummings, with the following present: William Hayes, representing Healey of the Newburyport team, who is in the hospital at present as the result of a baseball accident; Goodnow of the Lawrence team, Gray of Lowell, McDonald and O'Sullivan of Brockton and Driscoll of Haverhill. Pres. Cummings acted for the New Bedford team.

A communication was received from John F. Smith, manager of the Manchester, N. H., team, withdrawing from the league. This was evidently caused by the league's refusal last Sunday to give Smith a transfer from Manchester to Natick. All the managers had a good word to say, regarding Smith, and when his resignation was accepted it was voted that the secretary be directed to thank Mr. Smith for the good he has done the league in seasons past.

J. R. Goodnow, representing Daniel Sullivan, owner of the Lawrence team, said that he thought Lawrence would not be a paying town for his team and as he had talked the situation over with Charles Hoey of Natick, who backed the Natick team last year, and arranged matters satisfactory he desired to be transferred from Lawrence to Natick. This matter was adjusted satisfactorily and the celebrated South Framingham quintet will wear the Natick colors, while last year's Natick aggregation will represent Newburyport and will be owned and managed by Hugh H. Healey and John R. Ryan.

As every team in the league was represented but Fall River, Connie Driscoll of Haverhill was instructed to see Mattie Hickey, manager of the Fall River team, and learn what he had done. Driscoll of Haverhill, Gray of Lowell and Goodnow of the Natick team were appointed on the schedule committee.

Smith of Manchester sold his entire team, consisting of Qualey, Devlin, Lynch, Healey, Donnelly, Mathieu and Fox to Driscoll, who bought with the intention of helping out his friend Murphy, who holds the New Bedford franchise.

A communication was received from the latter, who is at present in Harrisburg, Penn., playing ball, to the effect that he had secured Fox, Plant, the Loos brothers, Glassey, Marshal, Walton, Weiser and Zawzle. These players combined with what Driscoll has bought will give Murphy more than enough.

Gray of Lowell, however, was interested in the players that the whaler manager had on his list, as the Loos brothers, both of whom played with him last year, are signed by him for this season also. As the Brockton contingent are howling for the old Burke players that Smith sold to Driscoll it is not at all improbable that they will be wearing the Brockton colors this coming season.

Many important changes were made in the constitution and bylaws. Forfeit money to the amount of $100 must be deposited with the treasurer. The visiting team shall receive $25 and 25 percent of the gate receipts. Owing to the fact that many of the clubs use different balls, some lighter, and others heavier, it was voted to use a certain imported ball, to be paid for by the league, the umpires to carry the ball with them.

Another change that will interest the players, particularly, was the fact that the salaries were cut, and that outside the captain, who will be given $25, no player will be paid more than $20 a week.

The five-foul rule that caused more or less confusion among scoring last season has been eliminated and the umpire will be given the power to rule off the floor any player that he thinks is getting too strenuous. Instead of having the games called at 8.15 as was the case last year the managers have been given the right to have a preliminary game before the regular league game, which will not have to be started before 9 o'clock.

The meeting was adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

SIXTH INFANTRY

Was First in the State Shoot

The state rifle competition for teams of 15, 10 shots each at 500 and 600 yards, held Saturday at the state range at Reading was won by the team of the 6th Infantry, with a combined score of 1215.

The conditions under which the competition was held were unfavorable. The light varied from the glare of the sun to the gray of a heavily clouded sky. At times the men were shooting in a sharp shower. The wind was freaky, sometimes reaching a velocity of 20 miles an hour, and ranging in direction from 5 to 9 o'clock, the air was cold and raw.

Col. James G. White, IGRP, was in charge of the competition. The following officers were in charge of details: Maj. Howard S. Dearing, 1st heavy artillery, medical department; Lieut.-Col. George H. Benyon, AIG, range officer at 500 yards; Lieut.-Col. Edward J. Gihon, AIG, range officer at 600 yards; Lieut. Col. John Perrins Jr., AIG, statistical officer; Maj. W. B. Emery, AIG RP, at the 500-yard pit; Capt. Roy B. Baker, headquarters 2d brigade, at the 600-yard pit; Lieut. Christopher Harrison, telephone communication; Capt. John P. Kane, paymaster. The summary of the Sixth Infantry was as follows:

SIXTH INFANTRY.

	500 yds	600 yds	Ttl
Sergt. Keough	41	38	82
Private Reid	44	36	80
Maj. Sweetser	42	35	77
Col. Sergt. Faber	42	35	77
Private Hart	45	39	84
Private Stewart	45	41	89
Private Hanton	43	38	81
Private Heuber	42	44	86
Private Peterson	38	35	71
Private Leary	40	43	83
Private Jetts	45	39	84
Private McMillan	42	39	81
Private Cronin	40	34	74
Private Bourgeois	39	41	80
Private Chesley	42	39	81
Totals	633	582	1215

The Ninth Infantry made the lowest score the summary being as follows:

NINTH INFANTRY.

Corp. Sweeney	43	32	75
Private Sweeney	40	32	72
Private Murray	40	34	74
Private Carleton	33	33	66
Private Twombly	33	36	69
Sergt. Clancy	33	35	65
Capt. McNulty	36	25	61
Lieut. McArdle	32	31	63
Capt. Dunn	42	31	73
Sergt. Sheehan	17	15	32
Sergt. Wood	27	14	41
Corp. McCarthy	34	28	62
Col. Donovan	36	15	51
Corp. Riley	34	21	55
Private Durward	42	31	73
Totals	519	419	938

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Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Only

Cream of Wheat, pkg. 11c
Blue Label Catsup......17c bot.
Boston Baked Beans, 3 lb. can 7c
10 lb. pail Silver Leaf Lard..95c
Maine Hebron Potatoes..18c pk.
Liebig's Beef Extract 17c per jar
Ivory Soap...............4c bar
Golden Rose Flour.......92c bag
Presto pkg. 8c

Teas

"Golden Rose" brand Formosa, Oolong, English Breakfast or Mixed, 3 lbs. $1.00; per lb. 35c
3 for 1 Legal or Green Stamps.

Coffees

"Golden Rose" Mocha and Java Coffee, lb. 20c
"Pride of Aden" Mocha and Java Coffee, lb. 25c
3 for 1 Legal or Green Stamps.

Fresh Laid Eggs

Fresh laid and carefully selected. ... consignment in our stock. ... brand, doz..........22c
... "Grove" fancy near-by ... stock, doz. 28c

Father John's Medicine, $1.00 per bottle. ... of Green or Legal Stamps.

Fancy Head Rice, 2 lbs. 15c. $1.00 w... Green or Legal Stamps.

"Golden Rose" Flour per bbl. **$7.25;** per bag **92c.**
"Golden Rose" Vermont Creamery Butter **23c lb.**
$1.15 per 5 lb. box.

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I wish to call your attention to one of the best opportunities for investments ever offered at public auction. Owner forced to sell by reason of removal from state. Four tenement block of 4 rooms each, situated at the corner of Jewett and L street, has a frontage of 38 feet on Jewett and 58 feet on L street, and is in the best of repair inside and out, is all piped for water and gas and has good sewerage, and has the best permanent tenants and rents for

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TERMS: $200 must be paid or secured to auctioneer at time and place of sale. Balance on liberal terms. The property can be seen at any time from this date. Make all inquiries of auctioneer.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

To be sold under power given in power of sale mortgage the following described property: Horses, wagons, harnesses and sleighs, Tuesday, Oct. 4, 1904, at 10 a.m., at 949 Bridge street. Per order

JAMES T. HENRY.
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AUCTION

TOMORROW, OCT. 4, 1904, AT 9 A.M. SHARP, as I am going to California with my family, I shall positively sell at auction at my home, 499 STEVENS STREET, all of my household goods and furniture, consisting of 1 parlor set, sofa, couch, easy chairs and rockers, 1 piano, 1 mahogany dining table with dining chairs, chinaware, black walnut chamber sets with spring beds, brass and iron beds with springs attached. A number of antique pieces, such as writing desk, mahogany bureau, highboy, pier table, tables, warming pan, shovels, tongs, etc.; mattings, carpets, rugs, pictures, easels, mirrors, lace curtains, shades, 1 gas range, 1 cook range, sewing machine, screens, doors, double windows, canned fruit and everything that goes with a first-class house, as Mr. Adams was in the furniture business for 25 years. Per order of

FRANK S. ADAMS.

P. S.—As Mrs. S. J. Cushing, widow of the late Sheriff Cushing, is moving to another place she will sell some of her furniture AT THIS SALE, consisting of 1 writing desk, which cost $150, chairs, pictures, crockery and many other things. Per order of

TERMS: Cash. MRS. S. J. CUSHING.

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New Premiums Arriving Every Day. Collect the S. & H. Green Stamps

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A Splendid Showing of Fall Novelties

Everything is here that Dame Fashion says is right. Beautiful weaves from the looms of both foreign and domestic manufacturers.

Our selection has been made with an eye to quality and finish and you'll agree with us when you see the line that we have selected wisely and well. The prices are reasonable and we assure our readers if they favor us with a call that 'tis "no trouble" but a real pleasure to show these handsome fabrics. A few brief details concerning them:

Dress Goods

52 INCH MOHAIR, high lustre, navy, brown and black 59c

52 INCH ROXANA GRANITES, two blues, two browns and black 75c

38 INCH EXTRA HEAVY ALL WOOL VENETIAN, three shades of brown, garnet, blue and black, 50c

38 INCH PANETTE CLOTH, medium weight, nothing more desirable for shirt waist suits, with all above mentioned colors, including light and dark green, mode and tan............50c

52 INCH FANCY MOHAIR MIXTURES, stripe effect 69c

50 INCH SUITING, mannish effect, blue, brown and black $1.00

Dress Goods

50 INCH BROADHEAD CHEVIOT, blue and black, $1.00

56 INCH COVERT, 56 and 62 in rain and shower proofs, in every desirable shade............$1.50

56 INCH ENGLISH COVERT, extra heavy.....$2.00

52 INCH OLD FASHIONED HOMESPUN, shades of grey and brown $1.00

52 INCH PANAMA CANVAS, brown and black, $1.00

44 INCH ROYAL GRANITES, all colors........69c

52 INCH GERMAN UNFINISHED WORSTED, black only $1.50

Silks Silks

COLORED TAFFETA, plain and changeable. 59c and 75c

20 INCH BLACK PEAU DE SOIE, warranted....69c

20 INCH MESSALINETTE, soft finish, all colors and black 69c

22 INCH BLACK SWISS TAFFETA, will not crush or cut 75c

24 INCH BLACK TAFFETA, electric finish.....89c

Silks Silks

36 INCH BLACK TAFFETA, water and spot proof, wear guaranteed $1.37½

36 INCH SATINS, all colors. These are guaranteed for two seasons. They are safest and most desirable fabric for outlining............$1.00

19 INCH VELVET, all colors and black..........59c

27 INCH EXTRA HEAVY VELVETA—this comes in black and is used mostly for suits, children's coats, etc. $1.00

THE WEATHER

The indications are that it will be fair tonight and Tuesday. There will probably be fresh westerly winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

6 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL MASS. MONDAY OCTOBER 3 1904 | 10 PAGES ONE CENT

NIGHT EDITION

FINAL TRIBUTE

Many Public Officials Attended Funeral of Senator Hoar

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 3.—The city of Worcester today abandoned her usual activities to bow beside the body of her foremost citizen, Senator George Frisbie Hoar, while the state of Massachusetts and in a large measure, the nation sympathized with the municipality in her grief.

The funeral service was held in the church of the Unity. In harmony with the unostentatious life of the senator and in accordance with his expressed wish, there was no elaborate ceremony or display, though the great love of the people of Worcester and of the commonwealth induced the family to subordinate their own feeling to the desire of the public and admit, in so far as the very limited capacity of the building would allow, a general attendance at the church and to permit the body later to lie in state in the city hall. Friends had suggested that the service be held in Mechanics hall, a large auditorium, but the senator's family would not consent, so just before 2.30 this afternoon, after prayers at the homestead on Oak street, the body was borne to the unpretentious wooden building on Elm street, which the senator attended and in whose councils he had influential part since its organization.

SERVICE FOR THE FAMILY.

Rev. Edward Everett Hale conducted prayers at the home. Only members of the immediate household and a few neighbors attended this short service. The body was then placed in the hearse by the active pall bearers. They were: Charles F. Aldrich of Worcester, Attorney General Herbert Parker of Lancaster, W. F. Farber of Concord, assistant district attorney, George S. Taft, William E. Barret of Boston, T. Hovey Gage of Worcester, John M. Merriam of South Framingham, Edward C. Goodwin of Worcester, William E. Garland of Concord, Charles M. Goodell of Worcester and Frederick W. Eaton of Concord.

The honorary bearers, Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Nahant, T. Jefferson Coolidge of Manchester, Charles Adams of Lincoln, Attorney General William H. Moody of Haverhill, W. Murray Crane of Dalton, General William F. Draper of Hopedale, Judge Francis C. Lowell of Boston, Colonel George H. Lyman of Boston, Stephen Salisbury, Henry A. Marsh, Dr. G. Stanley Hall and William T. Rice of Worcester, the active bearers and the family escorted the body to the church of the Unity.

BUSINESS SUSPENDED.

The way taken by the short procession was lined with silent throngs. Not only was the public and private business of the city suspended, but the post office, by order of the attorney general was closed. The public schools also were closed, and the colleges and academies of the city suspended their sessions, after a morning devoted to memorial exercises to Senator Hoar.

The entire militia force of the city, four companies of infantry and a battery of light artillery, under arms, lined both sides of the streets to aid the police in the almost unnecessary effort to control the greatest crowd ever seen on the principal streets of the city. There was no sign of disturbance nor anything to call forth a show of authority. As the hearse passed, men bared their heads and many women sobbed.

The capacity of the church is small. It was necessary to limit the attendance to representatives of organizations to which the senator belonged and municipalities to one person for each. The city of Worcester, had its mayor for its only official representative at the service. The delegation from the United States senate and house of representatives and the representatives of the state of Massachusetts filled one-sixth of the seating capacity.

The national and state delegates came to Worcester by special train and after a short stay at one of the hotels went to the church. Immediately following them were the representatives of several city governments of the state and delegations from the great number of societies of which the senator was a member.

There was no music at the service.

DR. HALE'S EULOGY.

The eulogy was pronounced by Rev. Edward Everett Hale, who spoke as follows:

"I think that we, who knew him in his home life, feel as if no one else knew how to prize him, though a whole country is expressing admiration and

(Continued to Page Two.)

COMMON COUNCIL

Will Consider Several Loans Tomorrow Night

The meeting of the common council tomorrow evening promises to be interesting because of the fact that several loan orders will come before it and the lower branch always waxes eloquent when money is to be spent.

The order upon which the body is likely to split calls for $8500, for the paving with blocks of the floor of the Aiken street bridge and the repair of the bridge sidewalks. Originally it was intended to refloor the bridge with planks but it had been shown that the block pavement wears much longer and is much cheaper in the long run and for that run the new order for the block paving was introduced and passed in the board of aldermen.

Chief Hosmer also asks a loan of $3000 for repairs on steamer three and then there is on the table the amended schoolhouse loan order which at last writing called for $40,000 for a brick schoolhouse in Ennell street.

If the council is disposed to ballot the elections of a superintendent of streets and a member of the water board are before the body.

MATRIMONIAL

The marriage of Mr. John Burke and Miss Ellen Arundel took place last week from the parochial residence of St. Peter's church, Rev. Fr. Ronan performing the marriage ceremony. The bride was attended by Miss Christina Moody and the best man was Mr. Charles E. Moody. After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Moody, 36 Madison street, where a delightful reception was held, many friends calling to offer their congratulations. The bride was charmingly attired in brown nun's veiling and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. Her maid wore pale blue silk and carried roses. A sumptuous wedding supper was served and the happy couple were the recipients of many valuable wedding gifts. In the evening they departed on their honeymoon and upon their return will reside in Lawrence.

EVENING SCHOOLS

PREPARATIONS MADE FOR THEIR OPENING.

The sessions of the evening schools will open on October 17th and registration will be held on the Thursday and Friday preceding.

Hurdy gurdy music and minstrel show at the children's entertainment at Huntington hall Thursday afternoon, Oct. 6. Souvenir bags of candy will be distributed.

BIG JOHN

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It's pure; for your health and satisfaction keep Big John in your pipe—give the good old pipe a show with the best tobacco ever made.

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THOMPSONVILLE CONN.

GIRL ATTACKED

And Thrown From Aiken Street Bridge

THROWING LAURA THERIEN OVER THE BRIDGE RAIL.

By Vicious Marauder Saturday Night—Another Attack of a Similar Nature Made Near the Same Place—The Assailant Still at Large

Laura Therien, 18, was assaulted by an unknown man and thrown from the Aiken street bridge, falling a distance of 30 feet, about 8 o'clock, Saturday evening. Miss Therien is under a doctor's care and it is said that she will recover from the shock and injuries which she received. Miss Therien lives with her parents at 128 Aiken street and she is a very pretty girl. Another girl, living in almost the same locality, was accosted on the bridge a few minutes before the assault upon Miss Therien and presumably by the same man.

The other girl, Miss Regina Rondeau, 22, lives in Gaudette's yard off Tucker street. She managed to get away from the miserable wretch who selected the bridge for the scene of his cruelty.

The police are at work on the case, but, as Miss Therien is unable to give a good description of her assailant, they have little to work upon.

"You'll do as I say or I'll throw you over the bridge," were the harsh and threatening words used by the man who, because the girl battled for the preservation of her honor, threw her over the bridge. When he first spoke to her he said, "Hello, Mary," and stroked her face. She screamed and he throttled her. He struck her in the mouth knocking two of her teeth out and cutting her lips. Her clothes were torn in the struggle and while she was struggling and endeavoring to scream the human brute lifted her in his arms and threw her over the railing of the bridge. He then, it is alleged, ran away in the direction of Perkins street. The girl landed on the sand several feet below and not more than four feet from the water, where she lay unconscious.

Two young men, named Lemieux and Ouelette, went to the girl's assistance but her assailant had fled. They carried her home and Dr. S. D. Bellehumeur was summoned.

Her nerves were terribly shattered and she was bruised about the legs and body. The shock to her nervous system was intense and she was hysterical. After she regained, in a degree, her composure, she gave a description of the assailant. She said he was about 5 feet 2 inches in height and his face was covered with a beard of at least one week's growth. He wore dark clothing and a soft black hat. He was slight of stature and rather good looking.

Miss Therien had to go to the city for certain parcels from a dry goods store and on her return was attacked. It was nearly 8.30 when, at a dark spot, she heard somebody running or walking fast. She turned and a strange man was almost upon her. "Hello, Mary," he said. The stranger secured a hold on her face, and as she held her in his grasp, said, "You'll do as I say or I'll throw you over the bridge. She didn't do what he asked and he was true to his threat.

ANOTHER GIRL ATTACKED.

Miss Regina Rondeau, the other girl who was assaulted on the bridge, gives a description of her assailant that tallies almost exactly with that given by Miss Therien.

Miss Rondeau was badly scared but was not injured. She had visited her brother at 162 Lakeview avenue and was crossing a dark alleyway when a man grabbed her and asked her for a kiss. She hollered and her assailant ran away.

Her screams attracted the attention of Desire Ducharme, who carried her into his house and restoratives were applied.

The place where Miss Therien was assaulted is a lonely spot and dimly lighted, just such a place as a rascal would select for the committal of a dastardly deed.

Another young woman living in Ludlam street reported to the police that she was assaulted on the Aiken street bridge Thursday night.

Did you buy your hair at an auction?

At any rate, you seem to be getting rid of it on auction-sale principles: "going, going, g-o-n-e!" Stop the auction with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It checks falling hair, and always restores color to gray hair. Sold for over sixty years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

FRANK LAZELLE

APPOINTED SUPERINTENDENT OF SEWERS.

Frank Lazelle of the city engineer's office has been appointed superintendent of sewers and succeeds D. Web Bugbee who has been holding the position. Mr. Lazelle was first on the civil service list in the recent examination.

ALDERMAN WILSON

MAY NOT BE CANDIDATE FOR RENOMINATION.

Alderman Wilson announced at city hall this afternoon that he probably will not be a candidate for re-election. He said that he expects to be called west on business early in the spring and he may be absent three months.

The reunion and entertainment of the children of the Immaculate Conception parish will be held at Huntington hall Thursday afternoon, Oct. 6.

SEVEN MORE DEMOCRATS.

The registrars of voters added seven names to the check list this afternoon. The seven men are democrats.

EXTRA

PEACE CONGRESS

Great Convention Was Opened in Boston

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—Secretary of State John Hay, representing the United States of America, spoke the word of welcome this afternoon to the delegates to the international peace congress who assembled here for the first formal meeting of the thirteenth annual convention. President Geo. R. Jones, of the Massachusetts senate, extended the greeting of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, and Mayor Patrick A. Collins, that of Boston. Secretary Hay traced briefly the war history of this country and pointed out that the country's greatest men had been warm advocates of peace. He agreed with Tolstoi that religion is the remedy for war. He promised the administrations support, so far as practicable, of the principle of arbitration of such questions as may not be settled through diplomatic negotiations.

MANY DELEGATES

CAME FROM ABROAD TO ATTEND CONVENTION.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—Advocates of the adoption of principles of peace throughout the world had assembled in Boston from many quarters of the globe by today, to take part in the proceedings of the thirteenth international peace congress, opened formally today in this city. For several months plans have been made to make the congress the most notable, if possible, of all that have been held in the past, more especially, with regard to what was to be actually accomplished at the various meetings as practically aiding toward the consummation of peace throughout the world.

Many prominent delegates from abroad are here and they will participate in mass meetings to be held in the evenings of this week. The deliberative sessions of accredited delegates to the congress have been arranged for the forenoons of the week.

Among the subjects to come up for action at the deliberative proceedings is that of adopting some effective method of urging the powers of the world to use every good office at their command to bring about the end of the present Russo-Japanese war. Another subject, considered of primary importance by the delegates, will be that of a proposed reduction of armaments by the powers.

Secretary of State Hay was the central figure of today's proceedings of the congress. A public meeting was arranged for 2 o'clock this afternoon in Tremont temple, when Mr. Hay was to extend the welcome of the national government to the delegates.

It was arranged that President Geo. R. Jones of the Massachusetts senate, should extend the welcome of the commonwealth in place of Governor Bates.

A feature of the forenoon was the religious service held at the South Congregational church, which was conducted by Rev. Edward Everett Hale, the pastor emeritus of the society. Among the speakers were Rev. Edward Cummings, the pastor; Bishop Mallalieu of the Methodist church and Rev. Francis H. Rowley, of the First Baptist church. Similar services, all in the interest of the furtherance of peace, will be held every morning this week as the same church. Later in the morning a large number of the foreign delegates attended a reception at the Cambridge home of Prof. Hugo Munsterberg, of the Germanic department of Harvard University.

"Hand Made."

POET 10¢ CIGAR NOTHING BETTER

"Union Made."

WANTED—Woman would like housework. Apply 300 Middlesex st., rear No. 4.

WANTED—A young girl about 16 years old for light housework. Call at 282 High st.

WANTED—Kitchen girl wanted. 46 Massachusetts Corp.

WANTED Lady of good education for unique and refined employment for fall or longer, good salary, only those willing to learn and desiring work need apply. Give street and number, address A. K., care of Sun.

BOODLE COMBINE

Ex-Speaker Makes a Confession

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 3.—In a written confession today Charles F. Kelley, speaker of the house of delegates during a period in the life of the boodle combine, relates the story of that combine. He declares that Edward Butler, a prominent local politician, promised himself and others implicated that the next circuit attorney would be "all right" and promised if they would remain firm he would secure for them either continuances until the new circuit attorney took office or pardons afterwards. He declares that Butler said the new circuit attorney, for which office nominations are to be made by the democrats today, would "be his man." Kelley declares he refused this offer and that he makes this confession to ease his conscience, to obey the requests of his wife and to do what he can to make atonement to the public and prevent other young men from following the path which he declares has led him to ruin.

In his confession, Kelley details the story of the city lighting deal, for which he says, a boodle fund of $47,500 was divided between the nineteen members of the combine at Julius Leshmann's birthday party.

He declares that Edward Butler gave him the boodle fund and that he took it to Leshmann's house and that there he divided it.

BADLY INJURED

Little George Forget Fell From Porch

George Forget, aged six years, and residing at 22 Hancock avenue, is now lying at the Lowell hospital and is in a precarious condition.

While playing this afternoon the little fellow climbed up on top of a door porch and losing his footing fell to the ground, his head striking the concrete sidewalk.

The little fellow was picked up in an unconscious condition and the ambulance was summoned, and he was removed to the Lowell hospital.

INJURED HIS BACK

MAN FELL FROM STAGING IN LAWRENCE STREET.

E. H. Paige had a narrow escape from being badly hurt this afternoon. He was working on a staging on a house in Lawrence street when he lost his footing and fell to the ground, a distance of about twelve feet, injuring his back. He was taken to the Emergency hospital, where it was found that he had not suffered internal injuries. He resides at 16 Midland street.

CUT HIS FINGER.

Herbert Tibbetts, residing at 73 Lakeview avenue, while at work at Griffin's wood yard in Appleton street, this afternoon sustained a contusion of the left little finger, that member being struck with an axe. He was taken to the Emergency hospital where his finger was dressed.

Fifth annual reunion of the Immaculate Conception parish and reception to the pastor, Rev. E. A. Dergan, O. M. I., will be held at Huntington hall, Thursday evening, Oct. 6.

COAL PRICES HAVE ADVANCED

My prices are the lowest in Lowell. My Coal is the best quality that the state of Pennsylvania can produce. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to.

John P. Quinn

Cor. Corham and Dix Streets

TAKE ANY GORHAM STREET CAR.

LATEST

500 WERE KILLED

Ogadian Tribe Was Attacked and Robbed

ADEN, ARABIA, OCT. 3.—A SOMALI MALAH IS REPORTED TO HAVE ATTACKED AND ROBBED THE OGADAIN TRIBE, KILLING 500 TRIBESMEN AND CAPTURING MANY CAMELS AND SHEEP.

NO BATTLE YET

Big Surprise Expected in the War

The only point assured by today's advices from the seat of war is that there has been no general engagement and St. Petersburg expresses the belief that a battle is not imminent. The Russian war office admits that some worry is caused by the fact that Kuropatkin's scouts have been unable to locate Kuroki's main army which comprises the extreme Japanese rights. It is estimated that this condition may indicate the potentialities of a big surprise. While Kuropatkin is disposing his forces to meet any possible contingency, St. Petersburg holds to the opinion that he will not accept a general engagement but will withdraw to Tie Pass. A dispatch from Shanghai says that a Russian warship supposed to be the Bayan of the Port Arthur fleet, is in Hangchau bay. It is not known when she left Port Arthur.

JAPANESE REPULSED IN SEVERE ATTACK

CHEFOO, Oct. 3.—2 p.m. An official report from General Stoessel, dated September 23, reached Chefoo today, confirming a previous report of the repulse of the Japanese attack on Port Arthur, which began September 19, and ended Sept. 22. The fighting was of an extremely severe character. The Japanese having retired, Gen. Stoessel issued the following proclamation:

"Glory, Thanks to God!

"Glory to our heroic garrison!

"Glory to Ill-mann, Sychaff and Poggorsky—heroes all!

"Thanks to our valient volunteers who routed the enemy from the trenches destroying them. God has permitted us to repulse the enemy. Praise to God!"

The volunteers referred to by General Stoessel were made up of regulars called upon to take a high hill which had been captured by the Japanese. From semi-official sources, it is learned that the attack began on the 19th along the whole line and lasted four days, various positions changing hands many times.

The high hill mentioned was a very important position to the Russians. The Japanese attacked repeatedly, day and night, finally occupying the position on the night of September 22, after suffering very severe losses. The attempt to re-take this hill being extremely hazardous, General Stoessel refused to issue the order, but called for volunteers. Everybody called upon responded, whereupon a requisite number of men were selected, Lieut. Pozgorsky and Captain Sychaff leading them. Soldiers and officers alike carried grenades (explosive shells weighing from two to six pounds, which are thrown by hand), and with these they attacked the Japanese temporary fortifications and drove the latter from all their positions. Several mines were exploded during the general battle, causing severe losses. The Russians calculate that the Japanese losses for the four days' fighting will reach 20,000 men.

RUSSIAN STEAMER WAS BLOWN UP

TOKIO, Oct. 3—11 a. m. The navy department reports the destruction of another Russian steamer used in clearing mines at the entrance of Port Arthur harbor. The steamer struck a mine on September 28 and sank.

Navy officers express the opinion that the Russians are suffering from a shortage of small steamers useful in clearing mines. The reported loss of a Japanese gunboat south of Liao Tung peninsula by striking a mine has not been officially verified.

FRESH TROOPS JOIN KUROKI'S FORCE

GENERAL OKU'S HEADQUARTERS IN THE FIELD, Oct. 2—11 a.m.—via Fusan, Korea, Oct. 3—The first south-bound train over the reconstructed railway left this morning carrying 490 Japanese wounded, 100 sick and 33 wounded Russian prisoners en route to Japan.

The men are practically the last of the Japanese wounded at the battle of Liao Yang. The hospital are now devoted to those suffering from beriberi and other diseases.

The positions of the Japanese armies remain unchanged. Skirmishes are of daily occurrence. Thousands of fresh Japanese soldiers are arriving.

Rheumatism

Does not let go of you when you apply lotions or liniments. It simply loosens its hold for a while. Why? Because to get rid of it you must correct the acid condition of the blood on which it depends. Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured thousands.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

BATTLESHIP OREL WAS NOT DAMAGED

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 3.—12.45 p.m.—Lieut.-General Kleigels, governor general of Kieff, has been granted leave of absence and there is strong reason to believe that this is preliminary to his supersedure, as he belongs distinctly to the Von Plehve regime. He was formerly prefect of police of St. Petersburg.

The recent report that the battleship Orel was damaged turns out to be untrue. She touched a sand bar, but got off under her own steam.

DEER SEEN

ON THE SHORE OF SIMPSON'S POND YESTERDAY.

Two handsome deer were seen at the shore of Simpson's pond in Windham yesterday, near the camp of Charles H. Joyce. The animals were seen by a party of Centralville young men, and appeared not in the least timid. The young men who saw them made no attempt to molest or frighten them, and after disporting themselves at the shore for a short time they disappeared in the woods.

STOCK MARKET

Today's Quotations on Active Stocks

The following are the closing quotations of today's stock market for active stocks:

NEW YORK STOCKS

Am Sugar	132½
Am Sugar pfd	133¾
A & T	83
A & T pfd	100⅝
B. & O.	00⅝
B & O pfd	91
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	58¾
Chi & Gt W	16½
*C M & P	169¾
C R & P	29⅝
C R & P pfd	72¾
Con Gas	212
Del & Hud	170½
Erie R R	33
Erie 1st	68½
Manhat Con	154
Mo Kan & Tex	21⅞
Mo Kan & Tex pfd	50½
Met St Ry	121⅝
Mis Pac	39½
N Y Cen	126⅞
N Y Ont & W	35⅛
Penn	132½
People's Gas	103¾
So Pac	57⅝
Reading	69
Reading pfd	86
Reading 2d pfd	78
Tex & Pac	31½
Union Pac	102⅞
Union Pacific pfd	94
U S Steel	19¾
U S Steel pfd	76⅝
Wabash	20¾
Wabash pfd	42⅝
W U Telegraph	96¾
U S Leather	10
U S Leather pfd	87¾

BOSTON STOCKS.

Adventure	4
Amalgamated	59¾
American Wool	14½
*American Wool pfd	81
Am Tel & Tel	135½
Arcadian	1.
Atlantic	13½
Anaconda	22½
Allouez	13½
B & Albany	249
B & Maine	165
Bingham	26¾
Calumet & Hecla	515
Centennial	27½
Chicago Junction	148½
Chicago Junction pfd	123
Copper Range	57¾
Daly-West	14
Dom Coal	59
Dom Coal pfd	108
Dom Steel	15¾
Elevated	153
Elm River	2
Fitchburg	138½
Franklin	8
Mass	4¾
Mass Gas	42
Mass Gas pfd	83¾
Mass Electric	11¾
Mass Electric pfd	57
Mayflower	50
Mex Cen	14¼
Michigan	7¼
M C & C	6
Mohawk	47½
N E Tel	129¾
Osceola	82⅞
N Y, N H & H R R	192
Old Colony Mine	31.
Old Colony R R	201
Old Dominion	19⅝
Shannon	4⅛
Royal	21⅛
Rhode Island	1⅛
Tamarack	115
Parrott	23½
Quincy	92
Sante Fe	1½
Trinity	7⅞
Trimount	10⅝
United States	21½
Utah	41¾
U S Oil	11⅛
Victoria	4½
Winona	8½
Wolverine	90
Western Tel	13½
Western Tel pfd	91
West End	91½
West End pfd	110
Wyandotte	1¼

*Ex-dividend.

FINAL TRIBUTE

Continued.

tender love to be with him in his home, to walk up and down the streets with him, to sit with him here at church, to go into the family life of a town like this where we know each other well, where we are indifferent to artificial conventions. And he would like to have me say the same.

There never was a person so simple, so natural, never a person who relied so entirely upon the realities, truth, righteousness and peace. He would have said to you that the wisdom from above is first pure, then peaceable, then gentle. Yes, gentle. And it was this that made him the gentleman that he was. He could be vehement in expression when need was, but in common life, in common talk, he relied absolutely upon the sincerity of his expression; and I think that faith in the American people which expressed itself so magnificently once and again in his public utterance may be traced directly to his faith in man, to his certainty that they were the children of God, that they inherit a divine nature, and to his certainty in the being and presence of God which would express itself so simply, so unexpectedly sometimes but which was something of course in his life and in his talk.

I see that some one says that he always seemed to have read everything and that is curious. In that "everything" there was a very wide range of thought in the history of religion and religious thought. I do not know any man or woman to whom I should have gone with such certainty to tell me about the best English religious writers, especially of the centuries between our Puritan emigration and our own time. He would be a little apt to have one of those fathers of the eighteenth century on the table. He would cite familiarly to you what one of them had said to him, and always he fitted in those oracles of the spirit with the daily exigencies of life with politics or with literature, or with marketing or with a journey. To Thee there is nothing great appears, great God there is nothing small.

A thousand people have said to me that the death blow came on Christmas eve, last year, when she was called away. This was true. No hour passed but he was conscious of the weight he was carrying in trying to live as he had lived. But up till that time even if he had criticism of his life from those he loved, in the stress of public life and the necessity of even displeasing those whom he loved to please, I think we should all say that his life was a happy one. It was filled full, filled so full that no one can describe it, but it always filled full of something large, unselfish, thoroughly generous, something that he expected others to share with him, something which would make the world a better world. It seems almost unusual to say that if you caught him when he were not at work for this city or for the university here, or more directly, for the country, you found him standing at his desk, perhaps writing his careful translation of the Cydides. He was really unconscious of the humor of his own phrase when some one who asked him how a young American should prepare himself for public address, he said, he thought he had better read the Greek and for a moment I think really thought that the rail splitter or the boatman on a Mississippi ark was going to read them in the original. By this I mean that to him it was so much a matter of course to do things thoroughly well that he sometimes imagined that the rest of us could never slur work because he had never done so. And the magnificent uprightness and dignity of every hour of his life whether an hour of pleasantry or fierce conflict with men belonged in that determination to do what he had to do with all his might, to do it as one who had been sent to do it in an infinite purpose of an infinite God.

He had all his life sat at the feet of his very near friend and distinguished townsman, the prophet Emerson, who gave to the little town of Concord a new fame. That sense of the real presence of almighty God which gives light and life to every word of that prophet revealed itself in the daily walk of our dear friend. I do not say so simply when he read the hymns or joined in the service of this church. I do not say simply when he had on him the care and responsibilities of a great lawyer at the bar, I do not say it of the great statesman speaking the word which might mean peace or war, might mean prosperity or wretchedness; I say it of the daily life which was the same for child or man. And this inspiration made him so tolerant of what was done already, if only he were sure that the man was following the leading of the holy spirit, that a man was doing what he thought right or saying what he thought was true—that was enough for him.

And what he gave to another he expected with good reason to have others give to him.

But we are not here to analyze so great a character. God grant that the memories of such a man may make us unselfish, upright, courageous and true. We are here to thank the good God that such a man has lived, to ask him to keep fresh the memory of such a life and to teach us its lessons.

He is the comforter and He is the only comforter. And we are here to ask Him to teach the lessons of life and death as no one else can teach them.

Rev. Dr. Hale, who was the first pastor of the church of the Unity, and Rev. Rush R. Shippen, D. D., the second pastor, now of Brockton, Mass., officiated. At the conclusion of the eulogy those in the church passed by the bier and departed.

When all had viewed the remains the body was placed in the hearse and the honorary and active pall bearers escorted it to the city hall. The family returned to the Oak avenue home. At intervals of every few minutes along Elm and Main street the militia men were drawn up and as the hearse approached each saluted and remained at the present arms until the cortege passed.

The body was borne to the main corridor of the municipal building and placed upon a catafalque. At its head stood Edward W. Doherty, of Marblehead, messenger of the judiciary committee of the senate of which Senator Hoar was chairman for many years and who was the most intimate person outside of official circles with the senator. At the foot of the casket stood Captain David M. Earle of Worcester, another United States senate messenger. The soldiers of all the military companies were grouped on a landing above the casket and a detail of four sergeants from each of the five militia companies in command of Lieut. Moses H. Tysdell, will stand guard over the body while it lies in state. When the doors of the city hall are closed to the public at eight o'clock tonight, Messrs. Doherty and Earle who will remain with the body constantly until it is placed in the grave will escort it to an undertaker's establishment where a death mask is to be taken and then to the Oak avenue home where it will lie until Tuesday morning, when it will be taken to Concord, the senator's birthplace and interred.

WOMEN INSULTED

YOUNG MAN MADE HIS ESCAPE.

Saturday night a young man stood on Bridge street at the Massachusetts wall, exposing his person to women as they came along. Several women were badly frightened, some screamed and ran to the other side of the street, but strange to say none of them told the police about the matter. The same man earlier in the night went through the same actions over on West Fourth street and quickly disappeared when he found that his conduct was reported to some men who stood close by and set out to find him. He was tall, slim and wore a cap. Some people think that it might have been the same man who assaulted Miss Therien on Aiken street bridge.

JUDGE PARKER

MET SEVERAL MANAGERS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Judge Parker today made his fourth visit to New York for conferences with his political managers. His first caller was Norman E. Mack, member of the national committee from New York. Mr. Mack brought a large number of reports and other documents relating to the state campaign, which he left with Judge Parker for review at his leisure. The candidate occupied a seat in the day coach on the way from Esopus and busied himself reading morning papers for the greater portion of the trip. Judge Parker took the rooms at the hotel Seville which he occupied last week and which will be his permanent headquarters while in New York.

Newspaper men were received by Judge Parker in his apartment during the morning.

DEATHS

RIGNEY—Edward J. Rigney, a well known and popular young man of this city, passed away this morning at his home, 97 Moore street, after an illness of several weeks. The deceased was 31 years of age and leaves to mourn his loss a wife and one child, also three sisters, Misses Katherine, Julia and Annie Rigney.

COCHRAN—David Cochran, aged 56 years, died this morning at his home, 26 Marshall street. He is survived by a wife, Mary, a son, Charles, and a sister, Mrs. James Landers, the latter of Dover, N. H.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 3.—Thoman Allen, an artist, aged 46 years, who came here from Chicago after studying there and in New York, committed suicide in his studio today, swallowing poison. He was despondent.

STILL ALARM.

A still alarm about 10.30 o'clock this morning summoned a portion of the fire department to a fire on the roof of a building in Eagan's court. The damage was slight.

CONGRESSIONAL RECOUNT.

The recount of the vote cast for member of congress at the recent democratic caucuses began this afternoon at three o'clock.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

FANCY DECORATED

Tea Pots

(LIKE CUT)

49c Each

227 Central St. — O'Brien Bros — 227 Central St.

W. H. ANDERSON & COMPANY

REAL ESTATE

35 Main Street, Whiting Building, Nashua, N. H.

WILLARD HOTEL, WITH FURNISHINGS

8-10 BELKNAP STREET, NASHUA, N. H.

AT AUCTION THURSDAY, OCT. 6, AT 2 O'CLOCK

House of 17 rooms, all modern improvements, in first-class condition. Also commodious stable with 22 stalls and ample carriage room. Buildings are situated on large lot of 85 feet frontage on street; two minutes walk from Nashua junction and near several of Nashua's largest manufactories thereby assuring a large and steady patronage both local and transient. Will be positively sold to the highest bidder at above time and place.

W. H. ANDERSON & CO., Real Estate, 35 Main St., Nashua, N. H.

GEO. A. BURGE, Auctioneer.

SAMUEL GOMPERS

Will Address Fall River Strikers

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 3.—President John Golden of the United Textile Workers received a telegram today from Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, stating that the latter will visit Fall River tomorrow, and will address a mass meeting of operatives at 10 a. m., in the Academy of Music.

STRIKING WEAVERS

VOTED NOT TO RETURN TO WORK.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 3.—Some 1200 striking weavers attended a mass meeting in a local theatre this morning and passed a unanimous vote not to return to work even if the reduction notices are taken down, except on an eight-loom basis. Secretary Whitehead and other leaders urged the adoption of this resolution as really of more importance than question of wages, from the weavers' standpoint.

The meeting was called largely to offset a possible attempt on the part of the manufacturers to start the mills this morning. It was entirely orderly except when William Kershaw offered himself as an arbitrator and declared that the weavers would be obliged to accept twelve looms. He was greeted with hisses and cat calls.

JOHN J. DOLAN

LOWELL MAN ON STAFF OF CHIEF MARSHAL.

Mr. John J. Dolan of this city has been chosen an aid on Chief Marshal Crowley's staff in the great temperance parade in Roxbury next Saturday. Mr. Dolan, with Mr. W. J. Collins, comprise the representation from the Mathews of this city. Mr. Thomas F. Phelan, a well known Boston journalist, will be chief aid in the parade. Mr. Phelan is well and favorably known in Lowell.

Fearful Odds Against Him.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief was the condition of an old soldier, by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, O. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies: "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel complaints. Only 50c. Guaranteed by F. H. Goodale, 217 Central street, druggist.

MERCHANTS ACT

Want Fall River Strike Settled

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 3.—A request for a conference between the manufacturers and labor leaders was made upon the manufacturers' association this morning by the Merchants' Retail association. The petition of the local business men, which was largely signed Saturday, was presented to Secretary Hathaway by Secretary James Mahoney of the Merchants' association. No answer has as yet been received, but it is the universal belief that the conference will be granted. What proposition will be broached, it is hard to say.

PETERS WON

HE IS RENOMINATED FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

SALEM, Mass., Oct. 3.—A long existing contest for the republican nomination for district attorney in Essex county was ended today by the choice of W. Scott Peters of Haverhill, who now holds the office. His opponent was Ulysus Haskell of Beverly. The question was decided on the first ballot, the vote standing: Peters 146, Haskell 79.

The contest for county commissioner also followed with great interest by the voters between Wallace Bates of Lynn and James H. Derbyshire of Lawrence, resulted in the renomination of Mr. Bates. The vote was 141 for Bates and 81 for Derbyshire. Sheriff Samuel A. Johnson was renominated by acclamation.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

At the Second Congregational church, North Chelmsford, a vesper hymn service was held under the direction of Mrs. Nellie W. Slater, organist, assisted by Mrs. W. I. Hervey, contralto, and the North Chelmsford orchestra.

The pastor, Rev. D. A. Hudson, took for his theme, "Songs We Love to Sing."

The following musical program was rendered:

Prelude ....Organ and Orchestra
Hymn—"Praise God"..By Congregation
"Abide With Me"..................Liddle
Mrs. W. I. Hervey.
Selection for Orchestra—"Layo" Harold

Hymn Service:—
(a)—"Rock of Ages."
(b)—"Sun of My Soul."
(c)—"Holy, Holy Lord God Almighty."
(d)—"Nearer, My God, to Thee."
(e)—"Onward Christian Soldiers."

With appropriate remarks on each hymn by the pastor.

"Our King" ....A. Ratoll
Mrs. W. J. Hervey.
Processional—"Priest's March From Athalia ....Organ and Orchestra
Mrs. Slater.

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

BLACK and COLORED DRESS GOODS

This exhibit is remarkable for the many new designs brought out expressly for us and made up in factories devoted wholly to our work. Most notable are lines of Guenfest; Montpenster and Nicolette Fabrics.

We believe that there has never been made a showing of Foreign and American Dress Goods to equal this one. In preparing for it in such a large scale we have not strayed from the principles which have made and will continue to make the new store at the old stand.

Prices matchlessly low.

COLORED GOODS

French Brunella

In setting the value of this beautiful all-wool fabric at 75c a yard, we are too conservative by fifty cents on every yard. This is one of the best opportunities of the season. All new fall colors, 44 inches wide, at

75c

All Wool Tailor Suitings

Are shown in neat mannish effects—twelve distinct combinations. These suitings are 54 inches wide. Exactly the same goods are sold in New York at $1.50 per yard, instead of the present asking.

98c

Covert Suitings

Are extremely fashionable and at present are enjoying a tremendous sale. Every yard is guaranteed all wool and comes in the fall tints suitable for the long coats and suits. 54 inches wide. Price

75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50

BLACK GOODS

English Mohair Sicilian

No matter how complete the wardrobe, every woman can find room and good use for a dress of this material when so little money stands in the way of possession. 52 inches wide, only

49c

Black Panama

A graceful all-wool fabric that seems to have made its impress upon the modes of all future seasons. Crisp, filmy and hardy. 45 to 50 inches wide, it was marketed to sell at $1.00 a yard, only

75c

Black French Voiles

Every day is opening day for the rich black dress goods. They land from over the sea with almost every arrived steamer. Crepe Voiles are the correct style. Fashion has caught them up and is carrying them along with a vengeance. 44 inches wide. Price

$1, $1.25, $1.50

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

Why is it to Your Advantage to Give us Your Patronage When in Need of Fuel?

Because we select all our drivers carefully and know them to be both honest and competent.

STANLEY COAL AND WOOD CO.

223 Moody St., 12 Thorndike St., Mandewcraft St.

BOTH DEAD

WIFE AND HUSBAND PASSED AWAY WITHIN SHORT TIME.

John Hasty, of 251 Fayette street, this city, has just learned the sad news of the death of his sister, Mrs. Margaret Walsh, which occurred on Sept. 2 at Dunmore, Ireland. The case is doubly sad as Mrs. Walsh's husband passed away just twelve days after her death.

The Connaught Champion has the following to say of the deaths:

We regret to announce the death of Mrs. Margaret Walsh, wife of Thomas Walsh, merchant, Dunmore, which occurred on Friday last, 2nd inst., at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Michael Loftus, Bishop street, Tuam, after a very brief illness, and at the age of 67, to the inexpressible grief of her family and a wide circle of friends. The deceased lady, for a fortnight before the illness which proved to be her last, was spending an habitual autumn holiday at Salthill, until early in last week, feeling faint and unwell she decided to immediately return home to Dunmore accompanied by her daughter. To her family she was ever an indulgent mother, and the high positions they occupy in the mercantile life of this country bear ample testimony to her parental solicitude. To them we tender our deep sympathy in their great bereavement, and with her many friends we re-echo the prayer that her soul may rest in peace.

The remains were placed in the Dunmore church on Sunday evening, and on Monday morning solemn requiem mass was celebrated, the following clergymen officiating: Very Rev. Canon Lynskey, P. P., Dunmore, celebrant; Rev. J. McDermott, C. A., Tuam, deacon; Rev. J. Reidy, C. C., sub-deacon; Rev. Thomas Morris, C. C., Dunmore, master of ceremonies. At the conclusion of the ceremony Very Rev. Canon Lynskey paid a graceful and eloquent tribute to the memory of the deceased for her charity, piety, and lovable qualities during life. At 12 o'clock, noon, the coffin was removed to the burial ground, accompanied by an immense concourse of the people of Dunmore and district, when the interment took place, the Rev. Canon Lynskey performing the final office for the dead.

The chief mourners were: Thomas Walsh (husband); Michael Walsh, Thos. Walsh, and Patrick Walsh (sons); Bridget Loftus, Nora Garvey, and Margaret Delaney (daughters); Margaret Walsh and Anne Walsh (daughters-in-law); Michael Loftus, merchant, Tuam; Martin Garvey, do., Glenamaddy; J. Delaney Mullingar (sons-in-law); Patrick Walsh, Jun., and Michael Walsh, Jun. (cousins); Patrick Carr, merchant, Roscommon (nephew); Tommy J. Loftus, and Martin T. Walsh (grandsons).

As we go to press we learn with sincere regret of the death of Mr. Thomas Walsh, Dunmore, which occurred on Wednesday morning just twelve days after the death of his lamented wife, whose death and obsequies we record above. This double affliction is a terrible shock to the members of his family with whom the deepest sympathy is felt by all their many friends and acquaintances in North Galway. The deceased was in his 65th year, and his death was altogether unexpected. He was but six hours ill. He died fortified by all the rites of the Holy Catholic church, of which he was an exemplary member.

On Thursday morning requiem high mass for the repose of his soul was sung in the Parish church, Dunmore, and the funeral took place immediately afterwards to the family burial ground.

Harry Richardson's BREAD —AND— CAKE

Have all the GOOD QUALITIES of *HOME MADE* and you save the Labor, Fuel, etc.

Tel. 234-2. 26 Merrimack St.

CARNEY & BUNKER

GOLD, SILVER AND NICKEL PLATERS

Polishing, Lacquering, Dipping and Tinning. Sole manufacturers of the Carney Weavers' Drawing-in-Hook.

37 Shattuck Street, Cor. Market.

Telephone 8-15-12.

The Product of the

7-20-4

10c Cigar Factory

is now larger than that of any individual manufacturer in New England. The name R. G. Sullivan stamped on every cigar insures quality.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N. H.

C. & S.

WASHING FLUID COMPOUND.

Potash Sal Tarter, Ammonia and Borax.

20c Can will make 2 gallons Fluid.

Carter & Sherburne

CUT PRICE DRUGGISTS,

Merrimack, Cor. Bridge St.

Wall Paper

—AT—

97 Appleton Street

Suit Cases

DEVINE'S

88 Merrimack St.

Factory, 72 Middlesex St. Telephone.

6 O'CLOCK

CARL SCHURZ

Says That the President Overrides Laws

Following is a portion of the letter of the Hon. Carl Schurz to the Parker Independent Club on the issues of the presidential campaign:

BOLTON LANDING, September, 1904.
To James W. Pryor, Esq., General Secretary Parker Independent Clubs:

Dear Sir—I have received many invitations to address public meetings in the present election campaign, with which I regret to say, I am unable to comply. But I have put on paper an expression of my views on some of the subjects at present under public discussion, and this I submit to you for such use as you may see fit to make of it.

Fifty years of political study and experience in this country have convinced me that if the American people mean to preserve the blessings of their free institutions, they must always keep in view certain truths.

The government of this republic must be a government of law, not a government of adventure.

It must be a government for the general benefit, not a government of favor for the promotion of special interests.

It must be a government not permanently controlled by one political party, but by different parties alternating in the possession of power.

There never was a political party in a democracy, however virtuous it may have been at the start, that was not by long possession of power more or less corrupted and made arrogant and arbitrary.

But, whether you agree with me in this academic view or not, upon one point, I am sure, I cannot fail to have the assent of every candid man; the idea that this country, of all known countries the richest in natural sources, with its labor the most intelligent, energetic, and productive labor in the world, should need the highest protective tariff ever enacted in any civilized country to make our industries go and to save our people from ruin and starvation, is so wildly preposterous that I do not understand how any self respecting man can utter it. And yet that is what we have—the highest protective tariff which would have made Hamilton and Henry Clay stare in blank amazement. And this mere statement brands as equally preposterous the other audacious pretence—to the iteration of which, I regret to say, the president has recently again lent himself—that this tariff is needed, or that it is one of its main purposes, simply to offset, in favor of the American laboring man, the difference between American and foreign wages. No subterfuge could be more shameless. I will not go into detail. Let any intelligent man study the schedules of our tariff, and what will he find? He will look in vain for many protected industries that were satisfied with the comparative pittance of an offset for the difference between American and foreign wage scales, or, which is another thing, between American and foreign labor cost in manufactured goods. But he will find many a tariff rate that makes out of a method of raising revenue a monstrous machinery of extortion. He will find plenty of evidence to show him that when a large part of our tariff is denounced as "robbery," the word may be rude, but not unjust, and that the tariff, by levying tribute upon the people, is promoting the unwholesome fungus growth of colossal private fortunes. And yet the economic aspect of the tariff question seems to me less ominous than its moral and political bearing.

DISTRUSTS ROOSEVELT.

And there is Mr. "Lou" Payn, whom Gov. Roosevelt once, for good reason, thrust out of the office of state insurance commissioner and whom Mr. Elihu Root characterized as a man who for many years had been a stench in the nostrils of the people of the state of New York, and who was recently called to the White House as President Roosevelt's enemy, but issued from the White House as President Roosevelt's friend and supporter, praising President Roosevelt as a "great politician who had changed wonderfully," and who must and will be re-elected.

Here I will stop. The most notorious instances suffice for illustrations.

JUDGE, LIKE PARKER, NEEDED.

I do not mention the gold question for the movement against the gold standard, which practically died in the presidential election of 1896, is now so dead that the republican partisanship which seeks to frighten timid people, tries in vain to give it a fictitious appearance of life. I hardly know anything more unscrupulous and shameful than this effort to disturb the confidence of the business world merely for party advantage.

The things I have mentioned the democratic party in power may reasonably be expected to do; and in doing them it will render a most urgently needed and immensely valuable service to the republic. I believe also that, in view of the peculiar requirements of the time, the democrats have chosen an eminently proper man for their candidate. Mr. Parker evidently is by temperament and mental habit, as well as by acquisition of knowledge, par excellence, a judge; and it seems to me that just now, after all the confusing experiences we have gone through, it is peculiarly desirable we should have a true judge in the presidential chair—a man who knows the law, who reveres the law; who will never permit his emotions to make him overlook the law; who will never presume that his will is law, and who will constantly keep in mind that a democracy will drift into chaos as soon as its government ceases to be a government of law.

His conduct has also shown that he is a man of high self-respect. A nomination for the presidency is a very great honor. But while Mr. Parker may have strongly desired it, he did not run after it. With quiet dignity he waited for it to come to him, and when it came under questionable circumstances, he would not take it at a sacrifice of his conception of duty. His famous dispatch to the St. Louis convention extorted at first a general shout of admiration even from his political enemies. Only when they perceived the moral prestige it gave him, they began their mean and pitiable partisan efforts to drag that noble deed down to the level of a shaggy campaign trick.

REPUBLICAN IDEAL.

It deserves defeat for another reason no less weighty. The republican party stands no longer, as it once did, for the great ideal of a democracy embodying the principles of the Declaration of Independence and presenting the example of a mighty people under a government not only free and peaceable at home, but also true to its principles in the just and generous treatment of other peoples, great and small—an example inspiring others with love of liberty, respect for human rights, and confidence in democratic institutions. Its ideal is now a "great world power", governing foreign lands and alien populations by arbitrary rule, and asserting its position among the other powers of the world by the number of its battleships. In the world abroad those struggling for free government no longer look to this republic for encouragement by sympathy, example and teaching; the question asked, not without misgiving, is rather, how far the lust of conquest and the impulse of adventurous ambition will carry this great American republic in its new career. Should not true American patriotism grieve to witness the degradation?

Not many years ago the American people enjoyed a proud and inestimable privilege which enabled us to look down upon the greatest nations of the world with condescending sympathy. It was that while those nations were groaning under the burden of vast and costly armaments, believed by them to be indispensable for their safety, the American people was the only one happily exempt from such a necessity—the only one that could, and did, employ its resources of men and means for the physical, mental and moral betterment of its country and the inhabitants thereof, instead of sinking them in the building up and maintenance of enormous and unproductive war establishments.

ALLIED HIMSELF WITH BOSSES.

After his election to the governorship of New York, and, later after his accession to the presidency of the United States, the legendary Roosevelt appeared in strong phrase in his frequent addresses to the public. No governor, and certainly no president, has ever more earnestly admonished the people in numberless discourses with untiring iteration and in more emphatic language that, to be good and useful citizens, we must, above all things, conduct ourselves with "honesty, courage and good sense". There never was a more demonstrative advocate, in speech, of that "militant honesty", which will not only carefully abstain from wrongdoing, but will mercilessly denounce and stamp out dishonesty wherever it can be reached. Nobody ever condemned with holier scorn and abhorrence the self-seekers in politics, "those sinister beings who batten on the evils of our political system," and "the corrupt politician who is the real and dangerous foe," and that "dreadful thing which consists in condoning misconduct in a public man," and that "shame" in our politics which "defiles mere success without regard to the moral qualities lying behind it."

It might surely have been expected of the man whose righteous impulses were so strong that he could hardly find language emphatic enough to express them—that he would, when in places of authority, never think of countenancing those mean and dangerous creatures, and that he would use his whole power to crush their influence for mischief; that when governor of New York he would leave no rightful means untried to uproot the iniquitous and demoralizing bossdom of Platt in his state; that he would lose no proper opportunity to discountenance Boss Quay of Pennsylvania, who stood for everything that was iniquitous, demoralizing, and tyrannical in politics; that he would be anxious to demonstrate his utter disgust with such a creature as Addicks, who has openly invaded a state with his corruption fund to buy a seat in the senate; that he would at least keep his cabinet clear of men of questionable political character, and so on.

Letter to P. A. HOWARD, Lowell, Mass.:

Dear Sir: Here's a story with a point to it.

Devoe lead-and-zinc is a cheaper paint than lead-and-oil; costs less, goes further, wears twice as long. But this last don't belong to the story we're going to tell this time.

One of the best painters in Uniontown, Pa., is L. O. Rutter; does all the best work. We told him Devoe goes further than lead-and-oil or mixed paint.

He said: "I've known it for two years, and have increased my business by it. I take a job for less money than anybody else, and get my pick of the work. Don't give it away; for nobody knows how I do it."

The name to go by is Devoe.

Yours truly,
F. W. DEVOE & CO.

P. S.—The Adams Hardware and Paint Co. sell our paint.

IMMENSE BARGAINS

Ready-to-Wear-Hats

75c, 98c, $1.48 and $1.98

MADE TO SELL FOR

$2.50 TO $4.00

These are Sample Hats and are Beauties.

GREGOIRE'S Lowell's Greatest Millinery Store
133 to 137 Merrimack St.

F. G. McGREGOR, Auctioneer
Office, 7 Hildreth Building, Lowell
Telephone 889-3. Residence 73-4.

AUCTION

On Saturday, Oct. 8, 1904, at 2.30 p. m.

As I have moved from the city permanently, I shall positively sell at auction my home on Butman Road, between Mansur and Hovey streets.

The house is nearly new, of two stories, nine rooms, bath, laundry, cemented cellar, and hot water heat. The buildings are thoroughly built ideal in arrangement and very pleasantly situated.

There is a barn of four stalls and one box stall, large amount of carriage room. The lot is high and sightly and contains 10,000 square feet of land.

This place was built for my occupancy and has cost me over $6000, and as I never expect to return to Lowell to live, I have instructed F. G. McGregor, auctioneer, to positively sell the property to the highest bidder.

TERMS: $300 must be paid or secured to the auctioneer at the time and place of the sale. Sixty per cent. of purchase money can remain on a mortgage at 5 per cent.

IMMEDIATELY AFTER

The adjoining lot of land, containing 7500 square feet of land, will be sold. Terms, $100 cash; balance on easy terms.

LAURA P. LEIGHTON.

On Saturday, Oct. 8, 1904, at 4 p. m.

regardless of the weather, as I am alone I shall positively sell one two-tenement, two-story house, situated at 77 C street. Each tenement has four rooms, but can be used as one tenement if desired. Water on both floors, gas and sewer. Both tenements let readily. The lot has a frontage of 60 feet on C street and contains 8000 square feet. The lot is large enough to build another cottage. Fruit trees such as pear, plum, apple, etc., also shrubbery of all kinds on the lot.

TERMS: $200 must be paid or secured to the auctioneer at time and place of sale. Other terms at sale.

Per order of
MRS. JANE SCOTT.

HARVARD AND TECH

ARRANGE FOR A CLOSER WORKING UNION.

BOSTON, Oct. 3. The plans for a close working union between Harvard university and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology upon which president Henry S. Pritchett of the latter institution has been busily engaged for many months, and which have been widely discussed by students and alumni, have taken such definite form that it was expected that they would be submitted to the president and fellows of Harvard at their regular meeting today. Later in the week the trustees of the institute of technology will meet, and they, too, will consider the president's plans.

It is understood that the proposition provides that technology shall remain independent in name, property and all essentials; that part of the Lawrence scientific school of Harvard shall be given over to the use of Technology, and that Technology graduates shall receive the benefit of instruction in higher laboratory courses maintained by Harvard and hitherto out of reach by Technology men. This will not represent the absorption of Technology by Harvard, but simply a friendly alliance.

CHENEY WINS OUT

He Leads McKinley on Recount

SENATORIAL CONVENTION TO BE HELD TONIGHT

Congressional Recount Took Place Today

The recount of the seventh senatorial vote in wards two, four and six was completed Saturday night by the board of registrars of voters and gives the nomination to Edwards Cheney, as did the original figures, though it was closely contested. In ward two, where Mr. McKinley was defeated by one vote on the original figures, the registrars found one ballot defective and this reduced Mr. Cheney's lead to two. In ward four Cheney gained and McKinley lost two. In ward six Cheney lost three votes.

Thus the senatorial convention scheduled for this evening will take place.

The registrars threw out the petition of Francis Donohue for a recount in the 26th district as the names on his petition for the most part were not legible and the registrars being unable to make them out threw out the petition.

A reception to Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O. M. I., and reunion of the Immaculate Conception parish will be held at Huntington hall, Thursday evening, Oct. 6.

MEN WERE FINED

For Shooting Robins in Poor Farm in Dracut

Nicholas Kolanyakos and George Alex were ignorant of the fact that it was wrong to shoot robins and yesterday they went to Dracut with the intention of getting robins enough for a "robin pie."

Officer Gordon heard gun shots and went gunning for the gunners. He came upon George and Nicholas in a corn field on the town farm. They were plucking robins and the officer took them in, feathers and all.

The men who shot robins in Dracut Sunday were arraigned in police court today and acknowledged they didn't know it was wrong to shoot robins on Sunday or any other day. They were fined $11 each.

MILLINERY OPENING.

Mary Dunlap-Leighton shows a quaint and very choice line of hats in The Hat Shop, 134 Merrimack street.

Among the quaintest are the Newport automobile bonnet and the Charlotte Corday cap, modeled on the same lines as the one the latter wore to the guillotine. It is an historical model and worthy of inspection.

Others shown are the tailored and ready-to-wear hats which are smart and wearable, at moderate prices. The "Gage" hat is still in stock, as in former years. Exhibition days, today and tomorrow.

MANY DELEGATES

HAVE ARRIVED IN BOSTON FOR EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—Clerical and lay deputies to the general convention of the Episcopal church which will be formally opened here on Wednesday are arriving from all parts of the country. A number of the bishops are already here and tomorrow the archbishop of Canterbury is expected to reach the city. The English primate will be present at the opening service Wednesday forenoon in Trinity church but will not preach on that occasion, he having declined an invitation in favor of Bishop Wm. C. Doane of Albany. The archbishop is to address a missionary meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary of the board of missions on the evening of October 10. Next Friday evening he is to address a meeting of Harvard students at Sanders theatre, Cambridge, and next Sunday will preach at Trinity church.

The public has been invited to attend a reception to the archbishop at Faneuil hall at noon next Friday.

Major Henry L. Higginson will preside at the reception and there will be several short addresses by leading citizens, to which Dr. Davidson will make a brief reply.

Numerous committee meetings were held today to perfect final arrangements for the reception of thousands of visitors and to get the machinery of the church in working order for the opening session of the convention.

AMBASSADOR McCORMICK

HAS BEEN GRANTED LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 3, 12.48 p. m.—Ambassador McCormick, has been granted leave of absence to go to the United States on urgent private business. He leaves here Thursday and will stop in Berlin to consult with the Japanese minister there regarding the repatriation of the Japanese refugees. Mr. McCormick will sail from Cherbourg on the Hamburg-American line steamer Deutschland, October 11, and probably will be away from Russia for six weeks. The diplomatic situation is quiet, the question of contraband of war having passed the acute stage and there are no important questions likely to arise. During Mr. McCormick's absence, secretary Spencer Eddy will act as charge d' affairs.

RUG FACTORY

DESTROYED BY FIRE EARLY THIS MORNING.

PAWTUCKET, N. J., Oct. 3—The Fries and Brother Rug Factory, a four story brick structure, was destroyed by fire of unknown origin early today. The loss is estimated at $100,000; partially insured. The plant gave employment to about 250 hands.

SILVER WEDDING

Observed by Mr. & Mrs. Arthur McQuade

In a quiet and informal way Mr. Arthur McQuade and his esteemed wife, Margaret, observed the 25th anniversary of their marriage yesterday afternoon and evening. They were visited at their commodious home, corner of Pleasant and High streets, by many friends, and most cordially congratulated upon their rounding out a quarter of century of real wedded bliss, for nobody at all acquainted with Mr. and Mrs. McQuade can fail to notice how full of happiness is their life today and the same perfect, the same tender devotion, the same joyousness, that fills their life today has been theirs as gently, peacefully, they glided together adown the stream of time until they have reached the quarter century mark. Well, indeed, may they stop to look back, and well may they rejoice in a family of bright boys and girls—Ellen, Arthur J., Lena, Joseph, John and Anna—all dutiful and affectionate to their parents.

Mr. McQuade has worked as a moulder in the foundry of the Lowell Machine shop about 31 years and tells many interesting stories of the changes that have taken place during that time. He learned his trade in Cole & Nichols' foundry. When he entered the machine shop John Pevey was superintendent, Supt. George Smith, after serving 24 years, was the successor of Mr. Peavey, retired, and Mr. McQuade then became superintendent.

He had been the second foreman under Mr. Smith the eight years previous and is beyond question well equipped by training and experience to conduct an establishment of the kind. His son Arthur is assistant time keeper in the foundry.

Mr. McQuade served three years in Co. F, First Battalion, Massachusetts cavalry, and on the walls of his smoking room in a large frame is a personal testimonial adopted by the Massachusetts legislature in 1869 and signed by Governor Claflin as a recognition of his service and his patriotic endeavor in the Union cause.

He visited California in 1869, working at his trade there for a time. He there met many Lowell men but decided to return to Lowell, where in 1873 he and Miss Coleman were united in marriage in St. Peter's church by Rev. Fr. Ronan. Mrs. McQuade is widely esteemed for many noble traits of character.

Mr. and Mrs. McQuade are both still hale and vigorous and it is the wish of their many friends that they may enjoy health and happiness until they celebrate their golden and even their diamond weddings.

FROM WORKHOUSE

To House of Correction at Cambridge

Four more of the prisoners who were pardoned from the city farm by the overseers of the poor were in the police court today and were sentenced to the house of correction at Cambridge.

Only one man complained. He has been a workhouse inmate since he was old enough to vote and the frost of years is now upon his head. He said: "Lots of times when I've been out and haven't touched a thin' that could have hurted me a bit, some big cop pulled me in".

He was booked for the state farm with the rest of the city farm celebrities, but he seemed happy after having been given an opportunity to speak his little piece.

The workhouse representatives who received house of correction sentences were John F. Cleary, Mark Donlon, Mary A. Moran and James Cunningham.

SAFE BLOWN OPEN

BUT ROBBERS DID NOT TAKE ANYTHING.

BARRINGTON, R. I., Oct. 3—The safe in the grocery store of Charles H. Marint in this town was blown open by burglars at 2 o'clock this morning with powder but nothing was taken as the pair were probably frightened away. The post office is in a section of the store.

One of the burglars stood outside and fired a pistol and after the explosion he was joined by his pal and both escaped. The family residing over the store were awakened but were prevented from investigating the matter as one of the men had fastened the door leading to the stairway with a rope from inside the store. The chief of police was notified and is investigating certain clues which may lead to the arrest of the pair who are thought to have been expert cracksmen.

Lowell Textile School
Opens Tuesday, Sept. 27, 1904

Courses in Cotton and Wool Manufacturing, Chemistry and Dyeing, Weaving, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Decorative Art and Designing, Languages.

Special Day Course in Decorative Art for Women

Evening Classes Open Oct. 17

Courses in Cotton Spinning, Woolen and Worsted Spinning, Designing, Chemistry and Dyeing, Warp Preparation and Weaving, Mechanics and Electricity.

The certificate of the school will be awarded to all who successfully complete either of the courses. Graduates of other schools will be admitted without examinations.

For all others who have not previously attended the Lowell Textile school examinations will be held in the subjects of arithmetic and English at the school

THURSDAY, Oct. 6th

The evening courses will be free to residents of the city of Lowell. To all others the fee will be $2.50 per term or $5 a year. Application for admission or catalogue may be made by postal card addressed to the Principal, W. W. Crosby, Lowell, Mass.

If your eyes are
HYPEROPIC
you should come to me today.
Optician George G. Rogers
145 MERRIMACK STREET,
Up Stairs.

A. E O'HEIR & CO., Agents

IN POLICE COURT

Man Pleaded Guilty to Charge of Forgery

In police court today, Charles S. Sargent, who attempted to commit suicide by drinking carbolic acid in Lawrence Saturday, was arraigned on a complaint charging him with forgery and he pleaded guilty. He was ordered in $500 for the superior court.

David McKeown, who assaulted Bernard Reynolds with an iron bar at the gas house Friday, pleaded guilty and had his case continued to Saturday by request of counsel, D. J. Donahue. Reynolds was in court with his head swathed in bandages.

Other drunken offenders were disposed of as follows: Catherine Flannagan, jail; James A. Cunningham, state farm.

Paul Montana, James Kirkpatrick, Patrick Donlon, Sarah Houghton, Martin J. Molloy, Joseph Lemore and Joseph Lemoy were fined $6 each. Frank Mullen, Edward Killoy, Frank Metcalf and C. Skillons were fined $5 each. Bridget Howard, Patrick Roche, Thomas McSally, Joseph Clarke, W. M. Zokall and Daltomy Bonsila were fined $2 each. Twelve were released including two women.

Bedey Lucier and Mary Bacon, charged with adultery, were found guilty and were ordered in $300 each for the superior court. Mary Bacon's husband created somewhat of a sensation by declaring to the court that he knew his wife was innocent of the charge against her.

Margaret and Rose Reardon, sisters, were charged with drunkenness and had their cases continued until Saturday.

Adelard Landry, alias Joseph Marin, pleaded not guilty to a complaint charging him with an assault on Mary E. McCarthy, seven years old. He was ordered in $500 for his appearance before the court tomorrow morning.

Entertainment and dancing at reunion of Immaculate Conception parish at Huntington hall, Thursday evening, Oct. 6.

GRIPING PAINS

Stomach ailments, characterized by severe griping, twisting pains and sudden paroxysms, such as colic, cramps, cholera infantum, cholera morbus and diarrhoea, are best cured by that century-old remedy

JOHNSON'S Anodyne LINIMENT

Its anodyne strength and purity make it just as efficacious for internal, as for external, use. Whether you rub it into the skin or drop on sugar in a teaspoon to cure a cold, it is equally potent. Sold by all druggists. Price 25c., three times as much 50c.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass

Double Dark Blue Stamps Given on All Purchases

JOHN F. SAUNDERS
159 Corham Street, Cor. Summer

AND SPECIAL ON FOLLOWING:

On All Kinds of Stamps

120 with 1 lb 50c Baking Powder.
150 with 1 lb 70c Tea.
100 with 1 lb 60c Tea.
70 with 1 lb 50c Tea.
10 with 1 lb 15c Butterine.
10 with 1 pkg 10c Mince.
10 with 1 pkg Pancake Flour.
5 with 1 pkg. 14c Force.
5 with 1 pkg 10c Presto.
20 with 1 lb 25c Coffee.
10 with 1 lb 20c Coffee.
10 with 1 bottle 10c Blue.
10 with 1 can 12c Peas.
10 with 1 can 12c Tomatoes.
10 with 1 pkg 10c Corn Starch.
20 with 1 pkg 14c Norka Oats
20 with 1 pkg Malted Oats.

BEEF IS CHEAPER

Forequarters of Lamb	7c Lb
Legs of Lamb	10c Lb
Best Smoked Shoulders	10c lb
Good Eggs	22c Doz.
Best Eastern Green Mountain Potatoes	17c Pk., 65c Bushel
16 lbs. of Sweet Potatoes	25c
Best Round Steak	12½ to 15c Lb
Best Rump and Sirloin	15c to 18c Lb
Corn Beef	5c to 7c Lb
New Cabbage	1c Lb
Bread Flour	85c Bag
Best Bread Flour	6.75 Bbl
Challenge Milk 3 cans	25c
Best Seeded Raisins	5c Pkg

BEST BUTTERINE
10c to 15c Lb.

5 lb Boxes of Best Creamery Butter $1.15

SPECIAL ON CORN BEEF—3 for 1 of any kind of Stamps on the best 6c and 7c Corn Beef

IRON DOES NOT RUST

DOES NOT RUST

If painted with Harrison's Antoxide. No matter what sort of iron, whether indoors or out, fences, roofs, walls, or machinery, whether very hot or very cold—clean it well and protect it with Antoxide, and it will never rust so lona as Antoxide covers it. No other protective paint made has proved so perfect and lasting a guard against rust.

C. B. COBURN CO., 63 Market Street

ON THE CREASE

Buntings Won Four Forfeited Games

An important meeting of the state cricket league was held at the American house, Boston, Saturday evening, President Dixon in the chair.

Several minor appeals and protests were disposed of, and decisions were given in favor of Buntings on a forfeit from Boston, and to the same club on one from Merrimac. These were of great importance to the Buntings, as it secured that club in its 22 points, which ties it with Everett and Mohair. There are a number of games to be played by these three clubs in the championship series, but it was finally decided that the one securing a bye should play the winner of the first match in a final game. Bunting drew the bye, so Everett and Mohair will play next Saturday on the Lawrence grounds, the game to commence at 1.30. Bunting will meet the winner on the same grounds the following Saturday.

Chelsea and West India C. C. will play off their tie for the championship of the second section of the league on the East Boston ground next Saturday at 2 o'clock.

The umpires appointed by the league for the games in the first section are Dave Brue and John Gordon, with Jack Keen as alternate, and for the second section, Will Rolfe and E. Ashley.

GAME FORFEITED.

The game scheduled for Saturday between Merrimac and Bunting was forfeited by Merrimac, which was unable to get its team together.

Autoxide Paint prevents the rusting of iron fences. $2.00 gallon. C. B. Coburn Co., 63 Market street.

EQUALLED BOGY

FINE GOLF PLAYING BY FRANK E. PUTNAM.

Frank E. Putnam and Henry H. Wilder were the winners of the prizes for the best net and best gross scores respectively in the 18-hole open handicap tournament of the Vesper Country club at Tyngs Island Saturday. Mr. Putnam's score was 90, 10, 80. Mr. Wilder's gross was 83.

A large number of out of town players entered, but because of other open events in this vicinity only a small number played. Mr. Putnam's net score of 80 is the bogy of the course.

The weather was unfavorable to low scores. The wind from the northwest puzzled most of the players and caused many shots go wild. The score:

	Gr.	Hp.	Net
Frank E. Putnam	90	10	80
Dr. E. O. Taylor, Longmeadow, Lowell	97	16	81
Cyrus Wakefield	87	6	81
P. A. McDonald	93	12	81
F. L. Stuart	92	10	82
W. W. Reed, Lexington	88	6	82
Joseph Peabody	97	14	83
H. H. Wilder	86	3	83
F. Leighton	97	12	85
J. Thorpe	89	3	86
J. G. Hill	95	8	87
T. S. Robbins, Longmeadow	103	16	87
W. G. Eaton	99	12	87
L. F. Sherman	95	8	87
A. K. Drake	99	12	87
F. J. Bailey, Chestnut Hill	98	11	87
C. F. Weston	97	10	87
F. H. Grover	91	3	88
T. Nesmith	101	12	89
G. H. Lyall, Bellevue	95	6	89
A. T. Safford	107	18	89
S. S. Gilmore, Lexington	101	12	89
H. B. Turner, Portland	94	4	90
O. Hochmeyer	102	12	90
J. B. Hylan	96	6	90
C. L. Knapp	99	8	91
A. Sweeney, Merrimac	106	14	92
H. B. Lewis, Merrimac Val.	100	8	92
C. H. Forbes, Andover	100	8	92
R. R. Hancock, Oakley	105	12	93
D. D. Bartlett	103	9	94
C. L. Stover	112	18	94
Joseph Smith	111	16	95
S. T. Whittier	108	12	96
F. E. Bramhall	109	13	96
Percy Parker	110	11	96
C. W. Brown	108	10	98
F. E. Noyes, Arlington	114	16	98
R. W. Thompson	118	16	102

GEORGE GARDNER

WILL MEET JOHN WILLIE TONIGHT.

George Gardner is to meet John Willie in Saginaw tonight, and while Willie is a big strong fellow, the Lowell boxer should get the award, as he is more clever and is a better hitter.

WATSON RESIDENCE SOLD.

The Peter Watson residence on Princeton street, one of the most substantial residences in the Highlands, was sold Saturday to Mr. Maurice O'Donnell, proprietor of the St. James hotel. The negotiations for the sale were conducted through the real estate office of Frank J. Green.

Doubt Cannot Exist

INVESTIGATION WILL ONLY STRENGTHEN THE PROOF WE GIVE IN LOWELL

How can doubt exist in the face of such evidence? Read here the endorsement of a representative citizen of Lowell.

Mrs. E. O. Adams, of 33 Powell street, Lowell, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills ended a complication of kidney troubles which had bothered me for a long while. I had constant, dull pains in my back, the secretions from the kidneys were excessive at times and at others scanty, and contained sediment and a thick deposit. I bought Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s drug store, and they ended the pains in my back and corrected the secretions."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

IN FIRST PLACE

St. Louis Gets Three Hits Off Young

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 3.—Boston regained first place yesterday by defeating St. Louis, 2 to 0. Young pitched for Boston and allowed St. Louis only three hits. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Boston	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	—2
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Three base hits—Wallace, Freeman. Bases on balls—Off Pelty 2. Struck out—By Pelty 7, by Young 1. Left on bases—St. Louis 2, Boston 8. Time—1.25. Umpires—King and Dwyer. Attendance—10,401.

SATURDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston 6, St. Louis 1; 4789.

New York 7, Chicago 2; 17,149.

Cleveland 4, Washington 0 (first game), 4019; Cleveland 9, Washington 2 (second game).

Detroit 3, Philadelphia 2. (first game) 1200. Detroit 2, Philadelphia 1 (second game).

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston 5, Chicago 4, (10 innings), 1488.

St. Louis 5, New York 1, (first game, 10 innings); St. Louis 8, New York 6, (second game), 8800.

Brooklyn 3, Cincinnati 0 (first game), Brooklyn 4, Cincinnati 3, (second game), 2500.

Pittsburg 11, Philadelphia 3 (first game); Philadelphia 10, Pittsburg 3 (second game), 3447.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—Boston 2, St. Louis 0.

At Chicago—(First game), Chicago 7, New York 1, second game New York 6, Chicago 3.

BOSTON-N. Y. SCHEDULE.

For the remainder of the season:

Oct. 3—Boston at Chicago, New York at St. Louis.

Oct. 4—Boston at Chicago, New York at St. Louis.

Oct. 5—Boston at Chicago; New York at St. Louis.

Oct. 7—Boston at New York.

Oct. 8—New York at Boston (two games).

Oct. 10—Boston at New York (two games.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Boston	89	57	.609
New York	87	58	.608
Chicago	86	61	.586
Cleveland	80	62	.563
Philadelphia	76	66	.535
St. Louis	64	81	.441
Detroit	60	84	.417
Washington	31	102	.238

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	104	45	.698
Chicago	89	58	.605
Cincinnati	82	64	.562
Pittsburg	81	64	.559
St. Louis	73	73	.503
Brooklyn	56	94	.371
Boston	55	93	.372
Philadelphia	49	99	.351

CRESCENTS WON

DEFEATED THE CHAMPION ALCANUM TEAM.

The Crescents demonstrated their right to the title of champions of the city on Saturday when they defeated the strong Highland Council team by a score of 6 to 2. Reid received better support than McCarthy.

The features were the batting and fielding of McCarthy, the batting of Stacy, base running of Phinney and the fielding of C. Donohue. As umpire Gorman gave eminent satisfaction.

The score:

CRESCENTS.

	ab	r	bh	po	a	e
Phinney 1b	3	2	1	8	0	0
Stacey c	4	1	2	9	1	1
Russell 3b	4	0	1	0	0	2
Murphy ss	3	0	1	1	1	0
Walker rf	4	0	1	0	0	0
O'Brien 2b	4	1	1	3	4	[illegible]
Laporte cf	4	1	0	0	0	0
Reid p	4	1	1	0	1	[illegible]
W. Riley lf	2	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	32	6	9	21	7	3

HIGHLAND R. A.

	ab	r	bh	po	a	e
McVey 2b	2	1	1	2	1	2
Cooney lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Glode 3b	3	0	1	0	1	[illegible]
Hennessey c	4	1	1	8	1	0
Williams ss	1	0	0	2	0	1
McCarthy p	3	0	2	0	2	0
C. Donohue cf	3	0	0	3	1	[illegible]
Ivers 1b	2	0	0	7	1	1
S. Donohue rf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	24	2	6	21	7	4

Score by innings:

Crescents	2	0	0	0	0	4	0	—6
Highland R. A.	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	—2

RED MEN VS. LOWELL 8.

Lowell No. 8, R. A. ball team played the Red Men's team a return game Saturday afternoon at the Westlands grounds and were defeated by the score of 13 to 5. The following is the score by innings:

Red Men	3	0	3	0	2	0	3	2	0	—13
Lowell 8	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	— 5

Two base hits—Bowen, L. Hodgman. First base on balls—Off Hodgman 5, off McManmon 3. Struck out by Hodgman 3, by McManmon 6. Hit by pitched ball—Beaulieu. Time of game—1.45. Umpire—McKinley.

BUNTINGS BEATEN

IN FOOTBALL GAME WITH METHUEN.

The Bunting team was defeated, 2 to 1, by Methuen in the first game played here Saturday afternoon in the association football league. Methuen won by better team work. There were some excellent plays by the goal tenders of each team, also by Marriott, Casey and Jennings. In the first period each team scored a goal and the Methuens scored their second point soon after the opening of the second period. The summary:

Methuens—Teale g, Briggs and Lamb fb, Humer, Ford and Atkinson hb, Ankers and Collins rw, Littleson c, Jennings and Britton lf.

Buntings—Bertwhistle g, Marriott and Ritchie fb, Finlindson, Casey and Powell rb, Halligan and Mular rw, Concannon c, Scholes and Campbell lf.

Score, Methuen 2, Bunting 1. Goals kicked, Jennings, Collins, Halligan. Referee, J. Mack. Linesmen, S. Burtt for Bunting, G. Mack for Methuen. Time, 45-minute periods.

HIGHER PRICES

Said to be Poor Men's Taxes

INQUIRY INTO CAUSE OF HIGH PRICES

Industrial Arbitration Settles Wage Question

A most interesting and ably-conducted inquiry into "The Causes of High Prices" is summarized in part second of the 1904 report of the Massachusetts bureau of statistics of labor, of which Charles F. Pidgin is chief, Frank H. Drown first clerk, and William G. Grundy second clerk. The inquiry was made by correspondence, 664 letters being sent out, mostly to persons in business, each letter containing the following statement:

Many articles have appeared in print, and many statistical tables have been presented in official publications, relating to high prices, but in none of them has there been given what may be considered as a sufficient explanation of the reason for the advance in price of the necessaries of life.

Why have prices of groceries, provisions, meats, fish, vegetables and other articles of food increased? Why have boots and shoes, clothing, dry goods and articles of wearing apparel risen in price? Why are coal, wood and rents higher than in previous years?

Will you kindly favor this department with your opinion on the subject. Your answer may be written on this sheet and returned to us in the postpaid envelope accompanying. The names of persons supplying the information will in no case be printed in the report.

A prompt reply will place the bureau under increased obligations to you.

The number of available replies received was 151, or 22.74 of the total. Of these the largest number were from dealers in clothing, dry goods, groceries, meats and provisions and real estate. Nearly 30 pages of replies are printed in the report. The 151 persons gave 254 opinions as to the cause of high prices. Of these opinions, 77, or 30.32 per cent, convey the impression that high prices are caused by combinations of capital; 117, or 46.06 per cent., that they are due to labor combinations, while 60, or 23.62 per cent., attribute existing conditions to a variety of causes, general in their nature, and not directly attributable to either capital or labor. Among the questions answered is whether the retail prices of all articles required by the family, usually called the "necessaries of life," have been greatly advanced during the last few years. Some 117 of the correspondents reply to it.

EARNINGS ADVANCED.

Eleven of these considered high prices on certain articles were due to combinations of capital; two to combinations of capital and labor; 21 to scarcity dependent upon supply and demand; three to the prevailing tariff duties; 13 to better accommodations, increased cost of building, increased valuation, and higher taxes, all in connection with rents; five gave four different reasons, while three made the statement without explanation.

After quoting from outside sources, the report goes on to consider the question of earnings in its relation to that of expenditure. In 1903, as compared with 1902, there were increases in 57 industries and decreases in 33. For the 57 industries showing increased yearly earnings the yearly advance for each employe was $17.50; for the 33 industries showing decreased yearly earnings, the yearly decrease for each employe was $9.77. As the number of days in operation in 1903, on the average, was 293.03 or very nearly 49 working weeks of six days each, the average weekly advance for the employes in 57 industries was 36 cents, and the average weekly decrease for the employes in 33 industries was 19.9 cents.

The subject of cost of living is then considered. This is a variable amount, dependent upon size of family, age of members, place of residence, purchasing facilities, and very largely upon individual or collective tastes or requirements. The cost of living of two families of the same size with equal incomes may vary materially; one family may close the year in debt, the other with a balance in the bank. One may purchase the best of everything, while the other is satisfied with medium or even low grades. Each family becomes a problem as regards cost of living, and it does not solve a hundred problems to add them together and make one of them. Statistics of cost of living are valuable when grouped and compared with classified incomes.

From such statistics we obtain the amounts paid for food, rents, clothing, fuel, light and other items of household outlay. In them, however, we find no reliable indication of financial condition. When the budgets give income, debt or savings can be determined, but the cost of living figures, in themselves, are not reliable indications of increase or decrease in prices. A man may spend $500 on his family one year and $750 the next, but this marked increase of 50 per cent. may have been the result of a larger income and a higher standard of living, and influenced in no way by the ruling prices of family necessaries.

Prices of the "necessaries of life" should be exclusively for those items used in and by the family. As family purchases are made almost entirely from retail dealers, retail quotations are the only ones statistically applicable to the case. In determining numerical and percentage increases and decreases the same grades should be considered and the same quantities, that is, comparisons should not be made between pounds and barrels, and quarts and gallons. The quotations should be numerous and drawn from as large an area as possible in order to overcome, as far as possible, marked local influences.

POOR MAN'S TAXES.

As to comparisons of wages and cost of living, such comparisons are of doubtful, if any value. Both factors in the comparisons are variable in themselves, and comparisons of such variable factors cannot produce fixed, reliable results.

What a man actually receives in money for his services is a positive amount; what he actually has to pay for certain articles of family use, is equally positive. If his expenditures for the necessaries of life are accurately computed for a week, or month, or year by giving to each its proper financial weight or influence (not the pound to pound basis of consumption, which is fallacious, then the result, either in numbers or percentages, can be properly compared with actual earnings, and the actual increases or decreases in earnings and prices can be arrived at in a legitimate statistical way and be presented to the public in the form of comparative amounts or percentages.

The conclusion reached by the report is as follows:

"The action of earnings and prices is mutually reflex. If the workingman toils for less hours and gets more money for his labor, the costs of production and distribution are increased and manufacturers and dealers advance prices.

"Theoretically and practically the more money a man has the more he should pay in taxes. The average workman's personal property is within the exemption, but many own or have equity in real estate. The dealers charge more for meats, flour, and other necessaries; the towns, cities, and the state join hands by raising the valuation and increasing the tax rate; then the real estate owners, paying more for materials and labor and higher taxes, put a prents.

"The rich man has always found fault with the high taxes, but eventually pays them. Higher prices are the poor man's taxes. Like the rich man he can find fault with existing conditions and the lawmakers whom he holds responsible for them, but, like the rich man, in the end he must pay. Scarcity will raise some prices, combinations will advance others; over-production, or under-consumption, which is the same thing, will bring down prices on many articles. Industrial attrition will finally regulate the wage question, and then prices, wages and cost of production will reach a normal standard once more and this normal standard will give a just return to all who make, sell, distribute or use the manifold products of industry."

MISS NANCE O'NEIL

WITH HER MANAGER LEFT BRINLEY MANSION.

Miss Nance O'Neil, the well known actress and her manager, Mr. McKee Rankin, left the old Brinley mansion in Tyngsboro, which they have occupied for the past four months, yesterday. Miss O'Neil and Mr. Rankin went to Boston where Miss O'Neil opens at the Tremont theatre a week from today in "Magda." Miss Allen, who has been at Miss O'Neil's manor during the summer months, also accompanied the noted actress.

During the month of September rehearsals have been held in Boston, the O'Neil company having gathered there preparatory to the opening of their season. Several new plays have been rehearsed, among them being the great drama, "Judith," by Thomas Bailey Aldrich. Although this piece has meant the hardest kind of work for Miss O'Neil, she had returned to her Tyngsboro home every night after the day's work.

All of the beautiful household goods and the many pets of Miss O'Neil are left behind. The swans and deer and dogs will stay at the manor during the winter months, left in the care of a servant. "Sweet Alice," the Boston cab horse, which Miss O'Neil bought at the close of her season, will live in retirement at the manor grounds. This horse was one which had carried Miss O'Neil to and from the theatre much and, noticing its age and decrepitude, the actress decided to buy it and turn it loose on her estate. The cab man was willing to sell his horse, which was named "Sweet Alice." And over the Brinley acres the retired horse runs and will continue to do so.

After a week in Boston Miss O'Neil will go to New York for a short engagement.

TO REV. MR. GILLAM

TOUCHING TESTIMONIAL TO A [illegible] PASTOR.

[illegible], Mass., Sept. 26, 1904.

Our [illegible] Gillam:

At [illegible] meeting of the Monday's [illegible] Conference, held in Lowell, [illegible], it was voted unanimously [illegible] letter be prepared by a committee [illegible] signed by every member of [illegible], setting forth the high [illegible] which you are held by these [illegible] and the deep regret felt by [illegible] of the termination of your [illegible] in our city.

We feel [illegible] that the moral and religious [illegible] our city have been distinctly [illegible] by your departure; that the [illegible] Christ in our midst has sustained a serious loss through the absence of your inspiring personality, your trusted leadership, and your effective service. We trust, however, the aggressive evangelistic work so greatly encouraged and promoted by your untiring efforts for the salvation of men may not falter in enthusiasm and power.

We desire to express to you our appreciation of your many manly qualities and our high estimate of your fine Christian character, your splendid evangelical gifts and your excellent work as a pastor. We want you to know that we recognize the Monday Ministers' meeting as largely of your inspiration and therefore that we owe to you the privilege we have had for two years of enjoying a Christian fellowship all too rarely known. We shall be glad to commend you in the most hearty fashion to churches of the various Christian bodies as an eminently safe, wise and effective evangelist.

We shall follow you with our prayers and are confident that we shall hear from time to time glowing reports of what God is doing for you, through you, and with you in different parts of our great country. May the Lord, whose you are and whom you serve, bless you exceeding abundantly above all you ask or think.

We are, our dear brother,
Your fellow-workers in the Lord,
Robert F. True, Baptist.
Albert E. Kenyon, Free Baptist.
James M. Craig, Presbyterian.
Asa Reed Dilts, Baptist.
D. B. Martin, Free Baptist.
J. A. McKnight, Cong'tional, Dracut.
N. W. Matthews, Primitive Methodist.
Darrell Markman, Primitive Methodist.
Charles H. Ellis, Baptist, Chelmsford.
C. W. Williams, Baptist, So. Chelms'd.
Geo. W. Coon, Methodist Episcopal.
Isaac LaFleur, Baptist.
Herman Liliorin, Swedish Baptist.
Arthur P. Wedge, Baptist.
F. M. Pickles, Methodist Episcopal.
Smith Thomas Ford, Baptist.
Geo. B. Dean, Methodist Episcopal.
T. Clayton Welles, Congregational.
E. Victor Bigelow, Congregational.
C. R. Crossett, Adventist Christian.
Geo. Edward Martin, Congregational.
B. F. Kingsley, Methodist Episcopal.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of John Cavanaugh, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Patrick Reardon, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Cambridge in said County of Middlesex, on the fourth day of October A. D. 1904, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said Court, and by mailing post-paid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twentieth day of September in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

W. E. ROGERS, Asst. Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law and all other persons interested in the estate of Jane Howard late of Lowell in said County, deceased.

Whereas, John J. Harvey administrator of the estate of said deceased, has presented to said Court his petition for license to sell at public auction the whole of a parcel of the real estate of said deceased for the payment of debts, and charges of administration, and for other reasons set forth in said petition.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge in said County, on the fourth day of October A. D., 1904, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to each person interested in the estate fourteen days at least, before said Court, or by publishing the same once in each week for three successive weeks in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twentieth day of September in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

W. E. ROGERS, Asst. Register.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A tin and sheet iron worker. Apply to J. W. Stewart, 359 Bridge st.

WANTED—An experienced table girl at 32 Branch st.

LADIES: Earn $20 per hundred writing short letters. Send stamped envelope for particulars. Ideal Mfg. Co., Cassopolis, Mich.

WANTED—At once 2 good house steamfitters. Apply to Mr. F. Smith & Co., 101 Butterfield st., Lowell.

WANTED—Man and wife to work on a farm. Apply Frank Parker, 6/6 Middlesex st., Davis & Sargent Building.

LOST—A three months' old Boston terrier, light brindle, female. Reward 732 Lawrence st.

WANTED—Boys 16 years of age. Apply 11 Wilson st.

LADY TO TRAVEL—References required. Salary $21 per week, expenses advanced. J. S. Ziegler & Co., 323 Dearborn st., Chicago.

BE A NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENT and earn $50 to $100 monthly. No canvassing. Good pay for work in spare time. Send for free booklet. "The Best way to Earn Money at Home." Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED—Women to take work home. Spaulding & Swett Corp., Rock and Willie sts.

WANTED—A housekeeper about 35, American preferred in a family of 2 a man about 45 and a boy 2½ years old. Must be a good woman, pleasant and kind to the boy. Steady position. Residence Hudson, N. H. One mile from Concord Junction, Nashua. One half mile from Hudson Post office. Geo. W. Marshall.

WANTED—Capable woman to take care of small child and its mother and do work in small family. Apply 23 Concord st.

WANTED—A general house girl at once, small family. Inquire 167 Sixth st.

WANTED—Good paperhangers at once. Good wages, steady work, union shop, no strike. The Lapalme-Hoffman Co., Waterbury, Conn., 168 Grand st. Call at Wallace Nichols', Middlesex st. crossing for information.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY LOANED salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters and others, without security, easy payments, offices in 50 leading cities. Tolman, room 43, Hildreth Building, 45 Merrimack st.

MONEY LOANED—Our plan of loaning money on salaries is the most liberal to be found anywhere, and is especially appreciated by Teachers, Clerks, Salesmen and Business workers. Easy weekly payments. All transactions confidential. Massachusetts Loan Company, 13 Merrimack Sq., 16 Prescott st., Room 9.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security, boarding houses, teamsters, salaried loans a specialty. Best terms obtainable, liberal discount for prompt payments, commission paid. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate Building.

DON'T BE SHORT—Plenty of money to loan to salaried people, merchants, boarding house keepers, teamsters, etc. Easy weekly payments, lowest rates in the city. Confidential; no publicity; no delay. Special inducements for quick payments. Private office. U. S. Loan Co., 90 Prescott st., room 6, Lowell, Mass.

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 343 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. H. Leinhas, room 9, Barristers hall.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—Position as cook in country. Inquire 11 Walnut st., Haverhill.

WANTED—A situation by a hospital nurse, or would care for an invalid. Rates reasonable. Inquire at 19 Abbott st.

SITUATION WANTED by middle aged lady, to do light housework. Inquire 540 Moody st.

WANTED—Nursing by a maternity hospital graduate, highest references. Inquire 97 Jewett st.

WANTED—A position as housekeeper. Take full charge. Address Sun office.

WANTED—A position to take care of a baby. Address No. 1 Keelin court, off Fayette street.

WANTED—Situation minding children or at light housework. Address M. D., Sun Office.

SPECIAL NOTICES

IT IS TO YOUR ADVANTAGE to buy our new crop Teas and fresh roasted Coffees, they are up-to-date. Double stamps every day this week. Dickson's Tea Store, 68 Merrimack st.

PIMPLES—We diagnose each case of pimples, blackheads, ringworms and send treatment accordingly. Charges $1. Write for Symptom Blank. W. R. Morgan, Ph. C., Citizens Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.

TRADING STAMPS—We have received a large stock of new Sison Teas, they are delicious flavors and we are giving 150 stamps, any kind with one pound of our 70c tea, 100 with our 60c tea, 60 with our 50c tea, 20 with our 35c coffee. The Elwood Tea Co., Davis Square.

MRS. ANNA M. COGGESHALL has moved from 26 to 38 Nichols street.

LADIES—A most satisfactory summer dessert is "Dainty Desserts." Makes delicious puddings by simply adding pure milk. Flavoring if desired. No baking—prepared in a moment's time. Send 10c for full size package, also our booklet entitled "Some Ideas for Desserts." Leopold Anderson Co., Campello, Mass.

PRACTICAL DRESSMAKER—Miss M. W. Taylor solicits your patronage. 17 Caddell Avenue, Crescent st., off Chelmsford st.

DAVID HUNTLEY wishes to announce to his friends and patrons that he has opened up a bakery store at 1030 Gorham st. with a fresh supply of pies, cake, bread and pastry every day, wedding cakes made to order.

BILLIARD AND POOL tables bought, sold and repaired, all work guaranteed. S. Scott, 34 Central st.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news-stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

MISCELLANEOUS

WHITE SEWING MACHINE, 370 Bridge st. Ladies when you need a machine buy the light-running White, the ball-bearing White, the incomparable White, the White Machine is king. Sold by George White & Son, second-hand machines from $3 upwards.

MRS. CLARA ADAMS, clairvoyant and card reader and ladies' employment office, 355 Gorham street, opposite Court house.

DOCTOR J. H. BRETON, 182 Merrimack st., Room 8, third landing, over Gilbride's. Hours from 1 to 9 p. m.

MADAM LENORE, clairvoyant, card reader and is also gifted with drawing power. Burbank Bld'g, 36 Prescott st., second flight, Room 19.

MME. WATSON EMERSON clairvoyant and psycological readings also instruction in elocution and physical culture. 474 Central st.

REAL ESTATE MEN, property owners, etc. Will paper your room, furnishing gold paper and border to match, and hanging same in a first class manner for $2 per room. Special prices quoted on more than one room. Painting, whitewashing, etc., at correspondingly low prices. D. Baker & Co., 150 Gorham st.

T. BEAUCHEMIN & M. FOURNIER, express and furniture moving in and out of city, pianos handled with great care, office 334 Middlesex st., residence 809 Princeton st.

WE HAVE ALL the Fall Blocks of Hats and are prepared to supply the gentlemen of this city. Stiff hats cleaned free at Delorme's, 261 Middlesex st. The practical hatter.

RAILROAD AND COMMERCIAL telegraphy taught thoroughly by an experienced telegrapher, positions guaranteed when competent. H. L. Whitten, 930 Gorham st.

BENT'S NO 2 for excessive sweating feet; harmless, 25c at Falls and Burkinshaw's only. Corner Middlesex and Thorndike sts.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief; powerful combination; used by 200,000 women; price 25 cents; druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LIMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1123 Bridge street. Telephone.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A gold ring, inside marked "E. L. from H. O." on Chelmsford st. bridge, over depot Sunday evening. Finder return to 39 Cheever st. and be rewarded.

LOST—Gold locket inscribed "G. A. M." containing picture and gold chain in vicinity of Opera House. Finder rewarded by returning to Miss G. A. Marley, Street R. R. office, Merrimack square.

LOST—Saturday afternoon a dark brindle Boston terrier female pup, stub tail and white breast and feet, no name on collar. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Meehan the Hatter, 104 Central st.

LOST—Between Broadway and Butterfield st. sum of money. Reward at O'Brien's drug store, Broadway, cor. Willey.

LOST—A $2 bill Thursday. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the Sun Office.

FOUND—Gold watch chain last Saturday, the owner can have by calling at Sun Office and paying for this adv.

LOST—A gold watch charm inscribed with owner's name, between 459 Market street and Associate building. Reward will be paid by Harry Demaras, 469 Market st.

LOST—A child's navy blue coat in Ten Cent store Tuesday afternoon. Finder return to 3 Franklin Court.

LOST—A gold watch between Lee Bros.' store and Fourth Ave. The finder will be rewarded by leaving at Sun Office.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

CHANCE SELDOM OFFERED—Will sell at great sacrifice a nice modern house, steam heat, highly respectable neighborhood in the Highlands, 12 minutes' walk to post office. Electrics pass door. Call or address Edward Kelley, 161 Branch street.

FOR SALE—On Rogers street, Belvidere, two story, ten room house with bath and pantry and seven thousand feet of land all fenced in. Smith & Cavanaugh, Donovan building, Central st.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—A respectable permanent cash business that's a monopoly, easily managed and absolutely free from any element of a get rich quick scheme or fake is offered party with some energy and $800 to invest where with ordinary labor from $3000 to $5000 can be cleared yearly. Owner of this business solicits a close examination as it will be honestly represented in all details. Bank and business references given. For personal interview address "Owner," care Evening Sun Office.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE CHEAP—16 ft. naphtha launch, Shipman engine, in good running order, can be seen at Preston's bridge, No. Billerica Saturday afternoon. Call at 22 Olive st., City.

FOR SALE—A boarding house must be sold at once, ill health the reason for selling. Address H. B., Sun Office.

FOR SALE—Furnace, in good condition, will sell cheap. Call at 263 Westford st. F. W. Emerson.

FOR SALE—Dog, St. Bernard. Inquire at 26 Billerica st.

COWS FOR SALE—5 springers, 3 to calf in a short time and 2 later on. Call B. Schwartz, Tewksbury, address P. O. E. Billerica.

FOR SALE—The contents of one of the finest houses in the Highlands including household furniture, cooking utensils, lawn mower and other lawn tools, etc. Inquire at 331 Walker street.

FOR SALE—Variety store doing $75 a week, tenement 5 rooms, rent $13. Owner blind, $450. Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—Store on Middlesex st., rent only $14, less than appraisal, Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—Store with tenement on Merrimack st., must be sold this week, only $325. Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—Tin shop, $350; cigar store, $200; milk route, $250; lodging house, $200, Best lodging house in the city $1100. All are bargains. Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy, harness and robes, A1 outfit, cheap. Greene, 104 Central st.

FOR SALE—Coal and wood yard, old stand, A1 location, easy terms, price $300. Greene, 104 Central st.

AUCTION SALE—At 104 Shaw st., near Shaw Hosiery, Tuesday, Oct. 4. 1904 at 10 o'clock sharp, a general line of household furniture.

FOR SALE—Bay pacer, mark of eighteen, pneumatic tired runabout and democrat wagon. Inquire at 45 Bon Marche building.

FOR SALE—A good farm horse, perfectly safe and sound. Inquire evenings, 671 Rogers st.

FOR SALE—Boston terrier pups, in fine condition, well marked. 119 Middlesex st.

FOR SALE—New, modern seven-room house on Orchard street, near Pawtucket boulevard entrance. O. R. Park, 179 Varnum avenue.

TO LET

TO LET—Tenement of 4 good rooms at 365 Lincoln st., near Gorham.

TO LET—House and barn, $10 a month. Inquire 673 Rogers st.

TO LET—Room in private family, privileges of home to right parties, three minutes' walk from post office. Address E. J. D., Sun Office.

TO LET—Modern tenement of 7 rooms. Hot and cold water. Apply at 25 Varney st.

LEASE—Highland residence, between club house and depot. Fine view; every modern convenience; $25 per month. A. E. Lombard, 68 Canton street.

TO LET—Boarding house of 12 rooms, 157 Market st. also store if required, finely located in the busy center. Apply on premises.

TO LET—Modern 7-room tenement, nearly new, in fine repair, hot water, bath, and pantry. Apply 8 Crane Ave., off School street, near Pawtucket st.

TO LET—A 3-room flat in excellent repair for two in family. Inquire 32 Franklin st.

TO LET—Sunny tenement five rooms, shed, quiet location, near post office. Inquire 336 High st.

TO LET—Tenement suitable for boarding house at corner Church and Lawrence streets. Inquire at A. Robinson's Provision store, 184 Church street.

TO LET—Tenement of four rooms. Inquire 34 Gorham st.

TO LET—A house 7 rooms with bath, pantry, hot and cold water, all modern improvements. 4 Sutherland st.

TO LET—First class tenements on High street, Rogers street, Hanks street, all modern improvements, with and without steam heat. Apply Joseph Donahoe, 3rd floor, Donovan Building.

DO YOU WANT a nice warm tenement for the winter in the very best of repair and lowest prices in the city. Three rooms near to Westford st. $6.50 and $7 per month. Three rooms Middlesex st. $7 and $7.50. One of five rooms $9. Three rooms in Belvidere with gas $5.50. Five rooms in Centralville, $6.50 per month. Four large rooms near Northern Depot $9. Store to let, great trade. Apply to T. H. Elliott, 64 Central st.

A FINE CHANCE—Seven newly furnished and six unfurnished rooms, modern conveniences. Best location in city, respectable and convenient. Rooms pay twice the rent and leave 6-room tenement free. You can't invest a few hundred dollars better. If interested address P. O. Box 1073 Lowell.

TO LET—Large furnished front room, heated, bay window, hot and cold water, bath and telephone, 40 Second st.

TO LET—3 nice rooms with board at the Lane House, 135 Liberty st.

TO LET—Stable of 2 stalls and 1 box stall; place for 4 wagons, $7 per month. Inquire 153 East Merrimack st. or 65 Merrimack st. J. W. Heery.

TO LET—Cor. Windsor and Westford sts, one six-room flat, steam heat, continuous hot water, bath, gas range, electric light and all modern improvements. J. H. Walker, 43 Fletcher st. Telephone.

TO LET—A few tenements in Belvidere, Centralville and the Highlands. Call and see us. Thomas H. Elliott, 64 Central st.

TO LET—Furnished room, steam heat and bath; on School st. near Pawtucket. Gentleman preferred. Address C. S., Sun Office.

WANTED

WANTED—To hire, lease, or buy a small farm near Lowell. Address "Farm," Sun Office.

WANTED—A horse for its keeping, for a short or long time. Good care and good feed. For particulars, address Q. G., Sun office.

WANTED—Children to board in East Chelmsford, second house on right past city line. Take Boston car.

CASH PAID for second-hand furniture, also sold and exchanged. Bornstein & Quinn, 113-120 Gorham street.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

FLOOR COLLAPSED

Serious Accident in Church at Adams

ADAMS, Oct. 3.—While Right Rev. Thomas D. Beaven, Roman Catholic bishop of Springfield, was laying the corner stone of St. Stanislaus Polish church here yesterday afternoon, a floor collapsed, precipitating 150 persons into the basement. Thirty-seven persons were so injured as to require medical treatment. Of this number, the injuries of 16 are serious, and in one case may prove fatal. The others sustained minor cuts and bruises. The most severely injured are:

Grodek Mischeloski, aged 16, suffering from asphyxiation and injury to leg.

Miss Belle Turner, both legs fractured.

Rev. L. O. Triganne, injuries to head and face.

Rev. L. T. Rodier, contusions.

Rev. M. F. Kopythkiewicz, legs injured, contusions on forehead.

Mrs. Michael McAndres, leg fractured.

Right Rev. Thomas Beaven, bruised slightly about hands and body.

Alexander Lestock, forehead injured.

Stanislaus Lestock, aged 3, ear lacerated.

Ulric Roullier, left leg broken.

Mrs. John Loftus, ankle fractured and back injured.

Annie Avery, ankle broken.

Miss Rose Isabelle, ankle sprained and body bruised.

Miss Veronica Samosca, serious injuries to chest.

Frank Curok, leg broken and bad injuries to back.

About 7000 persons attended the ceremony and about 1000 were seated or standing on the floor which covered the basement. Just as the bishop was about to lay the stone, a section of the flooring, about 40 feet square in stone was necessarily postponed.

area, collapsed, and with it fell the bishop, the clergy and about 140 of the spectators who were seated between the centre of the building and the corner stone. The persons who were undermost, dropped a distance of many feet, many others falling on them. Confusion prevailed for several minutes, but those who remained on solid flooring were cool and at once went to the work of rescuing the people in the basement.

Bishop Beaven was caught in the crush but was able to save himself from serious injury. He was bruised about the body and had his hands scratched. Father Triganné had his nose crushed, sustained cuts on the cheek and forehead and was injured in an eye. Fathers McLaughlin and Dolan were beside the bishop, but escaped injury. The pastor of the church was quite severely bruised and cut.

What was regarded at the time as the most serious case was that of Grodek Mischeloski, a 16-year-old Polish boy, and a member of the young men's society of St. Stanislaus parish. He was one of the first to fall with the floor and on top of him fell many others. He was unconscious when rescued, he having been partially suffocated. His legs were injured and it was thought he was hurt internally. One of the clergy administered the last rites to him, but later he was able to be removed to his home.

The accident was caused by the breaking of a heavy wooden girder which had been spliced. A quantity of stone, to be used in the building work, rested on the floor and it is thought this additional weight contributed to the accident.

The ceremony of laying the corner stone was necessarily postponed.

THE WHOLE NATION WEEPS WITH MASSACHUSETTS AT THE BIER OF HER ILLUSTRIOUS SON.

"PRINCE FALLEN"

Beautiful Tribute to Late Senator Hoar

BY REV. C. T. BILLINGS YESTERDAY

Deceased a Type for Young to Follow

"And the king said unto his servants Know ye not that there is a prince and a great man fallen this day in Israel?" Such was the text of a beautiful eulogy of the late Senator George F. Hoar delivered at the First Unitarian church yesterday by Rev. Chas. T. Billings. The heart of Massachusetts turns reverently to a neighboring city, where lies all that is mortal of its beloved friend and statesman, Senator Hoar. For weeks our hearts have watched and hoped for the favorable news that never came, and though the long weeks prepared us for it, every one felt a thrill of sadness when we learned that he had passed peacefully away. We mourn today the passing of a strong, brave, manly life.

Senator Hoar was indeed fortunate in his life and circumstances. He was fortunate in his ancestry, fortunate in his early surroundings, fortunate in his education. In his boyhood, he drank his inspiration from the springs of life at Concord, and there was much to inspire him there. He could feel pride that his ancestors fought at Concord bridge, and the blood of the Revolution flowed in his veins. He felt, too, the inspired lives of the men of his own day, for Concord has been happy in the list of honored names that have enriched its association and its history. No American boy could grow up in a town where Thoreau and Hawthorne and Alcott and Emerson lived, without feeling the nobler aspirations stirred in his own breast.

Senator Hoar entered Harvard in 1846. He chose law as his principal study and devoted the best of his energies to the study of it. He entered political life most reluctantly and never sought office until it was actually forced on him. His first appearance in public life was in 1852 when he made his debut in the Massachusetts House of Representatives. In 1857 he was elected state senator.

"His first great work in the councils of the nation was begun in 1869 when he first saw the halls of congress. Since then he has served his country—in service long and faithful and crowned with the best reward that could be achieved—the respect of his constituents and the country at large. If he failed in dominate the spirit of congress like Sumner and his peers he dominated its best spirit by his presence and his calm and manly utterances.

"He has often been said to be a unique figure in American politics. Was his uniqueness due to the fact that the early and nobler ideals of statesmanship were slowly fading away, and he felt himself more and more alone in upholding the best spirit of our fathers? This undoubtedly was partly so. There were other men who could lay claims to statesmanship, but no one in the senate emphasized the loftiest aspect of political life so nobly and sturdily as did he. He never adopted any of the wiles of the politician. He did not seek to fortify himself by the use of patronage. He only gave his honest service, he gave his full self, and he trusted the people, trusted that they would see and feel the noble work he was trying to do and the influence he aimed to be; and the people did trust him. They loved and revered him to the last.

"If he was unique in political life, it was because his sincerity was so pure, his culture so broad, his unselfish devotion so great. He loved public life, but he loved honor more. He never sought by any dishonorable or politic means to keep the office he had won. He never sought it at all. The people once having given him the office, would entrust it to no other. He would have had it to the end, barring accidents of mind or body, however long he had lived. No man in the senate had served the country so long and so continuously as he, and very few had served so many years.

"The love of country was his passion. He also loved his commonwealth with unfeigned enthusiasm always proud and eager to act as its defender. Many accused him of writing one way and speaking another but you must understand his theory of politics to know him. He hated to see his party go wrong on any question. In the Hawaiian episode he was especially loyal even though others sought to misconstrue his motives. In debate he was strong, impetuous at times, witty at others, strong in the denunciation of corruption in every form.

"In the most interesting periods of his statesmanship he found time to study the classics and was especially erudite in ancient lorn. His library at Worcester showed his learnings in this direction. In religion Senator Hoar was a devout Unitarian and his profession of faith when he stood in the convention at Washington was grand, strong, and thoroughly characteristic of the man. His faith was uppermost in all things.

"Senator Hoar is indeed representative of the best things of life—a type for the young to follow. Massachusetts and the nation have lost a noble son—a statesman in the best sense of the word. 'Know ye not that there is today a great man fallen in Israel,' and the emptiness of our sad hearts returns the answer."

WASHED ASHORE

Body of General Chadwick Recovered

TRURO, Oct. 3.—The nude body of a man was found yesterday morning on the shores of the bay at South Truro, about half a mile north of the Wellfleet line. It is believed to be that of Gen. W. P. Chadwick of Exeter, N. H., who on the evening of Sept. 24 was drowned at the entrance to Barnstable harbor while bathing with his friend, Dr. Henry H. Barstow, near the latter's summer home.

The strong southwest winds which have prevailed all the week have carried the body across the bay.

George W. Roberts, a citizen of Truro, while walking along the beach, came upon the body lying in the water at the edge of the half ebbed tide. After dragging it beyond the reach of the waves he notified Selectmen H. B. Holsbery and R. A. Rich of Truro, who called Medical Examiner Dr. E. C. Perry of Wellfleet, who had the remains removed to the undertaking rooms of O. H. Linnell, Wellfleet.

Aside from a few bruises and discolorations the body appears to be in a good state of preservation and may be easily identified.

It is somewhat remarkable that the body should have been carried such a long distance in so short a time. The relatives of Gen. Chadwick will arrive in Wellfleet early today. It is said a reward of $100 has been offered for the recovery of Gen. Chadwick's body.

Later the body, which was in a good state of preservation, was identified by Charles F. Ward of Chatham. It was taken to Exeter, N. H., this morning.

A memorial service for General Chadwick was held in Exeter Saturday. A great many Lowell people, including the families of the two brothers of the deceased, Col. A. M. and Austin K. Chadwick, attended. The trustees and a number of graduates of Exeter academy were also present at the service.

COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Cotton futures opened easy. October, 9.80; November, 9.83; December, 10.00; January, 10.05; February, 10.10; March, 10.15; April, 10.16 bid; May, 10.23; June, 10.23 bid; July, 10.25 bid.

TRINITY CHURCH

Archbishop of Canterbury Preached There

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Trinity Church rich in historical associations, and one of the landmarks of New York, added an event of interest to its chronicles yesterday when his grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, the highest dignitary in the church of Great Britain, preached within its walls. The edifice, in consequence, was jammed, a great crowd having gathered before it in the chilly air long before even the gates were open. Thousands were turned away. It is estimated that 3,500 persons heard the English ecclesiastic's sermon, though the normal capacity of the church is but 1,500 persons.

After the rendering of the Gloria In Excelsis, Col. William Jay, on behalf of the church corporation, who stood at the chancel, greeted the archbishop in an extended address, reviewing the history of the parish, from its beginning under royal charter through the troublous revolutionary war and the days of growth following them, to the present day.

Much stress was laid by Col. Jay upon the influence Trinity has in today's affairs of the Protestant Episcopal church denomination. His grace responded in brief words.

At the afternoon services at St. Thomas church the archbishop preached his second sermon yesterday. Booker T. Washington was among the interested listeners. Rev. Dr. Boyd-Carpenter, bishop of Ripon participated in the service.

The archbishop reviewed the history of the Christian church in the east and in closing made known that about 500 pounds was needed immediately to carry on some pressing work on hand. He referred to the great responsibility of the archbishop in the matter and remarked how faithful the church in America had been in standing by him in all such appeals, particularly New York city.

In a few words the rector, Dr. Stires, explained that this was the only appeal that the archbishop made in this country to the people of the United States on church matters and urged his congregation to respond liberally.

DAVIS' LETTER

Criticizes Cabinet Officers for Campaigning

ELKINS, W. Va., Oct. 3.—Hon. Henry G. Davis, democratic candidate for vice-president, yesterday sent to Hon. John Sharp Williams and other members of the committee on notification his letter of acceptance.

He introduces it by saying that he submits observations upon some of the questions now before the country, and then says: "Thoughtful and patriotic people are becoming more and more distrustful of the heady and personal element of the present administration, and are more than willing to see it replaced by one that better recognizes constitutional and other lawful restraints.

After making comparisons of government expenditures per capita under Buchanan, Cleveland and Roosevelt, showing relatively $2.01, $5.29 and $7.14, he points to the increased expense of maintaining the army from $16,500,000 under Buchanan and $38,000,000 under Hayes to $115,000,000 under Roosevelt.

Taking up imperialism, he says: "Imperialism is hurtful and abhorrent in a free government and subversive of free institutions."

He then refers to the existing tariff rates as being excessive and permitting extortion by combines, and blames the trusts for producing conditions which bring about strikes and disorders. He adds that the declaration of the St. Louis platform in favor of arbitration appeals to his sense of fairness.

In conclusion he says: "Judge Parker can be depended upon at all times to observe that self-control in speech and action which is so necessary to safe reasoning and sound judgment."

WANTED TO DIE

Chas. S. Sargent Drank Carbolic Solution

After attempting suicide by drinking carbolic acid, Charles S. Sargent was arrested in Lawrence, Saturday afternoon, by the police of that city. It is alleged that he forged the name of Fred Burton. Mr. Burton lives in Pelham and the complaint alleges that Sargent endorsed a check for $20. Sargent is 21 years old.

Sargent worked for Burton some four weeks ago and came to this city with four loads of wood, which he sold to a baker in Little Canada. The wood called for $5 a load.

About a week later Sargent collected the price of the wood. The baker gave him a check. Shortly after this, Sargent returned, saying the banks were closed. He was directed to a place in Tucker street to get the check cashed. Meanwhile the name of Fred Burton was written across the check. There seemed no doubt about the handwriting and the money was forthcoming.

After receiving the money Sargent went to New York.

Wednesday Sargent went to Lawrence from New York. He walked the city for a couple of days, and on Saturday afternoon went into a drug store and called for carbolic acid. The drug clerk, suspecting an attempt at suicide, weakened the acid to a very light solution and then gave it to the young man.

Sargent went to the common and drank the contents of the vial. Although the solution was heavily diluted, it produced drowsiness.

Passers by noticed the stupor of the man and called an officer. The policeman aroused Sargent and walked him to the police station. There he said his name was Charles S. Sargent, and that his home was in Lowell.

The Lawrence police wanted to know if Sargent was wanted in this city and going through a bunch of warrants the captain found one charging forgery against Sargent. The Lawrence marshal was asked to hold Sargent, and Inspector Walsh was sent to Lawrence on the first car and returned with Sargent who admitted the forgery.

LOST POCKETBOOK

BUT MISS ROPER SOON RECOVERED IT.

Miss Jennie Roper, who started for New York Saturday, lost her pocketbook containing $145 in money and her ticket to New York, at the Middlesex street station, and for a time it looked as though she would have to abandon the trip. The missing purse, however, was found by Undertaker Joseph Albert, who spied it lying under a truck at the station. Miss Roper was profuse in her thanks to Mr. Albert.

DARING BREAK

ROBBERS GOT AWAY WITH $15,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—The residence of Alexander Reid, 13 and 15 Linwood square, was entered some time Saturday night, and silverware and other property, valued at $1500 stolen.

The thieves were apparently professionals and the police say that three men at least must have been concerned in the robbery.

They left behind them a jimmy, which was tied with a piece of pink ribbon.

POSTMASTER GRAY FOUND DEAD

WHITINSVILLE, Mass., Oct. 3.—Davis P. Gray, 77 years old, postmaster of Whitinsville for ten years, was found dead on a sofa in his home last night, by his son-in-law, Henry W. Dolliver. The family had been away during the day and returning, found him. Death was due to weakness attendant upon age.

Mr. Gray had held nearly every office in the town of Northbridge and had served two terms in the legislature. He had worker for the Whitin machine works 40 years before his appointment as postmaster.

A FATAL BOUT

John Peters Killed in the Ring

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—John Peters, one of the principals in a boxing match in West Bergen, N. J., died in the ring following a knock-out blow in the fourth round early yesterday. The police have made several arrests, and County Physician Converse, of Hudson county, N. J., is conducting an investigation.

The fight took place, according to the police reports, in the rear of a saloon, conducted by Alexander Kohler, who is among those in police custody. In his story to the police, Kohler alleges that a party of men visited him late Saturday night and engaged his hall, after assuring him that nothing in violation of the law would take place.

A ring was laid out, and two men, one of them Peters, entered it. Peters, in the course of the fight, was knocked down several times, it is alleged, and in the fourth round went down twice in quick succession, the last fall being the result of a chest blow. When he did not rise after a reasonable time physicians were called in. Peters was pronounced dead.

Patrick Dormay was later arrested as one of the principals in the fight. He was arraigned before Recorder Pulis yesterday and held for the grand jury without bail. John Foccacci and James Mitchell were held as witnesses. Peters was 22 years old and had considerable reputation in and about Hoboken as a boxer. Dormady is 25 years old and lives in Hoboken.

BRUTAL ASSAULT

WOMAN ATTACKED BY AN UNKNOWN MAN.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—A woman who gave her name to the Reading police as Mrs. McKay of Somerville was brutally assaulted and robbed in Reading, near the Wilmington line, by an unknown man yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. McKay was walking from Reading to Wilmington, and when near the Wilmington line and in a lonely part of the road was approached by a stranger, who endeavored to engage her in conversation.

She resented his familiarity and continued on the road. The man followed and when in a secluded section the stranger struck her over the head, knocking her down, rendering her unconscious and relieved her of her pocketbook.

She lay in the middle of the road until the Lowell car came along, when she was noticed by Motorman Gaw, who picked her up and carried her to Reading.

She was attended by a physician, and later proceeded to her home in Somerville. The Reading police were notified.

The woman could give but meagre description of her assailant. He is described as being about 25 years old, 5 feet 9 inches in height and of medium complexion.

TO RESUME FULL TIME.

WARE, Mass., Oct. 3.—The cloth department of the Otis company's cotton mill here will resume full time beginning this week. Some 800 of the 1000 hands employed are benefitted by this change. The underwear department has been on full time all summer, but since May 1 the clothing department has been running 40 hours a week on the first four days of the week.

The Blue Clippers defeated the strong Sacred Heart team Saturday on the North common, by a score of 16 to 10.

REMOVAL

C. A. May has removed his Electrical Supplies to 131 Middle St.

Telephone Connection

SHOT WAS FATAL

Young Man Was Killed by a Negro

WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 3—Carl Getchel, a young white man, was shot and killed yesterday, at Bellaire, O., opposite this city, by Jack Terry, a well-known negro.

Immediately following the killing, a great crowd gathered and joined in the chase of the negro, who was captured within half an hour on the outskirts of the city. There were cries of "kill, kill" from hundreds of throats, but Officers Good and Marshal Mahon who soon came to the assistance of the arresting officers, drew their revolvers and held the crowd at bay until other officers arrived, when a cordon was formed and amid jeers and threats, the murderer was taken to the city jail, where he was confined. Last night the excitement in Bellaire was general and there were fears of lynching.

Getchel was popular and his friends are crying for vengeance.

MORAL SOUNDNESS

NEEDED IN EVERY DEPARTMENT OF LIFE.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3—With farewells said at a meeting in Holy Trinity church last evening, the members of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew concluded their nineteenth annual convention.

At 9 a. m. the annual charge to the convention was delivered by Right Rev. Charles H. Brent, bishop of the Philippines, at Holy Trinity church. Among other things he said:

"The object of this assembly is to get nearer the truth: facts may be ugly, but we want to face them. Always in such an assembly we are in danger of emotional dishonesty. That really which God requires of us we must gain within ourselves. You must see a vision before you can give a vision; you must have life before you can impart life.

"What the world needs today is moral soundness in society, in business and in every department of life. It is pathetic to see a moral man who is not religious. But what shall I say of a religious man who is not moral.

"Though I have spoken of the kingdom of God to my fellows in and out of season, I never met with a rebuff. Let us only be real, no matter how simple it is, it is bound to tell."

A public mass meeting was held in the afternoon in the Baptist temple, at which the subject of discussion was "Am I my brother's keeper?"

Right Rev. Alexander Mackay Smith, bishop coadjutor of Pennsylvania, presided. Those who spoke were Bishop Gailor, of Tennessee, and Bishop Kinsolving, of Brazil.

Bishop Coleman of Delaware presided at a mass meeting held for boys. Among those who addressed this meeting was Right Rev. Reginald H. Weller, D. D., coadjutor bishop of Fond Du Lac.

At the early evening meeting on "Fundamentals," George A. King of London, first vice-president of the brotherhood in England, spoke of [illegible] and Edmund C. Billings, of [illegible], second vice-president of the brotherhood in the United States, made an address on services.

The farewell meeting, held in Holy Trinity church at 9.15 p. m., was presided over by Judge G. Harry Davis, of this city, first vice-president of the brotherhood, who made a short address, to which many of the visitors made brief responses.

Addresses were also made on "[illegible] of the convention." The [illegible] members that died during the [illegible] were read, which was followed by the "Gloria In Exelsius," the "[illegible] thanksgiving" and "the benediction."

COLORED FOLKS.

Bishops Nelson and Benjamin of New York city will address the colored people in Odd Fellows temple tonight.

TERRIFIC FLOODS

Did Great Damaeg in New Mexico

LAS VEGAS, N. M., Oct. 3.—Half of Watrous has been destroyed by a flood and at least 12 persons have been drowned, including three children of J. H. Stevens, Felix Villareal, his wife, two sisters and a couple of their children and C. F. Porter. J. H. Stevens and his wife escaped. They are in a critical condition.

Many persons were rescued from trees and house tops. The greatest damage was around the junction of Mora and Sapelcire creeks. A rock crusher, an iron bridge and much track at Watrous were washed away. The Gallinas river formed a new channel at Las Vegas. In the Gallinas canon the dams of the Agua Pura company, broke, bringing a terrific flood on the city. The Montezuma hot springs track went out in many places. Half a dozen bridges were destroyed and the Montezuma bath houses were partly carried away. For two blocks in Bridge street every business house was flooded. Gallinas park is under water and the trolley line cannot be repaired for two weeks. One hundred thousand dollars will not cover the loss to the town and the railroad loss is equally great.

WIFE BEATERS

THEY SHOULD BE SCOURGED SAYS ATTLEBORO JUDGE.

ATTLEBORO, Oct. 3.—In his decision in the case of Edmund C. Chase, charged with assault on three different occasions on his wife, Minnie Chase, Judge Byram administered a rebuke to men who will strike their wives, which is the talk of the community. He said in part:

"The instinct of the brute protects a female from the male attack, and when a man, created in the image of his maker, puts himself lower than the brute creation, the fact that he loses his temper is a very poor excuse. There is a punishment provided in some states (the whipping post) which the statutes of this state do not allow the courts to impose but which seems fitting. The highest penalty provided is a fine of $100 for each offence or imprisonment for one year."

Chase was sentenced to three months in the house of correction and appealed.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Joseph Hiland and Miss Josephine Brennan were united in marriage Saturday evening at 5.30 o'clock at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. John Platt, 67 Crosby street. Miss Katherine Riley was bridemaid and Mr. John Platt acted as best man.

CORRUPTION IN CONSULAR SERVICE.

The removal of Consul General McWade of Canton, on the charge of extortion and fraudulent issuing of certificates of immigration to Chinese is a fresh reminder that similar charges have long been pending against other members of the consular service in China. Political influence and fear of serious damage to the administration has thus far prevented action in all of these cases. The consular service in China reeks with corruption, and when once the "lid" is lifted, bringing the whole mass of fraud and [illegible] to view, the American people will hide their heads in shame. American [illegible] and travellers in China have repeatedly informed the administration of the rottenness existing in our consular service there, but with the exception of this belated removal of McWade, who seems to have been made the [illegible], nothing has been done. Here [illegible] it is safe to assume that Roosevelt will not do it until after election [illegible] forced to take action sooner by the pressure of public opinion.

TRY SEVEN BARKS

COSTS YOU NOTHING IF IT DOES NOT PROVE TO BE THE BEST REMEDY YOU HAVE EVER TRIED FOR AILMENTS OF THE

STOMACH, BOWELS, LIVER AND KIDNEYS

YOUR HOME DRUGGIST MAKES THE GUARANTEE

This remedy is purely vegetable and easy to assimilate. The doses are small and pleasant to take. It is prepared from the original formula of Dr. Franz Gauswein, of Weisbaden, Germany, who was, until his death, one of the world's most successful and noted physicians. Thousands of families for three generations have been recommending this wonderful preparation in the highest terms.

If your digestion is impaired, if your liver is sluggish or blood is impure, "Seven Barks" will surely effect a speedy cure, as it cleanses, flushes and tones up the whole digestive and drainage system in a thorough manner, leaving Nature to do the rest, which it will.

We cordially invite our friends and customers to call and get a bottle of this highly meritorious remedy. You may deposit 50 cents for a bottle of "Seven Barks" as evidence of good faith. Try it as directed, and if found unsatisfactory, we will cheerfully refund your money. Or, if you cannot spare the small amount we ask on deposit, come anyway and we will take all the risk. What we want is to introduce this remedy among our friends and customers where it is not known.

A. W. DOWS & CO., Merrimack and Central Sts.
FALLS & BURKINSHAW, 418 Middlesex St.

MARY DUNLAP-LEIGHTON

MODISH HEADWEAR

DISPLAYED OCTOBER 3 AND 4

—AT—

The Hat Shop

134 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, was **14,590** A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Roidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904. JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

The weather is ideal for the season.

The statisticians of the republican stripe still insist that trade is brighter and better than a year ago. Nobody here can be convinced of the fact if it is a fact.

RUSSIA'S PROPOSITION FOR LARGE ARMY.

Russia has determined to send to the front an army of 700,000 men to drive back the Japanese. It will be easier to get up such an army in Russia than to land it in Manchuria. With the utmost capacity of the railroad, 1000 men a day, it would require two years to land this force on the borders of Manchuria. To send any great number of them so far by sea would be more hazardous still. It would probably be the shortest cut to a successful termination of the war for Russia to double track the trans-Siberian railway.

PARDONED PRISONERS WILL RETURN.

The student of criminality and reformatory methods will find food for reflection in the promptitude with which most of the prisoners released from the city farm will find their way back to some similar institution. The first few days after their release brought several of them into police court, and it is the opinion of the police that in time the entire number will be back in prison inside of six months. Clemency is injurious to such people.

DEFENSE OF PORT ARTHUR.

Port Arthur is the greatest fortress on earth or it could not resist half the hammering from the land and the sea nor repel half the storming attacks made by the Japanese with the wildest abandon and defiance of danger. The number of Japanese sacrificed outside those high hills at Port Arthur must be close to 100,000. The Japanese have shown the first symptoms of desisting and going into quarters at the approach of cold weather, yet they will endeavor to take the defenders of the fortress unawares; but they are not likely to find General Stoessell asleep like some of the other officials who fell victims to Japanese treachery.

THE FALL RIVER SITUATION.

It is about time that conflict in Fall River were settled. If both sides took the advice of Mr. Walmsley in his recent address before the New England Cotton Manufacturers' association, the strike would have been settled long ago, and to their mutual advantage. It is the height of foolishness for the manufacturers to remain idle while their trade is slipping away from them and it is equally ill advised for the operatives to continue the fight into the winter with certain suffering to follow during the cold months when the strike will have ended and when the contributions for relief have ceased to come in. Here in Lowell the worst effects of the big mill strike were not felt until long after the strikers had gone back to work. So it is likely to be in Fall River.

TO FILL THE PLACE OF THE LATE SENATOR.

Before the remains of the venerable Senator Hoar were laid away in the grave, the fight had begun for his place. It devolves upon Governor Bates to appoint an incumbent temporarily. Already the choice for appointment seems to have settled down to one of four men, Attorney General Moody, Hon. John D. Long, Ex-Governor Crane and General Draper. The two first mentioned are probably better equipped oratorically and otherwise to fill the high office of senator with credit to the state. But it must be admitted that not one of the four could bring to the office half the array of talents possessed by the late Senator Hoar.

DINED BY PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

We notice that John Redmond, James Jeffrey Roche and St. John Gaffney have lunched with President Roosevelt. Messrs. Roche and Gaffney are endeavoring to swing the Irish vote of this country over which they have no influence, over to Roosevelt, but John Redmond has no part in the business. We are at a loss to know how he came to be invited at the same time with the other two gentlemen who are not particularly identified with the movement which he represents. Mr. Redmond has taken good care not to fraternize overmuch with the representatives of any political party in this country. Nothing could be more repulsive to his nature than to lend the color of his sympathy to the movement projected by Messrs. Roche and Gaffney to turn over the Irish vote of this country to the republican or any other party.

ENGLAND'S TREATY WITH THIBET.

It appears now that England's treaty with Thibet binds that country in the most abject manner to the wheels of England's triumphal car. Thibet shall hereafter have no power to grant any privilege whatsoever to any other foreign power except England; no such power is to construct railroads, to erect telegraph poles, to purchase, lease or mortgage any territory in Thibet without the consent of England. For granting all these privileges Thibet will have to pay the expense of the British expedition, something like $500,000. Until that sum be paid the British soldiers will remain at a convenient place on the frontier, ready to move upon the forbidden city in case the treaty with Thibet be violated. It was stated at the time that England's mission to Thibet was not entirely to open the doors of trade. As appears from this treaty it is to bar every other country out of Thibet except England. Thibet will observe that treaty until she can form an alliance with some other power to relieve her of its obligations. It is a treaty designed to prevent Russian encroachment upon India, but it is calculated to incite war with Russia when she gets sufficiently cleared of her present difficulties to give this matter her attention.

This move by England, while Russia's hands are tied, gives color to the claim that the far eastern war was primarily incited by England. The English-Japanese treaty concluded a few years before the war broke out is another fact that may be urged in support of that claim. All this shows how quietly and shrewdly England advances her interests where she considers them weak or open to attack.

With Japan beating back Russia in the far east, and Younghusband tying up Thibet in the meshes of an ironclad agreement, Russia will find it far more difficult in the future to make any move toward British India.

England feared the rise of Russia as a maritime power in case she got an extended coastline in the far east. She would then be in a position to attack India, but Russia had no designs of this kind, yet England foresaw the possibility of such a move and took the opportunity to head it off, at a time when Russia was unable to offer any effective objection.

The result will be that when this war is over Russia and England will be the deadliest enemies. Indeed, it is probable that Russia will ultimately blame England for all her present difficulties and all the results, immediate and remote, of the present war.

SEEN AND HEARD

The football season is on—more work for the doctors.

The fall weather has struck us in earnest without much of a warning.

The apple orchards prove to be a great temptation for the boys at this time of the year.

Many of the telephone and electric wires throughout the city are very inartistically decorated with horse chestnuts on strings.

The Dracut fleabug has either bled himself to other parts or else he is lying low until the comment over the recent fires blows over.

The record for fire alarms this year will, without doubt, be much in excess of last year and a record breaker. False alarms and suspicious fires have swelled the number considerably.

The nutting season has opened and yesterday a large number of boys and men went to the favorite nutting grounds in this vicinity and brought back quite a number of nuts.

An applicant for registration acknowledged to Judge Hadley a few days ago that he had never read a single line of the constitution of the United States.

The writer of this column would like to hear from local hunters; those who go in search of partridge, gray squirrels, grouse and duck as well as those who go to Maine and the Provinces after big game.

A gust of wind deprived a car conductor of his cap on the Centralville bridge Friday. His request to the Seen and Heard man was: "Please don't put my name in the paper." His cap went out to sea on the Merrimack's bosom.

It would seem that for the majority of prisoners the path leads from the jail and the workhouse back to the police court. Quite a number of the prisoners so unceremoniously pardoned by the board of overseers of the poor Thursday evening have already found their way back to prison cells.

A little boy in one of our primary schools approached his teacher, crying, the other day and sobbed: "Please, teacher, Trixie Murray just hit me."

"Tell her to come to me. What did she do it for?" asked the teacher.

"Aw, it ain't a her, it's a him," exclaimed the youngster highly indignant at the thought of any girl slapping his face.

Tommy McCarthy, the former Boston outfielder, was in town Saturday, renewing old acquaintances. Tom now runs a bowling alley and saloon in Washington street, and has "Bobby" Moore, the old New England league umpire, behind the bar.

"I voted for ——, and he's all right. He gimme $2," said a man who is a noted "deckhand" about town.

"So you sold yer vote for two bones," exclaimed his brother "deck" in disgust.

"Naw, I didn't. I wouldn't sell my vote for nuttin'. He gimme de money fur campaign work."

Every woman and girl who has any regard for style was on the street Saturday night attending the millinery openings. Going home on the car, Saturday night, I heard one young lady remark, "I visited ten different stores and tried as many as a hundred hats on during the night. When people see you trying on hats they imagine that you are going to buy, but I do not think that I will put any money into a hat this fall."

When Mr. Thissell's barn, in Dracut, was burned a few days ago it was reported that fifteen hens had been stolen. Officer Gordon, however, set to work and searched the ruins for some trace of the missing hens. He succeeded in resurrecting the skeletons of 10 hens, a fact which has done away with the belief that a hen thief burned the barn to hide his crime.

Supt. Lees of the local division of the Boston & Northern street railway says that it is doubtful if any more open cars will be run this year. He says that as the mornings and evenings are cold it would not pay to put the open cars on during the middle of the day. The conductors prefer the closed to the open cars.

Oh, show me the road to Laughtertown,
For I have lost the way!
I wandered out of the path one day,
When my heart was broke and my hair turned gray.
And I can't remember how to play.
I've quite forgotten how to be gay;
It's all through sighing and weeping, they say.
Oh, show me the road to Laughtertown,
For I have lost the way.
Oh, show me the road to Laughtertown,
For I have lost the way.
I used to belong to Laughtertown
Before I lost the way;
For I danced and laughed the livelong day,
Ere my heart was broke and my hair turned gray;
So it ought to be easy to find the way.
But crying has made me blind, they say,
And still toward Teartown my sad feet stray,
Oh, show me the road to Laughtertown,
For I have lost the way!
Would ye learn the road to Laughtertown,
O ye who have lost the way?
Would ye have young hearts though your hair be gray?
Go learn from a little child each day,
Go serve his wants and play his play,
And catch the lilt of his laughter gay,
And follow his dancing feet as they stray;
For he knows the road to Laughtertown,
Oh ye who have lost the way.

The principal of a school in Manchester, N. H., has gone into the snake business. The reptiles are kept in a cage in the school and a reporter of the Manchester Union dropped in to the schoolhouse a few mornings ago just in time to see two checkered adders ushered into this vale of tears. The reporter wrote the following story of his visit:

It happened in a big cage devoted to snakes in the Hallsville school. W. H. Huse, principal of the school, has studied the reptiles for some time and a school boy from the Wilson school recently brought him six eggs of the checkered adder. The eggs are about as large as pigeon's eggs and the shell has about the texture of parchment. Three of the eggs had already hatched and the young snakes, about seven inches long were running around the cage in a very lively manner. One of the eggs was broken, but the other two were still on hand, unhatched this morning.

At the end of one of the eggs there was a hole the occupant had made during the night. He put his head out at this opening from time to time, but seemed unable to get any farther out. The cage was dry, and afraid that the eggs might dry up before the snakes could escape, Mr. Huse decided to help them along. Carefully taking up the opened egg, he began to peel off the shell. Inside, the little gray snake was tightly coiled, and at the first attempt to open the egg he stuck out his head and flashed out his tongue in a threatening manner. The peeling operation went on, however, and as soon as the shell was removed the snake, still coiled, was placed in a dish of water. This seemed to thaw him out and in a few minutes he was wriggling as joyously as his elder brothers. The second egg was flattened and was plainly drying up. When opened it was found to contain a snake, as neatly rolled up as the first one. When put in the water, he too, rapidly came to, and began to squirm around after the manner of his kind.

The eggs were found on Chase avenue and are those of a perfectly harmless snake. The reptiles are gray in color, and the back is checkered, with a darker color. When mature, the snake is several feet in length and is found commonly in this locality.

WIFE MISSING

HUSBAND IS UNABLE TO LOCATE HER.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—Mrs. James H. Fulton, wife of the manager for J. A. Culbert, dealer in harness and saddlery at 191 Massachusetts avenue, disappeared from her home, 461 Massachusetts avenue, last Wednesday, and has not been seen since. Her husband cannot imagine what has befallen her.

Mr. Fulton when he left home Wednesday morning kissed his wife goodby. She appeared as usual then. When he returned she was not at home and no one in the house had seen her after Mr. Fulton had left. How she could get out of the house unseen is considered strange.

When she went away Mrs. Fulton left her jewelry behind and took no extra clothing. Mr. Fulton thinks his wife didn't intend to stay away long when she left the house.

Mrs. Fulton is a college graduate and formerly lived in New York. She is good looking, of light complexion. She was a great reader and often spent hours together in the public library.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCT. 1, 1904.

Population, 104,402; total deaths, 33; deaths under five, 16; infectious diseases, 1; acute lung diseases, 2; diphtheria, 1.

Death rate: 16.43 against 18.43 and 19.42 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported: Scarlet fever, 1; diphtheria, 8.

BOARD OF HEALTH.
H. H. KNAPP, Agent.

LONG DOMINANCY AND CORRUPTION.

"In spite of some excesses of feeling and mistakes of judgment the democratic heart beats true to the essential principles of the republic as it was created by the sublime declaration and ordained by our incomparable constitution. In spite of their intelligence and energy the republican leaders are losing sight of their fidelity to both. Even the errors of the democrats lean to virtue's side, while the very virtues of the republicans are beginning to be sicked o'er with the pale cast of corruption and absolution. This is not because the democrats are democrats or the republicans are republicans. The label has little to do with it. It is because the nature of long dominancy tends first to corruption, and then, threatened with exposure, to tyranny."—Henry Watterson to Democratic Editors.

WILL PAY $16,000,000.

MONTREAL, Q., Oct. 3—It is officially announced that the Grand Trunk will pay $16,000,000 for the Canadian Atlantic and will give a guarantee of the principal and interest of a total mortgage of $16,000,000 4 per cent. 50 year gold bonds, of which a portion will be reserved for capital expenditures. Sanction for transfer will have to be secured from the government by the Grand Trunk.

Y. M. C. A. GYM. OPENED.

The Young Men's Christian Association gymnasium in Hurd street opened for active work today. No great change has been made in the schedule of classes, but three or four entirely new features have been added, or will be later.

There will be working boys' classes on Tuesdays and Thursday evenings, and a new class formed for railroad men of this city. There is to be a big athletic meet in the local gymnasium some time during the middle of the winter.

The association will be represented by a strong basketball team. The meetings of the business men's class will be held on Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons as usual. The senior class will meet on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 Central Street

There's Lots of Business

in our newly arranged Boys' Dept.

and it's increasing every day—as mothers find out the convenience of having at hand, in one department, everything boys wear. The completeness of the stock has been a pleasant surprise to mothers fitting out their boys for there's practically everything here that a boy requires from underwear and hose to caps and clothes for the boy of 3 years and for all boys to the lad of 16.

The handsome new suits for boys 8 years to 16, in the new cut double breast jacket or Norfolk blouse with Knickerbockers are good enough for any boy to wear anywhere. Of thoroughly tested fabrics, in attractive patterns, sewn with silk, carefully tailored, of the newest cut—we know of no better clothing obtainable for boys than these suits for **$5, $6 and $8.**

But there's an excellent stock of less expensive suits even as low as **$2;** these we promise you are better than any you've ever seen for so little money.

Boys' Underwear to fit boys 3 years to 8, from 12½c to 60c a garment.

Silk Bows for boys, plain colors, in all new shades, 10c each.

THREE STABBED

Serious Affair at North Andover

NORTH ANDOVER, Oct. 3.—Daniel Donahue, aged 28, employed on Lakeview farm, near the Boxford line, was seriously stabbed during a row near Suttons Corner about 3 a. m. yesterday, and Hugh Maguire, aged 44, of 48 Ashland avenue, and Thomas Porter, aged 24, of the same address, are under arrest, charged with being his assailants.

The police say that Donahue and Mrs. Sarah Brooks of 110 Broadway, Lawrence, came here Saturday night and were joined by Maguire, Porter and an unknown man. Maguire, it is said, had a bottle of liquor, of which the party partook. An altercation arose, and during the melee Donahue was cut in the neck, under the left eye and on the head. The woman sustained a gash in the face and she accuses Porter of cutting her.

The police were summoned, and in attempting to arrest Maguire, John Campbell was cut in the ear. The quartet was finally landed in the police station. Donahue and the woman being held as witnesses. Maguire will be charged with assault on Donahue and Campbell, while Porter will be arraigned for assault on Donahue and the woman.

BREAKS AWAY

CERCLE D'YOUVILLE SEVERS CONNECTION WITH SUPREME COUNCIL.

Cercle d'Youville, No. 304, Companions of the Forest, has severed all connections with the supreme council of that order and hereafter will be an independent society, known as the Cercle d'Youville Independent. A new constitution and by-laws will be drawn up and incorporated under the state laws. A committee consisting of Mrs. Anna de Lamothe, Miss Rose Dextra and Miss Alice Jean has been appointed to draw up the new constitution and by-laws. The circle will continue to meet on the second and fourth Tuesdays in the month at Grafton hall as heretofore. The same benefits will be drawn by the members in case of sickness and death.

At the meeting at which the final step was taken the officers of the old circle unanimously chosen as officers of the new organization, the names only of some of the offices being changed. The officers of the present organization are as follows:

President, Miss Cordelia Guertin, formerly chief ranger; vice president, Miss Emma Gill, formerly sub-chief ranger; past president, Miss Rose Dextra, formerly past chief ranger; financial secretary, Miss Alice Jean; treasurer, Miss Marie Louise Caron; recording secretary, Mrs. Agnes Lemieux; visitors, Mrs. Elima Hetu and Miss Lina Hetu, formerly interior and exterior guides, respectively; sentinels, Miss Leonie Laroche and Miss Delvina Guertin, formerly interior and exterior guards, respectively. The office of deputy, which was filled by Mrs. Anna de Lamothe, becomes extinct from the fact that all connection between the supreme council and the circle is severed, the duties of the deputy having those of a mediator between the two. The last duty performed by the deputy was to notify the supreme council of the separation of Cercle d'Youville from the Companions of the Forest, which was done Saturday.

The trouble with the supreme council arose over an order to drop the French ritual for one in English.

CITY CLOSED TIGHT

LEXINGTON ENFORCES SUNDAY CLOSING LAW.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 3.—Lexington yesterday experienced its first Sunday with closed business houses, and the restrictions were probably greater than they will be again. Late yesterday afternoon the city solicitor discovered that milk wagons and ice wagons are a "necessity," and exempt by law. About thirty persons were arrested for violating the Sunday closing law.

The only places open were hotels, livery stables and newspaper offices, these having secured injunctions to prevent interference.

Asthma and Hay Fever Cured.

The truly marvelous cures of Asthma, which are being effected by Dr. Schiffmann's Asthma Cure certainly call for notice.

Rev. G. L. Taylor, of Washburn, Ill., says: "Some 7 years ago my wife used several packages of your Asthma Cure which resulted in a permanent cure."

A Hay Fever sufferer writes: "I have been a sufferer from Hay Fever for over 20 years, and it seemed harder every year. The first night I used your Asthma Cure I was greatly relieved. It cured my cough after using a few times. I shall recommend it to all sufferers of Hay Fever." Mrs. Martha Simerson, Lainsburg, Mich.

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 395, St. Paul, Minn., for a free trial package.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

for children; safe, sure. No opiates

Don't have a heater put in your house until you have seen our line—the finest display of Boilers and Furnaces in Lowell.

CARROLL BROS.

Tel. 640. 36 Middle St.

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

Teaches business as business is conducted in every day business life, and teaches it so thoroughly that its pupils are more competent than those of the ordinary business college. The demand for its graduates far exceeds the supply.

Any young man or woman of ordinary general education who will follow its courses faithfully may be sure of a successful business career.

WE GUARANTEE IT.

Our rates are reasonable and it costs no more to attend this College than to study in less progressive institutions. Catalogue gives full information and is free upon application.

STUDENTS MAY ENTER ANY TIME.

Evening Classes commence Oct. 3d

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

30 Huntington Avenue, Boston, Mass.

"Not the oldest; not the largest; just the best."

HINDIPO

THE NEW NERVE TONIC AND KIDNEY CURE.

Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood. Puts Flesh on thin people. Strengthens the Nerves. Clears the Brain. Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the Vim, Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both men and women.

This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking.

Price, 50 cts.; 12 boxes, $5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefited. Try it and be convinced.

For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

COAL, LIME CEMENT, BRICKS

OF ALL KINDS

E. A. WILSON & CO.

4 Merrimack Sq. 700 Broadway

THESE ARE BARGAINS —IN— CAMERAS

	Was.	Now.
3¼x3¼ Eureka, Jr.	$2.50	$1.69
4x5 Box Camera	6.50	3.93
4x5 Folding Bullard	15.00	7.73
4x5 Century	18.00	9.72
4x5 Century	20.00	10.23
4x5 Pony Premo	25.00	11.13

Other trades too numerous to mention. If you are thinking of buying now is your chance to secure one of these fine instruments.

Thompson Hardware Co.

254-6 Merrimack St.

MUST HAVE A BEGINNING

Do not postpone the opening of a savings account simply because of the smallness of your first deposit. All things, you know, must have their beginning. The big things of today were the little things of yesterday. Remember, we receive deposits as low as a dollar.

The Washington Savings Institution

267 CENTRAL STREET.

ADAMS

RUGS

Rich, handsome colorings in reproduced Oriental designs.

A Brussels weave in a large carpet size for $18.

The best wearing rug at a medium expense.

ADAMS & CO.

Furniture—Rugs—Carpets

Appleton Bank Block, *174 CENTRAL ST.*

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Will Cure Any Case of KIDNEY or BLADDER DISEASE Not Beyond the Reach of Medicine

ELLINGWOOD & CO., Cor. Central and Merrimack Streets. FALLS & BURKINSHAW, 418 Middlesex Street. A. F. STORY & CO., Davis Square

SUPERIOR COURT

Civil Session Opened by Judge Waite

An Adjournment Taken Out of Respect to the Memory of the Late Senator Hoar

The October sitting of the superior civil court opened at the local court house in Gorham street this morning, but after half an hour's business had been transacted the session was adjourned until tomorrow morning out of respect to the memory of the late Senator George F. Hoar.

Judge William Cushing Waite will preside at this session of the court and at 10 o'clock he took his seat and court was opened by the crier.

Clerk Dillingham then read the names of the jurors and they were sworn in. Prayer was offered by Rev. N. W. Mathews, pastor of the First Primitive Methodist church, after which Judge Waite said that "owing to the great loss which the state has suffered in the death of Senator George F. Hoar, court will be adjourned until tomorrow morning at 9.30 o'clock".

The following is the list of jurors who will serve during the present session of the court:

Leland D. Batchelder, farmer, North Reading; John H. Boynton, baker, Groton; Jesse B. Butterfield, farmer, Tyngsboro; Daniel Callahan, Jr., farmer, Billerica; Hugh Cameron, milkman, Tewksbury; Augustine W. Carkin, quarryman, Westford; Donald K. Colgate, painter, Wilmington; Frank Damon, pail turner, Ashley; Alden B. Davis, farmer, Carlisle; George B. Ellingwood, clerk, Lowell; George E. French, farmer, Carlisle; Francis N. Goff, retired, Pepperell; John J. Green, dealer, Lowell; Howard M. Horton, carpenter, Wilmington; William H. Keefe, barber, Dracut; William Kidder, carpenter, Reading; Wilber E. Lapham, farmer, Chelmsford; Arthur McCann, shoe dealer, Lowell; F. G. Morey, salesman, Billerica; Jas. W. Moulton, clerk, Lowell; Henry W. Plummer, patent medicine manufacturer, Reading; Myron G. Robinson, farmer, North Reading; James I. Shattuck, clerk, Groton; Thomas H. Sherlock, farmer, Dracut; Willis G. Spaulding, mechanic, Ashby; John J. Sullivan, pharmacist, Lowell; Archie W. Swallow, farmer, Dunstable; Geo. W. Swett, wool sorter, Chelmsford; George G. Tarbell, real estate agent, Pepperell; Charles B. Upton, farmer, Dunstable; Alvin S. Vose, farmer, Westford; David J. Williams, farmer, Tyngsboro.

AGAIN CRITICAL

Postmaster General's Condition Worse

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3—Postmaster General Payne's condition is again critical. At 3 o'clock this morning he had a sinking spell and from 3 to 7 he was kept alive by the application of powerful stimulants. In fact, it required the use of a greater quantity of heart remedies than at any previous time. There was a weak response to the treatment. Dr. Magruder was sent for early this morning by Dr. Grayson, who remained with Mr. Payne, during the latetr part of the night and at 5.45 o'clock, they were joined by Dr. Rixey. These three physicians are now working over Mr. Payne and Dr. Osler, is expected to arrive shortly after from Baltimore.

WHIPPING POST

Minister of Justice Believes in it

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 3.—A ministerial crisis here which had long been threatened has been averted, assurances of support having been given by his colleagues to Minister of Justice Alberti, who insisted on bringing in a law to re-establish the whipping post for thugs. Though a cabinet split has thus been averted, it will cause an exciting session of the Rigsdag, which convenes today. The Rigsdag was dissolved in May last because the ministry was unable to prevail upon it to enact the whipping post bill, and on account of differences in the cabinet on the subject. Since then the matter has been heatedly discussed in the press and on the platform, and now the apple of discord is once more thrown into the Rigsdag. The outcome is awaited with keen interest throughout Denmark.

Fall Showing of Millinery

For the Promenade

Creations of mirror velvet, chiffon velvet and panne, heavily trimmed with long ostrich plumes.

For the Theatre

Combinations of velvets, chiffon and laces, in all the new colorings, reseda green, oyster, tangerine and golden brown.

For the Church

In silk velvets, in the stylish smaller shapes—the toque and the continental.

Tailored Hats

Just the style to wear with your shirt-waist suit. Made up in camel-hair, beaver, panne felt and chenille.

An assortment of bewildering beauty, in materials and styles of all the new approved shapes. We cordially invite your inspection.

Our "Cheerful Credit" is the most helpful payment system ever devised. Try it.

NO MONEY DOWN

Cæsar Misch CASH OR CREDIT

220 Central Street

A. STRAUSS, Mgr

FROM EUROPE

DR. DONLAN AND SCHOOL COMMITTEEMAN REGAN RETURN.

Dr. Donlan of the City hospital and School Committeeman Regan of ward four have returned from a trip to Europe. Both are in excellent health.

FUNERALS

McELROY—The burial of the late Annie McElroy was held yesterday afternoon in the Catholic cemetery. The funeral took place from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Timothy O'Keefe, Grafton street, South Lowell, at 2 p. m. The remains were borne to St. Peter's church, where services were held, Fr. McDermott officiating. The bearers were Messrs. Denis Teague, Robert Bailey, Joseph Gallagher, Michael McCaughy, Thomas Taffe. Burial was in St. Peter's cemetery. Funeral Directors John J. O'Connell & Co. had charge of the arrangements.

KEATING—The funeral of the late Jeremiah Keating took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the funeral chapel of J. F. O'Donnell & Sons and was largely attended by sorrowing friends and relatives. The bearers were P. J. Brennon, Cornelius Donovan, John Rabbitt and Richard Nawn. At the grave Rev. James Walsh read the committal prayers, and the interment was in the family lot at St. Patrick's cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

BEMENT—The funeral of the late Sarah E. Bement took place yesterday afternoon at 2.30, from her late residence, 118 Merrimack street, Rev. Chas. T. Billings officiating. Appropriate music was sung by Mrs. W. H. Pepin and Mr. Harry Stocks. Mr. Harry A. Brown had charge of the arrangements. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery, in charge of J. H. Currier. The display of floral tributes was most profuse.

WALSH—The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Elizabeth Walsh took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her home, 342 Suffolk street and was largely attended. The bearers were Jacob Barder, James and Charles Noonan, Harry Horman, John Cashman and Patrick Mullin. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, where Rev. Fr. Walsh officiated at the grave. Undertaker Molloy had charge.

REGAN—The funeral of the late Charles A. Regan will take place from his late home, 87 Kinsman street at 8.30 o'clock Wednesday morning and a high mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Peter's church at nine o'clock.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

Mr. Archibald Higgins and Mr. Edward D. Kerwin, for over 30 years with the H. R. Barker Co., have severed their connection with that company and have opened a place of business under the firm name of Higgins & Kewin, at 554 Middlesex street, where they will conduct a steam and gas fitting business in all its branches. All orders for work promptly attended to Telephone 1141-5.

AN ARMED CAMP

Farmers Are Searching For John Whipple

HE SHOT NEIGHBOR AND POLICE OFFICER

He is Believed to be Insane

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 3—The biggest man hunt that has ever taken place in Connecticut, is on in East Glastonbury. The state police force, headed by Chief Egan, and many of the residents, are heavily armed and searching for John C. Whipple, who two weeks ago, shot and seriously wounded a neighbor, James Starmer, and last week shot State Policeman Louks, who was attempting to arrest him for the crime.

East Glastonbury is like a small armed camp. The farmers have armed themselves not only because of their indignation at the two crimes committed by Whipple, but also because of the fear that he will do further damage on the slightest provocation. It is already suspected that he has burned two barns and consequently all barns stocked with the season's crops are guarded night and day by armed farm-hands.

Two searching parties spent all of last night searching the woods for Whipple. Chief Egan assumed active charge and headed one party and Deputy Sheffield was in charge of the other. The search was fruitless. It is now believed that Whipple is hiding in a cave in Mott Hill on a range of mountains several miles in length. If today's search brings forth no better success than that of last night bloodhounds will be employed to assist the police.

To a stranger in the town, the picture presented is strange if not alarming. Farmers driving along the country roads with loads of produce, have in plain sight a rifle, and the same is true of the men in fields, who do not care to risk, unarmed, an encounter with Whipple, who while now believed to be insane, has always had the reputation of being a desperate character.

MAHONEY SURE

Cheney's Nomination May Elect Mahoney

REPUBLICAN ROW IN THE 26TH DISTRICT

Registration for State Election Begins Today

With Edwards Cheney the republican nominee for senator, it is a foregone conclusion that Michael J. Mahoney will be the next senator from the seventh district. Such is the sentiment throughout the city since it became known that the recount had made no change in the situation. Senator McKinley, they argue on account of his great popularity was one of the strongest men in Lowell at the polls while Cheney, who is a straight laced, dyed in the wood republican, cannot get any democratic support.

Registration for the state election opens today and sessions will be held from 1 to 5 and from 7 to 9 p.m., and on Thursday and Saturday at the same hours. At the conclusion of this afternoon's session the registrars will take up the congressional recount in wards two and six.

Prospects were never brighter for democratic candidates in the 26th representative district than at present. There appears to be well organized drives against Reps. Adams and Timmons while last year they were being toured all through the district. On all sides the re-election of Rep. Pinder is conceded and there is a fine chance for the other two or at least one.

Grand reception to Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O. M. I., and reunion of the Immaculate Conception parish at Huntington hall Thursday evening, Oct. 6. Entertainment and dancing.

DEATHS

MARBLE—Mrs. Ellen M. Marble, aged 53 years, died Saturday at her home, 29 Rock street. Besides her husband Robert C., she leaves one son, Arthur H., and one daughter, Ina L. Deceased was a member of Lowell lodge of Odd Ladies.

REGAN—Charles A. Regan died last night at the home of his mother Bridget Regan, 87 Kinsman street. The deceased was 23 years of age and was a baker by trade. Besides his mother, he is survived by three brothers, William F., the school committeeman from ward four; Cornelius and Fred and four sisters, Mary, Harriet, Alice and Mrs. Catherine Murphy.

ROACH—Maurice Roach, aged 76 years, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 17 Willow street. He was an old resident of this city and a veteran of the civil war. He was a member of Co. D, of the 39th Massachusetts regiment during the war. He is survived by two daughters, Miss Margaret Roach of this city and Mrs. Susan Sullivan of Cambridge.

THE SUN

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BOSTON

CATHOLIC NEWS

The C. Y. M. L. of St. Patrick's Active

ROSARY SUNDAY DULY OBSERVED

Immaculate Conception Preparing Reception to Pastor

The members of the Catholic Young Men's Lyceum attended mass at St. Patrick's church at 8 o'clock yesterday morning and received communion in a body. There was a large number present, and the C. Y. M. L. choir, under the direction of Mr. John Kelly, sang several hymns during the service. Mass was celebrated by Rev. James A. Walsh and he was assisted in giving communion by Rev. Timothy V. Callahan. After the members had received communion Fr. Walsh addressed the congregation and urged the parents of the parish to insist on their boys becoming members of the Lyceum when they arrive at the proper age. He said that if the young men who spend their evenings in cheap theatres, pool rooms and other such places would join the Lyceum and visit the rooms of the organization they would benefit themselves and the community at large. They would find plenty to entertain and instruct them there, he said, and the amusement would be of the right kind, healthy and pure. He praised the members of the Lyceum for the willingness they have always expressed to aid the church so far as it is in their power, and for the most recent evidence of this spirit, he said, he wanted to publicly give them the thanks and recognition their offer deserves. When it was announced that the parish would hold an Old Home Night, said Fr. Walsh, nothing was more pleasing to me and also to the pastor and priests of the parish than the tender of their services to assist in making the affair a great success, by the members of the Lyceum, through their board of directors. It is just such a spirit as this that we like to have our young men show, for it proves that they have the interests of the parish at heart. There is no reason why every young man in this parish should not belong to this organization and I again urge the parents to make it imperative that their boys should become members.

After the mass the members marched to the rooms in Suffolk street and breakfast was served. Later there was a business meeting at which it was decided to hold a minstrel entertainment and dancing party on December 1st. A committee of fifty was appointed to take charge of this affair and this committee will hold another meeting next Sunday after the nine o'clock mass.

Dr. James F. Gaffney, chairman of the athletic committee, reported that extensive repairs and improvements had been made in the gymnasium, also that the physical instructor would soon start in his winter season and expressed a desire for a larger membership. A basketball tournament among teams composed of members of the organization will be one of the features during the coming winter season.

Mr. Joseph Coughlin, chairman of the game-room committee, submitted a very favorable report. He stated that the pool tournament which has been in progress for several months past was brought to a close Saturday night. The winners' names were not given out. Other committees gave in favorable reports.

During the session Mr. John T. Sutton entertained with piano selections.

COMPLIMENTARY ENTERTAINMENT.

In the evening the assembly hall was crowded with members and their friends. A fine entertainment was given by local talent. Each number was loudly applauded. The entertainment was given under the direction of the entertainment committee of which John P. Cryan is chairman. The numbers were as follows:

Piano duet, Lulu and Tessie Slattery; song, Miss Ethel Ranger; song, Mr. Alex Cryan; song, Miss Margaret Lynch; reading, Frank Higgins; song, Miss Donnelly; song, John Keegan; reading, Miss Lillian O'Brien; song, Miss Sarah Murray.

It was announced that on the first Sunday in November the entertainment which will be complimentary will be given by out of town talent.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH.

Rosary Sunday was fittingly observed at St. Peter's church yesterday, the services being carried out with the usual impressive ceremonies. Solemn high mass was celebrated at 10.30 o'clock, with Rev. W. George Mullin as the celebrant, Rev. Hugh M. McDermott was deacon, Rev. Daniel J. Heffernan sub deacon and John V. Donoghue, master of ceremonies. The musical portion of the service was of an unusual high order reflecting great credit on the choir and director alike. Rossini's mass being sung. Solos were sustained by Miss Louise McLaughlin, Miss Mollie G. Ivers, Director John Warburton, James E. Donnelly and John F. Phelan. Before the sermon the choir sang a beautiful "Veni Creator" and at the offertory Miss Louise McLaughlin and Mr. Donnelly effectively rendered "O Jesu de Vivi." The sermon was an eloquent and scholarly effort, touching on the duties of Catholics during the month of October, and was delivered by Rev. Fr. McDermott. In the evening vespers and devotions to the holy Rosary were given, Rev. Fr. Heffernan officiating.

ST. MICHAEL'S CHURCH.

At St. Michael's church yesterday the feast of the Holy Rosary was observed. In the morning there was solemn high mass celebrated by Rev. Francis Mullin with Rev. E. A. Carney as deacon and Rev. Philip Sexton sub deacon. The sermon on the Rosary was delivered by Rev. Fr. Carney. The choir sang Haydn's Fourth Mass and at the offertory the Ave Maria, an adaptation from Campana was given by Mr. and Mrs. Murphy and Mr. Boulger. In the afternoon vesper service was held. The officiating clergymen being the same as in the morning. The masters of ceremonies were Rev. Fr. Shaw and Rev. Fr. Murphy. The procession was held in the church and the Holy Rosary society, Children of Mary, and the school children took part in it.

The girls of the school represented the joyful mysteries, the boys the sorrowful mysteries and the Children of Mary the glorious mysteries. Each group carried banners on which were inscribed the different mysteries. During the procession the rosary and other prayers were recited.

Owing to the large number of pupils registered at St. Michael's school it has been necessary to open an overflow school of two rooms in the old convent in Seventh street. This building has been remodeled and is fitted up as a modern school structure.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.

The services in honor of Rosary Sunday at the Immaculate Conception church yesterday consisted of a solemn high mass at 10.30 in the morning and solemn vespers in the evening at 6.30. There was a procession after the vesper services in which the church sodalities took part. The little children dressed in white with the members of the Children of Mary and other sodalities marched around the church and recited the rosary. Following the procession there was benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

SACRED HEART CHURCH.

Everything is now in readiness for the grand reunion of the parishioners of the Sacred Heart church in Huntington hall on the 11th of this month, and it bids fair to be the most successful reunion ever conducted by the people of the parish. The children's entertainment in the afternoon will also be of the highest order.

Rev. Fr. Fletcher, O. M. I., celebrated the high mass at the Sacred Heart church yesterday morning at 10.30 o'clock and Rev. Fr. Flynn, O. M. I., delivered the sermon.

Many new pupils have been admitted to the parochial school of the Sacred Heart since the opening of the school term and now there are over four hundred scholars in attendance the school being taxed to its utmost capacity.

Devotions will be held at this church at 7.30 o'clock every evening during the month of October. The devotions commenced on Saturday night and consisted of the Holy Rosary and the benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

Next Friday being the first Friday of the month, the regular services connected with this day will be carried out. There will be masses at five and seven o'clock in the morning and at 7.30 o'clock in the evening there will be instructions and benediction of the Blessed Sacrament and the singing of the office of the Sacred Heart.

Y. M. C. I. TO PARADE.

The Y. M. C. I. of Belvidere met last evening, Vice President Hogan presiding, and voted unanimously to turn out and parade at the reception to Rev. Fr. Dorgan on Thursday evening, October 6. In the first division of the parade will be the Holy Name society and the older members of the Immaculate Conception parish and in the second division will be the Y. M. C. I. and the young members of the parish. The line will be formed at the Y. M. C. I. rooms at seven o'clock, and the route of march will be East Merrimack street to Merrimack, to Central, to Middlesex, to the depot, where Father Dorgan will be met at 8.10 o'clock, countermarch through Middlesex and Central to Merrimack and up Merrimack to Huntington hall, where the annual parish reunion will be held in conjunction with the reception to Father Dorgan. John Hammersley will act as marshal.

A meeting of all the parishioners will be held Tuesday evening in the school hall when the reports of the various committees will be heard and the final arrangements made.

An interesting lecture will be held Thursday night in St. Joseph's college hall by Rev. Fr. Ferand of the House of Foreign Missions of Paris, who has been for a number of years a missionary in Japan. He will speak on Catholic missions in Japan.

The ladies of L'Association Notre Dame de Bonsecours will hold an entertainment tomorrow night at St. Joseph's convent hall. Admission will be free to all ladies who wish to attend.

WOMAN ANNOYED

She Shot and Killed Michael Rago

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Angry because of his attempts to force his undesired affections upon her, and determined to repulse him at any cost, she declares, Mrs. Rosa DePietro, 22 years of age, today shot and killed Michael Rago, in an East Side tenement house. The first shot was fired in Mrs. DePietro's apartments, into which she says Rago had forced entrance, and the second in the doorway of the house, in full view of hundreds of persons. Both bullets struck Rago in the head. Mrs. DePietro made no attempt to resist arrest and was taken to a police station carrying her two-year-old baby which she had held in her arms when she fired the fatal shots.

LADY HARCOURT

BARONY MAY BE CONFERRED ON HER.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—The St. James Gazette says it is understood that the late Sir Wm. Vernon-Harcourt, who twice refused a peerage, eventually accepted the honor and would have been gazetted Baron Melwood in the next birthday honor list.

"Fate," the paper adds, "has rendered the event impossible, but it is deemed probable that a barony following the precedent on the death of W. H. Smith (who was minister of war in Lord Salisbury's cabinets of 1885 and 1886) will nevertheless be conferred on Lady Harcourt."

THE PROOF IS IN THE EATING

We have a new line of Chocolates at 25c a pound that equals 50c goods elsewhere. One trial will convince. Howard, the Druggist, 257 Central St.

WANTED—Men to sample soap to families. Call 9.30 a. m. Tuesday Oct. 4th. Morse's stable, Middlesex st.

DANCING—Mrs. C. A. Wells will receive pupils in dancing and deportment at New Academy, 202 Merrimack street, Merchant Hall building, commencing Oct. 3, 1904. Classes: Beginners, Mon. and Thurs. evenings, 8 to 9; advanced, Wed. evenings, 8 to 10; reception and German, Thursday, 8 to 12 p. m.; High school, Friday p. m., 4 to 6, children, Saturday p. m., 2 to 4; private classes accommodated, private lessons by appointment.

LOST—Pocketbook containing sum of money between Harry Richardson's and O'Donnell's store. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 159 Howard st.

WANTED—To buy a boarding house, any one having one for sale please address L. A. C., Sun Office.

WANTED—Position wanted by a good all around cook. Address K. C., Sun Office.

A. G. Pollard & CO.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets

We Give Dark Blue Trading Stamps

Here is an Interesting Announcement For This Week

50 CANARIES

—AT—

Only $1.98 Each

Healthy Birds lately imported from the Hartz Mountains—all singers

Did you ever keep a Canary? If you haven't you've yet to learn the brightness and cleverness one of these little fellows will bring to a household. Watch him in his bath, see him prink, hear him chirp, then warble, then sing away until it seems as though his throat would burst. Puts new life into you.

And to you who know Canaries we commend this flock. All this year's birds, some a beautiful pure yellow, others with brown tips. Just been in America long enough to become climated. They will be in full song in a week or so.

If you've paid from $3.00 to $5.00 for birds heretofore, this price, $1.98, should appeal to you.

We have a full line of Brass Cages to show you. Three different styles with or without seed guards from **75c to $2.50 each**

Mixed Canary Seed, best quality, **10c a Pkg.**

Cuttle Dish with fasteners, **5c each**

Bird Gravel, extra quality, only **8c Pkg.**

MERRIMACK STREET BASEMENT

October the Banner Month in

Cloak and Suit Section

This is the month for heavy selling. These days must be strenuous ones in the garment department for we have past records to smash to pieces and past Octobers have shown marked gains. We're ready with the best selections we've ever had for you.

Ladies' and Misses' Suits, Coats, Waists, Skirts, Rain Coats, Etc.

The biggest variety of what's best in fashion and more worth for your money than ever. Here are some introductory specials good to see this week.

Black Silk Waists of Taffeta, Mousseline-Taffeta, and Peau de Soie, four styles to choose from for **$5.00**

All sizes 32 to 44.

One made with double box-plait effect of one-half inch tucks down centre of front, with three tucks each side, full sleeves, 2 tucks to elbow, 2 tucks each side of back. All tucks have two rows of stitching, dressmaker finish and only **$5.00**

the other three styles are as good or better.

Special in 42 inch Tourist coat of very good quality, mannish fancy mixed goods, in brown and oxford. The latest style back and the newest sleeves. Half lined with good romain lining. Special price **$5.98**

20 Rain Coats made of guaranteed cravenette cloth, three capes over shoulder, half fitted back. Full sleeves, colors tan and fancy mixtures, prices **$9.75**

Two styles Golf Vests, colors black, white, cardinal, dark red, oxford, navy, brown. Sizes 32 to 44. Special price **98c**

and the Golf Sweaters for **$1.98 to $7.50**

embrace everything that is new and are here in a big quantity.

A special feature of our Skirt department is the extra large bands and full hips in the fancy mixtures, cheviots and broadcloth bands for 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, price **$5, $7.50, $10**

A luxury for the mothers of the young Miss, 11 to 16 years of age is this opportunity now offered by us to buy one of those snappy, short skirted, intermediate suits in plain blue, brown, tan and fancy mixtures, prices **$10 to $15**

A. G. Pollard & Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets

KATE CLYDE

Discusses the Woman Who Works---The Luck of the Drone---Artificial Hair Again In Evidence---Wedding Gifts---Reign of the Small Hat

IT'S a melancholy fact, but mighty true nevertheless, that the woman who is able to work is going to have to all her days, while she who must either work or do without and who chooses to do without doesn't have to do without in nine cases out of ten. Moral.—Don't be too clever if you are a woman, and others will have to be for you.

I certainly think the lot of the wage earning woman is not one of lilies and roses. For one thing, she has actually

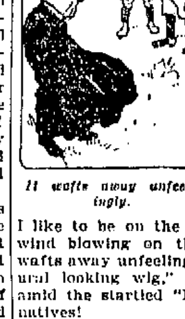
They want to be lazy.

to produce the goods. All the positions involving good hard work are open to her, but when it comes to the dignified posts which consist in occupying a highly mahoganized desk and doing a heavy thinking part to deceive the rest of the office force she is debarred because she is a woman. And, why, indeed, shouldn't a woman occupy one of these soft snap positions of dignity where she can grumble and grunt and snooze away her old age and be treated with exaggerated dignity by the office boys and subordinates? Well, for one thing, even if such a position were offered her as a reward for her early labors, I don't think she could stand it. A man can do nothing at all with more dignity than any other creature on this earth. A woman would simply go crazy under similar circumstances. She must bustle around and create a stir of some sort, whether mental or physical. Of course there are lots of lazy women. Dear me, yes! But they want to be lazy comfortably at home in their dressing gown and slippers, and you don't usually find them in an office.

Speaking about the woman who is able to work and who in consequence has to, I shall never forget a story that appeared in one of the magazines. It was about a stenographer working in an office. She falls in love with one of the junior clerks in the same office, and they are engaged indefinitely because he has two sisters to support. Of course the sisters are of the non-self-supporting class. The plucky girl fiancee agrees to help her lover in order that they may be married soon. At this juncture one of the sisters marries, to the immense relief of every one. But unfortunately this relief is of short duration, for just as the lovers on the strength of it are about to get married, lo and behold, sister returns to the home fold, having separated from her husband! At this interesting juncture the lover dies of exposure to the cold after a hard day's work, and the sisters fall limply on the brave little fiancee for protection, and, of course, as she is capable of earning a living and they are not (?), she takes the brother's place and supports them to the end of the chapter.

Now, can any story be more disastrous to the cause of female industry?

The reign of artificial hair is "wid us." Strange and out of date is the woman who is content with the small wad that nature gave her, and the damsel with straight locks puts by every month a certain sum of her income toward having her hair dressed and "Marcelled" into large and lustrous waves. But over in England they evidently go one step further, and, to my horror, I read the following in a high class fashion magazine: "It somewhat takes away the pleasure of a holiday to have to curl one's hair three or four times a day. A wise woman will therefore dispense with her curling tongs and spirit lamp and invest in a couple of natural looking wigs and several large hair nets.



It wafts away unfeelingly.

Alas and alack, what are we coming to? Are we to be a race of hairless ones like the Mexican doggies?

And wouldn't I like to be on the spot when a wild wind blowing on the Scottish moors wafts away unfeelingly my lady's "natural looking wig," hair nets and all, amid the startled "Hoot, mon," of the natives!

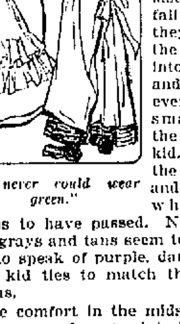
The other day I had to hunt around for a wedding present, and as the fall is a popular time for such affairs I think perhaps some of you would like the benefit of my experience.

If you have about $10 to spend nothing is prettier than some desk trinket made out of a new green metal now much in evidence. As a matter of fact, entire desk sets in twisted leaf designs are made of this metal, and there is also a lamp for the desk to match, having a shade like a pagoda trimmed with green bead fringes. Jewel boxes of the metal are wrought with a fretwork over imitation jade, and there are beautiful candlesticks which represent a slender maiden rising out of a lily pad. People who do not want to spend more than $5 may buy a pretty fruit compote in cut glass, one of the new shapes with a curved cup and a long wrought stem, or a claret pitcher, suitable as well for lemonade or ice water. Salad bowls for some reason seem to be a trifle more expensive, but one can purchase a very nice whipped cream bowl. Bags of flowered silk for opera glasses may be obtained for about this price. More expensive ones are mounted in gold and furnished with tiny change purses of the same silk. A lace handkerchief is not to be despised if the lace is real, and a dainty chemise, handmade and embroidered with the bride's initials, is frequently given by intimates of the family. Dainty little clocks of china or gilt work are always popular, but the newest thing is the clock supported on an art nouveau brass tripod representing lily leaves or something equally artistic. Both the greenish brass, the copper and the pomple ware are very much more up to date than silver, and the latter is taking a well earned rest.

And, speaking of wedding gifts, it is no longer considered a breach of good form to change them. On the contrary, the nicest thing to do is to inclose a little note with your wedding gift saying that if it is not the right thing you want her to change it and get exactly what she wants.

This is certainly going to be a copper year. Even in dress and millinery you see it. Brown is such a universally becoming color that we are to have a great deal of it again this season. However, it will be of a slightly different tone, more on the reddish yellowish shades. Old gold is to be revived, and our ancient friend, terra cotta, appears under the French name for copper—cuivre. In spite of everything that has been said, green has not proved so popular as fashion leaders wanted it to be. The truth is it is not apt to be becoming to the ordinary American complexion, which is a trifle sallow, I am sorry to say, from much pie and candy eating. The true reds of the dark cherry shades will also be worn, but not so much as the brownish and burnt sienna shades, some of which in cheap materials especially are bound to be very homely.

The small hat reigns. Believe nothing to the contrary. There are few shapes half so charming as those neat, quaint little hats which show off so well the contour of the head and the masses of hair prettily arranged and elaborately dressed according to the demands of fashion. It is on the hat that the touch of green goes better than anywhere else, for it is a well known fact that a color can be worn over the face which never could be worn under it. However, it is fortunate that all of us are not as sensitive on the color question as the servant girl who upon being shown her mistress' new green silk dress exclaimed: "Very fine, ma'am. But I never could wear green. It always gives me a pain in my stummack."



"I never could wear green."

If you have a pair of brown suede ties nurse them carefully so that they will last through the fall months, for they will be all the rage way into the winter, and they are ever so much smarter than the glace brown kid. The day of the plain black and the plain white shoe seems to have passed. Nowadays the soft grays and tans seem to be the rule, not to speak of purple, dark green and blue kid ties to match the respective gowns.

One comfort in the midst of the extravagance of next winter's styles, the fur neck pieces will still be small and therefore less expensive. Daintiness will characterize them rather than amplitude, and all sorts of little tassels, bits of lace and even velvet ribbon will be used to eke out the fur.

New York. KATE CLYDE.

A PERFECT TYPE OF FRENCH BEAUTY.

This is a portrait of Mme. Maud Amy, who is declared to represent the perfect type of French feminine beauty. The artists, critics and poets of France spread her praise and are all agreed that she manifests the ideal type of the beautiful Frenchwoman. Now for some two years she has been famous throughout Europe and even America. Of the exquisite beauty of Mme. Amy there can be no question, and certainly Frenchmen themselves ought to know what French beauty is. But to the foreigner who has lived in Paris and noted the women there Mme. Amy does not look like a Frenchwoman at all. Her face seems softer and less vivacious than that of the typical Parisian woman. Mme. Amy has a short face and short nose; the face and nose of the French lady are rather long. The ordinary Frenchwoman is as lively and restless as a bird; Mme. Amy's face and figure are calm and reposeful.

HOW TO BECOME GRACEFUL.

If you want to be graceful you must learn to walk properly. Very few people walk correctly, and yet it is an art well worth learning, for it adds grace and charm to the figure even as in moving about a room.

The girl who walks correctly walks easily, and she generally delights in the exercise which helps to bring the bloom of health to her cheek, brightness to her eyes and adds to the beauty of her figure.

Watch a girl who walks well and see how she holds herself; not stiffly, but with her head erect and chest well held up. Possibly if you ask her how she learned to carry herself so easily, but proudly, she will tell you that she once practiced her grandmother's plan of walking with a book balanced on her head. It is a capital exercise, and it might well be more in vogue than it is. Then watch how she places her neatly shod feet evenly on the ground. The pressure comes equally on heel and toes, and the ball of the foot is the center upon which the weight of the body swings.

To walk well is an accomplishment which vastly adds to the charms of dainty maids of high degree and yet is perhaps more common among Italian peasant women and other toilers, who learn the proper control of their limbs and muscles by having to carry loads on their heads. Even in a market one often sees women, coarse and common looking perhaps, but bearing their heavy loads with a dignified carriage that a duchess might envy.

SELECTING A LAMP.

Always insist upon buying a lamp with a heavy stand, a brass reservoir with a good tight screw and one with a double burner and a sheath round the wick. Burn good oil that won't explode when warm and if possible see that there is a self acting extinguisher. Use a fireproof globe, and the lamp will prove very safe if it is made of brass.

HINTS FOR THE FALL WALKING GOWN.

Every woman at the present moment is considering how her autumn gown shall be made. The figure seated comfortably in the chair is gowned in a frock of elephant gray cloth, the new color this fall. The skirt has the front panel effect, with side plaits at the waist and the knee headed by a band of tabs. The waist is tucked into a girdle of darker gray silk, and the yoke is finished with tabs of cloth. The strapped mousquetaire sleeves end in a ruffle.

The standing figure wears a frock of dull red faced cloth trimmed about the skirt and on the bolero and sleeves with a black and white braid. The ceinture is of soft red surah, and the bloused waist is a dainty affair of mull.

Jeannette Robinson Murphy.....

Student of Negro Music and Philosophy

"LET me ax you sumpin, chile. Look at me straight and tell me hones'. Now, I gwine ax yer a question." She tiptoed to the door and looked up and down the gallery to assure herself that nobody was eavesdropping, then shut the door tight and turned the key in the lock and, coming back to me stealthily, began in a whisper:

"Now, tell me de trufe, chile. Dere ain't nobody gwine ter heah—only Gawd am a-lookin' straight into yer heart. So tell me now, hones'. Did you ebber see any man, 'specially any 'ooman, what wuz rale, puffectly happy married? Umph!"

This is a specimen of the wisdom of Aunt Susan, an old negro woman, the mother of "nineteen head o' chillun in de Lawd," as reported in a book lately written by Mrs. Jeannette Robinson Murphy, a southern lady. Mrs. Murphy has spent years in gathering and preserving the remnants of negro music and folklore as these were in old slave days. This music, these traditions, the very superstitions of old slave days are today the most important key civilization holds to the real original character of the African race.

Jeannette Robinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Robinson, was born and brought up in Louisville. As a little child she felt a strong affection for the black servants who ministered to the Robinson household. Little Jeannette was born with a passionate love of music and was a born singer besides. She heard the negro women singing the songs of their own race, chiefly religious or "spirituals." The music, accompanied with a swaying of the body and patting of the feet, fascinated the child. She found that the body movements were quite as important as the music. She says, "Like David of old, the negro sings to accompany his dances." She found, too, that generally the negro improvises his words to suit the occasion, whether a camp meeting or a social or domestic happening. The airs, however, remain, being, as Mrs. Murphy feels sure, brought from Africa by the original slaves. These airs have running notes and variations—"trimmings," as the negroes call them—but they are ever the same and are chiefly either barbaric religious chants or weird charm incantations used in dark rites which today are secretly practiced still among many southern negroes.

It is difficult for a white person to catch a real negro melody. The intonations, the rhythmic bodily movements and the "trimmings" are all those of a race as different from the white as the color of white is different from red. Little Jeannette Robinson hovered around the kindly black servants and begged and nagged them to sing. Amy, the nurse, was her especial victim, for Amy was a marvelous singer. Amy, when nagged overmuch, was wont to say:

"Miss Nette, you's de pestifeses' chile de Lawd evah made. Ef you don't quit bein' so vygus de pinfeathahs 'll sprout out ovah you."

But she always sang the songs the child begged for. A prime favorite among them was "See Heah, Ma Sis-

JEANNETTE ROBINSON MURPHY.

tah," a revival air of weird, thrilling power when given as Amy gave it. It was one of the first negro melodies the little white girl ever heard. She tried to learn it, words and music, so soon as she was old enough, yet she was fourteen before she achieved it. To hear her sing "See Heah, Ma Sistah," is a revelation to those who think they have heard negro music.

It is to be remembered always that these melodies are those used in the rites and incantations of the original blacks of Africa. The voodoo conjurer in Africa invoked for good or ill the same nameless power which today when the old chants are repeated at religious revivals or elsewhere thrills the negro through and through. Not knowing any other way to describe the influence which sets every nerve in his body to dancing wildly, the negro calls it "gittin' happy." There is one air whose influence is indescribable. It is called "I Don't Want to Be Buried In the Storm." One black woman told Mrs. Murphy she felt like "de Holy Sperrit" was right on her head when she sang it. Another said: "People, dem songs makes de ha'r rise up. I feel mine a-risin' now."

Mrs. Murphy asked one of her black women friends to sing into a phonograph this song, "I Don't Want to Be Buried In the Storm." She wished to use it to illustrate one of her lectures on negro music and folklore. The woman refused, saying nobody could hear that song without "gittin' happy," and it would never do for New York ladies to get happy. The real negro melodies seem somehow to release impulses and emotions for which there is actually no name. Under the spell of this impelling force the blacks are filled full of intensified nerve power and do strange things. Even white people feel the spell of the songs.

This effect the white man's imitations of negro melody never produce. Mrs. Murphy protests, with all the conviction of one who knows, against the spurious ragtime, coon songs and Suwanee river compositions white people foist upon a public as negro music. The alleged negro stories many writers palm off for genuine are no whit truer. If all these are accepted as real negro music, folklore and philosophy, the genuine will be all lost—in fact, it is now actually being lost. Mrs. Murphy calls on educated negroes and on white people who have opportunity to rescue the genuine article. Unless this is done an interesting and historically valuable body of literature and music will be lost irretrievably.

Mrs. Murphy excepts from the general condemnation of spuriousness Joel Chandler Harris' contributions to negro folklore.

The lady's book is called "Southern Thoughts For Northern Thinkers and African Music In America." She gives recitals illustrated with genuine negro songs. It was not till after the death of her husband, when she faced life with two children to support, that she began to utilize as a means of income the knowledge whose acquisition had been to her such a labor of love.

Her book contains most interesting specimens of genuine negro music and real negro stories, not the made up ones of pseudo negro minstrels and white writers. Mingled with these are observation and comment which, as coming from a southern woman who likes and understands the negro, are worth attention. It is her solemn conviction that the southern people themselves must win back the confidence and good will of the now estranged younger negro generation, that the southerners themselves can help the blacks and solve the negro question better than anybody else can. And here is her conclusion:

"If the negro could be trained along his natural lines and his race blood kept perfectly pure there would come some day from this people one of the greatest orators, one of the greatest actors, one of the greatest romance writers and surely the very greatest musician that ever lived."

MARILLA WEAVER.

WELL DRESSED.

To be well dressed is to wear that which is fit for the work to be done and which is otherwise graceful, becoming, lasting, healthful and easy, on occasion splendid, always as beautiful as possible.

A BEAUTIFUL CREATION FROM PARIS.

This ... robe is a creation evolved from an all over design of ... burnt orange silk slip. The skirt is drawn ... with fashion ... into a trained effect in the back. A girdle of burnt orange ... handsome costume.

WHAT HAS BECOME OF MASCULINE COURTESY?

NEXT time you ride in a street car observe particularly the few men who are polite to women. You will note that they are almost invariably men of forty or past, those who were young when it was still the custom among American men to be chivalrous to women.

Beyond a doubt courtesy to women has gone out of fashion among men in this country. A boy of fourteen will keep his seat and let a woman old enough to be his grandmother or even a woman carrying a baby stand. A boy doing such a thing thirty years ago would have been "yanked" out of his seat in a hurry by the first grown man who saw him. Thirty years ago the man who puffed tobacco smoke through his nostrils into a lady's face would have committed an offense serious enough to risk getting his mouth slapped. Today perhaps half the men on our American streets do this habitually.

Thirty years ago no gentleman used a toothpick in the presence of others; today villainous bunches of wooden toothpicks stand upon every restaurant table and even upon some private ones and are used in a horrible manner before all the world. It is considered the top and climax of ill breeding for a man at table to pick his teeth with a fork, but, really and truly, is that any worse than doing the same thing with a toothpick? Is it any worse either than chewing a toothpick in a street car in the eyes of all mankind? The old time gentleman never cleansed his teeth in public.

Then, too, what has come over the modern American in regard to his feet? Are his lower limbs built different from those of his sex a generation ago that it is necessary for him to carry them as nearly on a level with his arms as possible? Again, observe the street car animal. If he sit upon a cross seat he is not easy one second until he has hoisted his feet upon the handsomely finished seat opposite. He must know that ladies wearing clean and costly gowns will need to sit in the spot where his greasy, dusty shoes are deposited; but he cares no more than a pig for that. You will many a time see one of these creatures even place his unclean feet upon an empty seat beside a richly dressed, refined lady—under her very nose. A more outrageous breach of common decency can hardly be imagined than that.

It seems somehow a physical impossibility any more for men to sit with their legs in the correct position, their feet upon the floor. If they occupy seats along the side of a car, instantly every man of them crosses his legs and presents a row of unclean shoe soles standing out in the air for every lady to wipe her skirts upon. They have no shame as to doing this unpleasant thing habitually. Once a woman leaving a street car looked at the row of dirty shoes and said to their wearers:

"Gentlemen, do you want I should wipe your shoes for you?" You should have seen those feet sneak toward the floor!

Are man's feet so beautiful that he takes every occasion to show them off in public, lifting them high lest by any chance they should be overlooked? Or what is it? And will the next writer on etiquette for men give answer to the question, What shall a man do with his feet?

American men habitually crowd, jostle and push women out of the way in order to run and get a seat for themselves in car or public hall. In the large cities a woman is even now and then knocked down. On the whole, it is well American girls are going in for physical culture. They will need all they can acquire if the present line of conduct from American men toward women continues.

The very tones of man's voice when he speaks to a lady have lost the fine gentleness that used to be in them. An English society woman who visited us last summer wrote in a British magazine after she went home that she found American men the rudest and most ill bred of any on the earth.

It may be that the great influx among us of foreigners from lands where woman is a serf and a beast of burden has led to the disappearance of courtesy among our men. At any rate the evil has grown to be a very serious one. Only mothers and women teachers can check it. As to the grown men, little can be done to change a stubby, self satisfied, set in his ways man—but with boys it is different. Woman can influence them to be courteous and chivalrous to girls and ladies. Unless the masculine sex in America is to lapse into a brutal barbarism so far as its manners to women are concerned, boys and growing young men will have to be trained in good manners. They can still be taught that nothing in this world is finer than a man habitually courteous and polite to ladies, and that ideal should be held up to them from their schooldays on.

JANE MOSES.

AN AUTUMN EVENING WRAP.

The elegant evening wrap shown in the picture is of champagne satin. It is made with two deep, full ruffles.

Over these ruffles about the neck falls a pelerine of chantilly lace caught with two bows of green velvet ribbon made with long ends reaching the bottom of the skirt.

The large hat is of champagne ottoman silk arranged in folds and ornamented with roses and a green paradise plume. This costume was especially designed for restaurant dinner wear.

HORRORS OF WAR

Discussed by Two Local Clergymen Yesterday

APPEAL FOR FEDERATION OF NATIONS

Thoughts Suggested by Coming Peace Congress

At the First Baptist church last evening Rev. Smith T. Ford preached a forceful sermon on the timely subject of "War and Arbitration." He said in part:

"There are two methods by which international difficulties can be settled: One is by war, the other by arbitration. One had its origin in the days of savagery; the other is the product of the world's highest civilization. War is the wager of law. War is heroic, arbitration is sensible; 'war is hell,' arbitration is Christianity. In ancient times war constituted the normal state of society, in modern times, notwithstanding the high state of military science and armament, it is constantly growing in disfavor. It is not the contention of this address that the wars of the past were unnecessary, unstatesmanlike, or unchristian; but the purpose will be to show that with the evolution made in almost every phase of Christian civilization, undue prominence is given to military equipment as a natural and normal condition of national life. Consideration has led me to wonder that the inhumanity, the awful suffering, the unmeasured expense, the tremendous risks involved, have not so impressed the intelligence of man that he has not relegated war to the Ghehenna where lie smouldering the other accompaniments of savagery long since cast aside."

The speaker then dwelt at length upon the three reasons why war is no longer the wisest and best method of settling these differences:

First, its honor; second, its economic conditions; and thirdly, its moral aspect. Having described each feature the speaker continued:

"The establishment of an acknowledged court of arbitration would give added value to all coast and harbor improvements. We here come face to face with a strange anomaly. In these modern days the world has become one great neighborhood in which each land may serve the other with its products. In order to facilitate the exchange of these products, vast sums of money are being spent in the development and improvement of rivers and harbors. Yet at the same time still vaster sums are being spent to provide measures for their obstruction, and render their navigation dangerous or impossible. The more they are improved, the more pains must be taken for their destruction. This illustrates the whole problem of international complications as they now exist. Nations build ships for the world's commerce then build navies for their destruction. At this moment the most civilized nations of Europe are armed to the teeth as if for universal war, and annually clamor in their parliaments for larger armaments. Nor is our own country behind in fostering the military spirit, and exalting war as the safeguard of a nation's honor. On Dec. 1, 1902, the secretary of the treasury transmitted to congress the estimate of the appropriations required for the government service for the ensuing fiscal year. The total appropriations asked for are $589,198,112. Of this amount $215,712,493 are to be appropriated exclusively for the army and navy. This leaves $373,476,619 for all other expenses connected with the administration of the national government. It must be remembered that this large sum expended upon our military department does not include the expenses of the national guard of the several states, which amount to several millions more. This military expenditure, let it be recalled, is in a time of perfect peace. The whole world, in spite of its peace conferences and parliaments of man still finds its greatest satisfaction in the smoky atmosphere of war's Indian summer.

But a better day is dawning. Everywhere the cry is for the federation of nations, the brotherhood of man. The demand, the movement is irresistible. But how, it may be asked, can the spirit of war be exercised, the era of hatred and violence be brought to a close and the era of justice and peace be inaugurated? The answer is manifest. The quarrels of nations, like those of individuals, must be settled by equity and law. We are not hoping for things unseen. The American conference on international arbitration, and the greater conference at The Hague, inspired by the Czar of Russia, and sheltered by Queen Wilhelmina, thus representing Europe's greatest and smallest powers, are beacon lights in the night of war's dark desolation. Arbitration is no utopian dream. As Carl Shurz points out, "In the last century not less than 88 controversies between civilized powers have been settled by arbitration, and what is more significant, every international dispute settled by arbitration has stayed settled, while during the same period some of the results of great wars have not stayed settled, and others are unceasingly subject to the shifting preponderance of power. And such wars have cost rivers of blood, countless treasure and immeasurable misery, while arbitration has cost comparatively nothing. Thus history teaches the indisputable lesson that arbitration is not only the most humane and economical method of settling international differences, but also the most, if not the only, certain method to furnish enduring results. Prejudice, military sophisms, the great opportunity to gain renown, and what counts for more today, wealth, will stimulate agitators and demagogues to drown the voice of reason with their bellowings for war; but to me it is as certain as the succession of day and night that when the people—the masses, really comprehend the truth, they will stand for arbitration.

Today a war is raging in the far east and ought never to have been. Not a question was involved that might not to a reasonable advantage of both nations, have been settled by arbitration. Japan's national existence, and Russia's commercial interests could each have been safeguarded and all that was vital to either party could have had freest scope.

But while the mountains of Manchuria echo to the thunder of a thousand cannon, while great armies, like huge snakes, coil themselves about each other, while the blue waters bear on their bosom vast engines of death, while commerce is paralyzed and business is interrupted, while blood flows like water, and countless homes are filled with anxious or breaking hearts, there meets this week in Boston a company of men whose high and holy purpose is the abolishment of war and the establishment of those relations by which all that war can justly accomplish can be brought about by peaceful means. This international conference embraces representatives from all the leading nations, and most parliaments and congresses of the world. We welcome them as harbingers of a better day. The long, long night of war is nearly past. Already the east is roseate with the glory of coming morn, and each breeze whispers above fort and battleships of universal peace, and men who glare at each other in the fierce agony of conflict shall stand in the bond of brotherhood, and sing heaven's song, not to accompaniment of thundering cannon but to the hum of industry and the melody of happy hearts.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

At the High Street church, yesterday, Rev. Dr. Huntington preached from the text: "Ye shall beat your swords into plowshares and your spears into pruning hooks." He said in part:

War is very different from what it was in Isaih's time. In those days it was not generally waged in defence of a principle, but rather to realize a lust for empire or for spoil, or was declared from motives of revenge. Might indeed made right. At the present day, war is not undertaken save on some real or asserted ground of justice, and is waged under certain recognized rules. To a degree some of its horrors are alleviated—but war still remains and its terrors, however, mitigated, are still unspeakable.

War is un-Christian and unnecessary. Nations ought, in this age of reason, to use more rational methods of settling their disputes. For many years men have been striving for peaceful ways of arbitrament. The first peace congress was held in London in 1843 and this country sent 30 delegates out of the 300 then present. The next congress was held in 1845 at Brussels. In these early meetings the moving spirit was Elihu Burritt, "the learned blacksmith," who constantly advocated the erection of some permanent arbitration tribunal, such as that now existant at The Hague. The 12th peace congress will open Monday in Tremont temple, and deliberative sessions will be held every morning, with public meetings every evening through the week. It promises to be a meeting of great importance and influence, and its chief aim is to advance the idea of arbitration, rather than war, as a means of settling international disputes.

The Hague court was subscribed to by 21 of the most important nations, originally, and 40 now recognize it as an authoritative agency for settling their claims. As a matter of fact a large number of cases have been decided by it already, the first being one involving Mexico and the United States. Whatever may still justify civil war, there is no longer any excuse to those 40 nations for war against each other. England and France have now a specific arbitration treaty, and there is a movement on foot to secure one between England and the United States of America. The arbitration principle is no longer the dream of visionaries—it is an actuality. It is favored by business men and commercial organizations as well as by statesmen, moralists and theorists. Every man, who loves his fellows should strive to create public interest in the cause. Public sentiment should be aroused against war. It may do for brutes, but it cannot do for men. It is out of date. It is time that the Prince of Peace should have at least this much sway among the nations.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

All the services at St. Paul's church yesterday were very largely attended, it being one of the regular rally Sundays. The church and vestry were very artistically decorated with autumn foliage and flowers and the music by the choir was of a very high order and the introduction of the orchestra in the Sunday school met with the highest commendation from all present. Rev. George R. Dean, the pastor, delivered a sermon on "Getting Together."

The new Sunday school orchestra is composed of Mr. Arthur Booth, violin, leader; Miss Gertrude Pratt, cornet; Mr. Walter Goss, cornet; Mr. William Baxter, violin, and Mr. Alva Baxter, piano.

The Epworth league rally at 6.30 o'clock, in charge of the president, Mr. Christopher Senior, was a great success. The cabinet occupied seats on the platform. Miss Bertha G. Kyles read the scriptures and prayer was offered by Mrs. L. W. Moore. Mrs. Charles V. Barker rendered a selection on the organ, "A Royal Procession," by Walter Spinney; quartette sang "Come Ye Disconsolate." The sermon followed, by the pastor, on "Loyalty."

CHELMSFORD ST FREE BAPTIST.

It was rally Sunday at this church yesterday, and the day was given up to the Sunday school. The pastor, Rev. A. E. Kenyon, made a few pertinent remarks at the morning service and the singing by the chorus choir and a quartet, under the direction of Chorister Thomas, was excellent, as was the sextet of male voices. At 12 o'clock, in place of the regular Sunday school session, a very enjoyable concert was given by members of the school, under the direction of the officers of the school and the teachers.

In the evening the newly elected installed at a public service, and addresses on the different branches of dresses on the different branches of Sunday school work were given by men prominent in this capacity. An orchestra furnished music, and there was also special singing by the choir. The church has lately been entirely renovated and presented a very attractive appearance yesterday, being trimmed with autumn leaves.

To the Honorable the Justices of the Superior Court, next to be holden at Cambridge within and for the County of Middlesex:

Respectfully represents William D. Thorne, of Lowell in said County, that a ceremony of marriage was performed between the libellant and Mary A. Thorne, whose residence to your petitioner is unknown, at the City of Fall River, County of Bristol in said Commonwealth on the sixth day of April, 1901, but he denies that he was on said day or at any time legally married to the libellee, but says that, at the time said marriage was performed the said libellee had a husband living named Harry Dickinson, who resided at the time of said ceremony in the Philippine Islands, but whose residence is now unknown to the libellant, and which said marriage was in force on and after the day of his alleged marriage to the libellee.

Wherefore the petitioner prays that by decree of this Honorable Court, the said marriage may be pronounced to be, and to have been, at and from the time of its celebration null and void, and that such further relief may be granted to your libellant in the premises as to right and law may pertain.

Dated at Lowell this ninth day of September, 1904. WM. D. THORNE.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Superior Court, Sept. 19th, A. D. 1904.

Upon the libel aforesaid, it is ordered that the libellant notify the libellee to appear before our Justices of said Court, at Cambridge, in said County, on the first Monday of November next, by causing an attested copy of said libel and of the order thereon, to be published in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, once a week, three weeks successively, the last publication to be fourteen days at least before the said last mentioned day, and that an attested copy of said libel and order thereon be sent by registered letter to the last known residence of the libellee, that she may then and there show cause, if any she have, why the prayer in said libel set forth should not be granted. THEO. C. HURD, Clerk.

A true copy of the libel and of the order thereon.

Attest, THEO. C. HURD, Clerk.

STATE OFEICIALS

Already at Work in Districting Task

The work of districting the state for the taking of the decennial census of the commonwealth, as authorized by chapter 423 of the acts of 1904, has begun at the state house under the direction of W. G. Grundy of the bureau of statistics of labor. This is one of the important preliminary steps to the big undertaking. Mr. Grundy will occupy room 441 at the state house during the prosecution of this part of the work.

The information to be sought by the census, as provided by the legislative act, shall relate to population and social statistics, manufactures, trade, mining and quarrying, agricultural products and property, fisheries, commerce, libraries and schools and school property. The information to be gathered as to population and social statistics shall include an enumeration of the inhabitants and special enumeration of the legal voters residing in each city and town and in each ward in each city of the commonwealth on the first day of May in the census year, namely 1905.

For this enumeration the state will be divided into 1181 districts. This means that the bureau must employ 1181 enumerators, one for each district. The statute provides that the whole number of enumerators shall not exceed one for every 300 persons in each city or town.

There is a proviso that for the enumeration of the inhabitants and legal voters at least one person shall be appointed and compensated in each city and town, and every person appointed an enumerator shall be an inhabitant of the city or town in which he is to perform the duty required.

The selection of enumerators will be made as follows:

"The mayor and aldermen of cities and the selectmen of towns may nominate twice as many persons as there are enumerators to be appointed in each city and town, and of the persons thus nominated there shall be appointed as enumerators under the provisions of this act, those found best qualified for the work, as determined by such rules and tests as the said chief may fix, subject to the approval of the civil service commissioners of the commonwealth.

In case the mayor and aldermen or selectmen do not nominate a sufficient number of persons thus found to be properly qualified, within 30 days after being requested to do so, then the said chief may appoint, subject to such tests as to qualifications as are herein provided for, the additional number required. In case any enumerator shall be found incompetent or derelict in the performance of his duty his commission may at any time be revoked by said chief and another enumerator appointed in his place."

If the cities and towns all make their nominations, therefore, the chief of the bureau will have 2362 names before him from which to draw his 1181 enumerators. The enumerators will be given a little test to show whether they are qualified for the work. Previous to this test they will all be furnished instructions with which they are expected to familiarize themselves for the taking of the census. The test will disclose whether they have thus familiarized themselves.

The work will take two months; that is, the statute provides that on and before May 1 next the bureau shall transmit to the enumerators selected printed schedules relating to the population and social statistics, with such instructions as the bureau may deem necessary, and a notice "that the returns upon such schedules must be made to the office of said bureau on or before the last day of June."

All enumerators will be sworn to the faithful performance of their duties.

Special agents may be appointed by the bureau for the purpose of securing statistics of the dependent, defective and delinquent classes. These agents also will be sworn in.

Each enumerator will receive $3 for each day of nine hours "actually employed" in the service, and each special agent will receive $5.00 for every such day.

About Dec. 1, according to Frank H. Brown, first clerk of the bureau, negotiations will be opened with the national government for the census of manufacturers. Under the census act the chief of the bureau is authorized to contract with the director of the U. S. census for the rendering of certain service in connection with the statistics of manufactures.

This census undertaking is not only important but expensive. The law it is authorized to expend $350,000 as the maximum cost of the census of inhabitants and industries, exclusive of the cost of paper for schedules and of printing, stereotyping and binding the three volumes of census provided for.

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE

HAD A WELL ATTENDED MEETING LAST EVENING.

A heavily attended meeting of the United Irish League was held in Barristers' hall last evening and considerable routine business was transacted. It was erroneously announced that Rev. Fr. Mullin was to speak last evening. He is to speak at a future meeting, the date of which has not yet been settled upon.

The following named committee was appointed to organize a Gaelic class: Michael Casey, Christopher Mitchell, John Meehan, Misses Mary Downs, Nellie Collins and Margaret Hickey.

The hall of a larger hall was forcibly demonstrated last evening, for half the people in attendance were unable to gain admission, and the following committee was appointed to secure larger quarters: Michael Connolly, Cornelius Desmond, Christopher Mitchell and Michael Walsh.

A very enjoyable musical program was carried out, including songs by Miss Katie McDonough, Annie Connors, John Raffry and Patrick Skiffington.

The meeting adjourned to meet next Sunday in Jackson hall.

FINNERTY'S JOB

HIS CANDIDACY LOST HIM HIS JOB.

Ex-Congressman Donahue called at city hall this morning and when asked what he was doing these days replied: "I'm looking Hughie Finnerty for the water board."

Poor Finnerty is looking for the man who started the story that he was a candidate for the water board.

It seems that a few weeks ago he obtained a job in the water department and was beginning to like it first class when some joker in the common council voted for him for the water board and one or two others followed suit. Then it got around that Finnerty was a candidate for the water board, and a day or two afterward he lost his job on the water works.

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

THE BALTIC FLEET

May Turn the Tide of Victory

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 3, 2 a. m.—Announcement is made that Emperor Nicholas will visit Revel on Tuesday to bid farewell to the Baltic squadron. After months of preparations and several false starts, it is believed that the squadron is at last on the eve of its departure upon its long journey. A division in the admiralty has existed throughout the period of preparation regarding the advisability of sending out the squadron, but with the decision to double the size of the Manchurian army and press the war with vigor, the logic of those who for months have insisted that every available ship should be despatched to the Far East, has finally prevailed. The argument that no complete victory over the Japanese is impossible unless the command of the sea is wrested from them, could not be overcome and though much valuable time has been lost and the moment seems inauspicious, it is officially intimated that an irrevocable decision has been taken to despatch the Baltic fleet, even if the Port Arthur squadron be annihilated before its arrival there.

It is realized that the squadron, which on paper is about equal in fighting strength to that of the Japanese fleet, will be much better able to encounter the foe now than next spring, after the Japanese ships have had all winter to clean, repair and refit.

While hopes are still entertained that Port Arthur may be able to hold out until the appearance of the Baltic fleet, the question of the fall of that stronghold does not, apparently, enter greatly into the calculations of the admiralty. The only thing expected of the Port Arthur squadron is to break out of the harbor and inflict as much damage as possible upon Admiral Togo's fleet. Such ships as escape are expected to make their way to Vladivostok, where the repairs upon the cruiser Rogatyr are understood to have been practically completed and those on the Rossia and Gromboi are nearing completion.

The question of the war in the Far East will depend upon the issue of a sea fight after the arrival of the Baltic fleet. Vladivostok, although ice-bound in winter for commercial ships can easily be kept open for a fleet of war vessels by means of ice breakers. If the Japanese fleet is caught in such a weakened condition that the Baltic ships are able to win a victory, officials here hold that other problems will solve themselves and, with Japanese communications, severed, the Japanese army on the mainland will be at the mercy of the Russians. This boldly announced program seems to stake the whole issue upon sea fighting. The Japanese ships, it must be remembered, have been in active service seven months. No matter how gently the efficiency of the guns and the speed of the vessels have been impaired, the crews of Admiral Togo's ships have enjoyed the prestige of continuous victories, while opposed to them will be a fleet of brand new ships, more or less tried, and none of which have yet fired a shot in actual warfare, and whose crews have never yet been under fire.

The Associated Press hears, however, that important conditions are attached to the program outlined above. According to this information, the Baltic fleet will be started for the Far East, but the continuation of the voyage to its destination will depend primarily upon how the ships themselves stand the actual sailing test, and, secondly, upon developments in the Far East. Should all go well with the squadron on the voyage and Rear Admiral Wiren be able to strike a telling blow upon Admiral Togo, even if half of his ships go to the bottom, the Baltic squadron will be hurried on with all possible speed. If defects develop in the vessels, or if Wiren fails utterly, the squadron can at the worst, return and await the completion of other ships now building. Nothing, it is argued, will be lost and much may be gained by the mere departure of the squadron, and the fact that it may have to be reckoned with later, may make Admiral Togo wary about risking his ships when the time comes for Rear Admiral Wiren's sortie and thus gave the latter a better opportunity to escape.

No official despatches from the front were published on Sunday. The military situation, so far as the public is concerned, remains unchanged. Numberless stories are afloat regarding important commands with the new army and the disposition of various prominent officers whose names have been mentioned in connection therewith but nothing conclusive has yet been given out. It is merely evident that preparations for the despatch of fresh troops are being pushed as rapidly as possible.

REPORTED BATTLE OFF PORT ARTHUR

LONDON, Oct. 3.—According to a Japanese correspondent in the Morning Post, a sally from Port Arthur would only be attempted in the last extremity and when the surrender of the garrison could not longer be postponed. Because the waterworks are in the hands of the besiegers and the shore water condensing apparatus has been ruined by the Japanese shell fire the correspondent adds that the garrison is dependent now upon the condensers of the fleet for fresh water.

Shanghai despatches to the Standard and the Daily Telegraph, are to the effect that a naval battle has been fought off Port Arthur. Neither of these reports has been confirmed, the correspondents say, and they probably are only surmises.

The Chronicle's Liao Yang correspondent says there was a truce Saturday at Port Arthur to bury the dead. The Russian and Japanese officers, he says, exchanged greetings, after which the bombardment was recommenced with its old-time vigor. There is little change in the relative positions of the opposing forces.

The Standard's correspondent with the Japanese army says that progress is making with the field railway from Antung, which will eventually join with the line at Liao Yang. Its completion, he says, will double the Japanese lines.

The Daily Telegraph's Shanhaikuan correspondent telegraphing Oct. 2, comments on the indecision displayed in the Japanese plans. He says their present scheme around Mukden has been abandoned and that they are awaiting reinforcements from the fall of Port Arthur. These are signs of weakness.

The Japanese, the correspondent adds, are pressing for the expulsion of all British and other correspondents from Port Arthur if they should visit that port.

CITY HALL NOTES

The common council will meet tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

The park commission will meet tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock and the water board at 8 o'clock.

The overseers of the poor will meet at City hall tomorrow evening to approve bills and between the charter, the city solicitor, the civil service law and the recent workhouse law that is about the only function left for them to perform.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

Gilbride's Busy Corner

Gilbride's
MERRIMACK & PALMER STREETS

Gilbride's Busy Corner

We give Merchants' Legal Stamps—The Best Stamp. FREE. Anybody Starting the Collection of Merchants' Legal Stamps Can have $3.00 Worth of Stamps Free by Calling at Our Stamp Booth.

The First Monday of the New Season Finds This Reliable Corner Store Crowded With Tempting Bargains

DRAPERY DEPT., BASEMENT

The absolute confidence in our Muslin Curtains and their prices, which the wise buyers of the market have, is the outcome of long experience. It is the rock foundation upon which our curtain business rests and grows. Prudent buyers, attention please.

One lot Lace Curtain Ends, they are drummers' samples. 1½ yards long and 50 inches wide, well worth 37½c. We will close the lot out at..... 19c Each

Ruffle Muslins, striking patterns, 2½ yards long..... 25c Pair

Nottingham Lace Curtains ..... 89c Pair

Opaque Window Shades, all colors 19 Cents

In this department you will find an excellent line of Rugs, Portieres and Upholstery goods.

DOMESTIC DEPT., BASEMENT

BLANKETS Almost everyone can judge pretty closely as to the quality of a blanket. If the wool is soft and fine, a touch shows it. If the weaving is close and the yarn generous you see it at a glance. There's no excuse for anyone with eyes or fingers who unwittingly buys a poor blanket. If you buy your blankets here you may depend on it they are reliable. We offer grey and white wool blankets, red, blue and pink borders, silk bound, full bed size, worth $4.50 a pair. Special price for just one week..... $3.49

QUILTS There are quilts and quilts. The slimpsy, fiddle-stringed sorts are dear at any price—we've no place for them. But there's a hearty welcome for first-class quilts at less than regular prices like these: Fine quality White Crochet Quilts, Marseilles patterns, neatly hemmed, double bed size, the $1.00 grade for 79c

READY MADE SHEETS It's not a scanty, meagre stock we ask you to select from and the present is a good time to buy for future needs. Seamless Sheets made from standard 2¼ yard wide sheeting, hemmed, hand-torn from web, good value at 59c each. While they last..... 49c

WASH DRESS GOODS

Here's another offering the like of which brings our store into prominence: 100 pieces "Arnold's" Superfine Flannelettes, light and dark grounds, neat dots, stripes, figures, suitable for Wrappers, Dressing Sacks, Shirt Waists, etc. First quality goods, retailed elsewhere at the yard, our price ..... 12 1-2c Yard

Gilbride's Dept. Store
Merrimack and Palmer Streets

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5.45	6.50	6.00	7.04
6.22	7.40	6.30	7.20
a6.38	7.30	7.54	8.52
a6.45	7.53	8.25	9.01
e7.01	8.02	e9.00	9.37
ee7.24	8.10	9.30	9.57
e7.31	8.50	e10.00	10.37
7.46	8.85	a10.17	11.34
a7.52	10.05	e11.30	12.07
8.50	9.40	12.00	12.56
9.22	10.20	e1.00	1.37
11.00	12.03	1.35	1.52
ee11.43	12.25	2.00	3.01
e12.14	1.00	e3.00	3.37
1.40	2.30	3.30	4.05
es1.56	2.38	e3.47	5.00
es3.47	4.80	4.14	5.30
es4.02	4.45	e5.00	5.37
4.25	5.80	5.38	6.24
es5.22	6.15	a5.47	6.54
e5.44	7.00	6.14	7.30
es6.13	6.55	e7.30	8.08
as7.29	8.10	e8.30	9.08
8.42	9.36	10.30	11.34
		11.20	12.21

SUNDAY TRAINS

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
e6.39	7.30	9.00	10.00
e7.24	8.10	a10.00	10.37
8.46	9.49	e11.30	12.07
e9.20	10.15	1.00	1.57
e3.25	4.30	5.00	5.59
e5.29	6.30	e7.30	8.08
e6.12	6.55	e8.30	9.08
e7.29	8.10	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6.50	7.56	7.30	8.21
8.00	8.54	9.25	10.31
9.25	10.37	10.45	11.40
10.50	12.00	11.50	1.05
12.05	1.27	2.15	3.20
12.45	1.55	3.36	4.50
2.30	3.34	4.59	5.49
3.10	4.05	6.04	7.05
3.55	5.00	6.35	7.47
5.06	6.40	9.30	10.35
6.16	7.10	B11.15	12.18
7.00	8.05		
9.15	10.20		

SUNDAY TRAINS

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
8.15	9.26	8.00	9.18
12.10	1.24	12.00	1.00
3.55	4.52	5.00	6.26
5.30	6.54	8.40	9.40
8.45	9.44		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

aVia Bedford.

eExpress.

sFrom Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

Tobin's—Printing—Associate Bldg. Tel.

T. A. D. Sullivan, wholesale grocer.

Hire your hacks at O'Donnell's stables. Tel. 439-4.

POWERFUL

How We May Attract Others to Ourselves

THE RIGHT KEY

With It, Every Man and Woman Can Become Happy and Powerful.

Men and women have one great power—to attract others to them, and help make the world happy. When we are happy, we diminish largely the unhappiness in the world. When men and women are happy they are kind. An unhappy man is usually a nervous, unkind man. All men and women can become happy and powerful if they have the right key. Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force is the correct key to the situation. It opens the current of life by starting dormant circulation and gives you mental force. It is the greatest nerve, heart, lung and blood remedy offered by druggists and backed by over 31 years of marvelous cures. As a destroyer of disease germs it has no equal. It makes men and women strong, vigorous, cheerful and courageous. There is not a drop of alcohol or injurious drugs in it, but a vegetable compound so happily compounded that every vital organ in the body is brought into harmony. It is the axis of vitality and forces out all impurities from the blood, especially uric acid, which is the direct cause of rheumatism and kindred diseases.

Thousands have said it, thousands are saying it, and millions are waiting to say it. The past year thousands of bottles have been sold right here in this city, and in every instance it was recommended by the druggist selling it, because every druggist knows its merits—knows it is a superior remedy for tired, overworked men and women. The druggists are also aware that it does not contain any alcohol or poisonous drugs; that it is not a patent medicine, but Dr. Bartlett's own prescription in use over 31 years.

Read what one of Lowell's leading barbers says:

"Having known of [illegible] cases where this wonderful me[illegible] worked permanent cures whe[illegible] remedies had failed, and he[illegible] many of my friends speak very highly in its favor, I determined to try Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force and bought a bottle at the Zopher Drug Co.'s store. To my mind it is the best medicine for the blood and stomach, especially where there is much biliousness. I shall always recommend Dr. Bartlett's Vital Force because I know it cures. It is such a pleasant tasting medicine that no one could find any objection and it is not to be wondered at that it is in great demand and why everybody is speaking strongly about it.

(Signed) "PETER PARADIS.
"24 Middlesex St., Lowell, Mass.

Dr. Bartlett's Current of Life Tablets, a guaranteed cure for rush of blood, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, liver ills, etc. (mild laxative), 25c. a box.

Patients from all over New England consult Dr. Bartlett at his office, 156 Merrimack street. They know about the great cures he has wrought where other physicians failed, and that is why his office is always crowded. Call and see him today and he is sure to cure you where a cure is possible.

"THE PEN IS MIGHTIER THAN THE SWORD."

MRS. F. E. DUNBAR

Will Unveil Statue of General Poor

CEREMONY AT HACKENSACK, N. J.

Gen. Poor Was a Leading Revolutionary Hero

To Mrs. F. E. Dunbar of this city has been assigned the honor of unveiling a statue to the memory of her great, great, grandfather, Brigadier General Enoch Poor, one of the bravest and best soldiers of the Revolution, which ceremony will take place in Hackensack, N. J., October 7.

The statue has been erected on "the triangular green between the old First Reformed church burying ground and the Bergen County courthouse. This site was given by the commission of the borough. It is within one hundred and fifty feet of General Poor's grave in a corner of the historic burying ground of the church. The monument was designed and erected by John L. and William Passmore Mooker of Newark, N. J. It is a marked departure from the conventional. There is a bronze figure of about seven feet six inches in height, on a granite pedestal about fifteen feet in height. On the front of the pedestal there is a bronze tablet bearing an appropriate inscription. The cost of this monument was about $2500. Of this amount the state of New Jersey contributed $500, the state of New Hampshire $500, Sons of American Revolution of New Hampshire $300, and the rest of the money was given by the patriotic citizens of Hackensack and the New Jersey State Society of Sons of the American Revolution.

General Poor was born in Andover, Mass., June 21, 1736. Shortly afterwards he became a citizen of New Hampshire, which always claimed him as her son. He traced his ancestry to Roger Poor, a captain in William the Conqueror's army, who became bishop of Sarum, lord high chancellor of England, and for a brief time regent. He learned the trade of a cabinet-maker and afterward became a shipbuilder at Exeter, N. H. When the War of the Revolution broke out in 1775, he raised a New Hampshire regiment, of which he became colonel. In 1777 he was promoted to be a brigadier general in the Continental army, and he had a conspicuous part in the battle at Saratoga, his brigade sweeping the British before it on September 19, 1777. In the summer of 1778 he fought gallantly at Monmouth. The following year he was with General John Sullivan in his Indian campaign, and led his troops in the battle at Newtown, now Elmira, on August 29, 1779. At the request of Lafayette he was transferred to one of the two brigades of light infantry under the gallant Frenchman. His death occurred at Hackensack, where he was stationed in 1780, and there were imposing military honors at his funeral and burial in the village cemetery, Washington and Lafayette being among those present.

The following are the members of the committee of arrangements for unveiling the monument: Andrew W. Bray, Newark, chairman; Oscar H. Condit, East Orange; Colonel James R. Mulliken, Newark; Dr. Charles F. Adams, the Rev. E. T. Sanford, the Rev. Dr. W. W. Holley, Colonel Holley and E. K. Bird, Hackensack.

Mrs. Dunbar who will unveil the statue is the wife of Frank E. Dunbar, the well known attorney and the daughter of Jacob Rogers.

She will be accompanied to Hackensack by her husband, and also her sister, Mrs. Frederick A. Flather of Chicago, Ill., who came east last Tuesday, and is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rogers.

Parties from other sections of the country, who are connected with the Poor family will attend. Mr. and Mrs. Dunbar and Mrs. Flather will be entertained by Dr. and Mrs. Charles Francis Adams while in Hackensack.

The New York militia is to be present at the unveiling and the military organizations will be a feature of the procession to be held.

CUT IN SALARIES

Basket Ball Managers Take Action

JOHN SMITH RESIGNED FROM LEAGUE

Sold His Players to Connie Driscoll

Yesterday's meeting of the New England basketball league held at the Parker house, Boston, was a most important one and much business was transacted. The withdrawal of the Manchester team from the league, and the selling of its players by Manager John F. Smith to Connie P. Driscoll of Haverhill was a feature.

The meeting was called to order by Pres. Fred A. Cummings, with the following present: William Hayes, representing Healey of the Newburyport team, who is in the hospital at present as the result of a baseball accident; Goodnow of the Lawrence team, Gray of Lowell, McDonald and O'Sullivan of Brockton and Driscoll of Haverhill. Pres. Cummings acted for the New Bedford team.

A communication was received from John F. Smith, manager of the Manchester, N. H., team, withdrawing from the league. This was evidently caused by the league's refusal last Sunday to give Smith a transfer from Manchester to Natick. All the managers had a good word to say, regarding Smith, and when his resignation was accepted it was voted that the secretary be directed to thank Mr. Smith for the good he has done the league in seasons past.

J. R. Goodnow, representing Daniel Sullivan, owner of the Lawrence team, said that he thought Lawrence would not be a paying town for his team and as he had talked the situation over with Charles Hoey of Natick, who backed the Natick team last year, and arranged matters satisfactory he desired to be transferred from Lawrence to Natick. This matter was adjusted satisfactorily and the celebrated South Framingham quintet will wear the Natick colors, while last year's Natick aggregation will represent Newburyport and will be owned and managed by Hugh H. Healey and John R. Ryan.

As every team in the league was represented but Fall River, Connie Driscoll of Haverhill was instructed to see Mattie Hickey, manager of the Fall River team, and learn what he had done. Driscoll of Haverhill, Gray of Lowell and Goodnow of the Natick team were appointed on the schedule committee.

Smith of Manchester sold his entire team, consisting of Qualey, Devlin, Lynch, Healey, Donnelly, Mathieu and Fox to Driscoll, who bought with the intention of helping out his friend Murphy, who holds the New Bedford franchise.

A communication was received from the latter, who is at present in Harrisburg, Penn., playing ball, to the effect that he had secured Fox, Plant, the Loos brothers, Glassey, Marshal, Walton, Weiser and Zawzle. These players combined with what Driscoll has bought will give Murphy more than enough.

Gray of Lowell, however, was interested in the players that the whaler manager had on his list, as the Loos brothers, both of whom played with him last year, are signed by him for this season also. As the Brockton contingent are howling for the old Burke players that Smith sold to Driscoll it is not at all improbable that they will be wearing the Brockton colors this coming season.

Many important changes were made in the constitution and bylaws. Forfeit money to the amount of $100 must be deposited with the treasurer. The visiting team shall receive $25 and 25 percent of the gate receipts. Owing to the fact that many of the clubs use different balls, some lighter, and others heavier, it was voted to use a certain imported ball, to be paid for by the league, the umpires to carry the ball with them.

Another change that will interest the players, particularly, was the fact that the salaries were cut, and that outside the captain, who will be given $25, no player will be paid more than $20 a week.

The five-foul rule that caused more or less confusion among scoring last season has been eliminated and the umpire will be given the power to rule off the floor any player that he thinks is getting too strenuous. Instead of having the games called at 8.15 as was the case last year the managers have been given the right to have a preliminary game before the regular league game, which will not have to be started before 9 o'clock.

The meeting was adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

SIXTH INFANTRY

Was First in the State Shoot

The state rifle competition for teams of 15, 10 shots each at 500 and 600 yards, held Saturday at the state range at Reading was won by the team of the 6th infantry, with a combined score of 1215.

The conditions under which the competition was held were unfavorable. The light varied from the glare of the sun to the gray of a heavily clouded sky. At times the men were shooting in a sharp shower. The wind was freaky, sometimes reaching a velocity of 20 miles an hour, and ranging in direction from 5 to 9 o'clock, the air was cold and raw.

Col. James G. White, IGRP, was in charge of the competition. The following officers were in charge of details: Maj. Howard S. Dearing, 1st heavy artillery, medical department; Lieut.-Col. George H. Benyon, AIG, range officer at 500 yards; Lieut.-Col. Edward J. Gihon, AIG, range officer at 600 yards; Lieut. Col. John Perrins Jr., AIG, statistical officer; Maj. W. B. Emery, AIG RP, at the 500-yard pit; Capt. Roy B. Baker, headquarters 2d brigade, at the 600-yard pit Lieut. Christopher Harrison, telephone communication; Capt. John P. Kane, paymaster. The summary of the Sixth Infantry was as follows:

SIXTH INFANTRY.

	500 yds	600 yds	Ttl
Sergt. Keough	44	38	82
Private Reid	44	36	80
Maj. Sweetser	42	35	77
Col. Sergt. Faber	42	35	77
Private Hart	45	39	84
Private Stewart	45	41	89
Private Hunton	43	38	81
Private Henber	43	44	86
Private Peterson	38	38	74
Private Leary	40	43	83
Private Jelts	45	39	84
Private McMillan	42	39	81
Private Cronin	40	31	71
Private Bourgeois	39	41	80
Private Chesley	42	39	81
Totals	633	582	1215

The Ninth Infantry made the lowest score the summary being as follows:

NINTH INFANTRY.

	500 yds	600 yds	Ttl
Corp. Sweeney	43	32	75
Private Sweeney	40	32	72
Private Murray	40	34	71
Private Carleton	33	33	66
Private Twombly	33	36	69
Sergt. Clancy	33	35	68
Capt. McNulty	36	28	64
Lieut. McArdle	32	31	63
Capt. Dunn	42	31	73
Sergt. Sheehan	17	15	32
Sergt. Wood	27	14	41
Corp. McCarthy	34	28	62
Col. Donovan	36	15	51
Corp. Riley	31	24	55
Private Durward	42	31	73
Totals	519	419	938

JOHN M. FARRELL, Auctioneer

OFFICE, 162 MARKET STREET - - - - LOWELL, MASS.

Open Evenings From 7 to 9.

Saturday, Oct. 8, 1904, at 3 o'clock P. M.

I wish to call your attention to one of the best opportunities for investments ever offered at public auction. Owner forced to sell by reason of removal from state. Four tenement block of 4 rooms each, situated at the corner of Jewett and L street, has a frontage of 38 feet on Jewett and 53 feet on L street, and is in the best of repair inside and out, is all piped for water and gas and has good sewerage, and has the best permanent tenants and rents for

$6 per week, $312 per year, 10 per cent. on $3120

Within 5 minutes walk of Merrimack Square. Near mills and business portion of city. Will always rent well to desirable tenants. A more desirable place could not be found for a person for investment or a place where you could live and have a nice revenue from this property.

TERMS: $200 must be paid or secured to auctioneer at time and place of sale. Balance on liberal terms. The property can be seen at any time from this date. Make all inquiries of auctioneer.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

To be sold under power given in power of sale mortgage the following described property: Horses, wagons, harnesses and sleighs, Tuesday, Oct. 4, 1904, at 10 a.m., at 949 Bridge street. Per order

JAMES T. HENRY.
Mortgagee.

F. G. McGREGOR, Auctioneer

Office 7 Hildreth Building, Lowell

Telephone 889-3. Residence 73-4

AUCTION

TOMORROW, OCT. 4, 1904, AT 9 A.M. SHARP, as I am going to California with my family, I shall positively sell at auction at my home, 499 STEVENS STREET, all of my household goods and furniture, consisting of 1 parlor set, sofa, couch, easy chairs and rockers, 1 piano, 1 mahogany dining table with dining chairs, chinaware, black walnut chamber sets with spring beds, brass and iron beds with springs attached. A number of antique pieces, such as writing desk, mahogany bureau, highboy, pier table, tables, warming pan, shovels, tongs, etc.; mattings, carpets, rugs, pictures, easels, mirrors, lace curtains, shades, 1 gas range, 1 cook range, sewing machine, screens, doors, double windows, cannet fruit and everything that goes with a first-class house, as Mr. Adams was in the furniture business for 25 years. Per order of

FRANK S. ADAMS.

P. S.—As Mrs. S. J. Cushing, widow of the late Sheriff Cushing, is moving to another place she will sell some of her furniture AT THIS SALE, consisting of 1 writing desk, which cost $150, chairs, pictures, crockery and many other things. Per order of

MRS. S. J. CUSHING.

TERMS: Cash.

HORNE COAL CO.

The Bon Marche Dry Goods Company

New Premiums Arriving Every Day. Collect the S. & H. Green Stamps

Silks and Dress Goods

A Splendid Showing of Fall Novelties

Everything is here that Dame Fashion says is right. Beautiful weaves from the looms of both foreign and domestic manufacturers.

Our selection has been made with an eye to quality and finish and you'll agree with us when you see the line that we have selected wisely and well. The prices are reasonable and we assure our readers if they favor us with a call that 'tis "no trouble" but a real pleasure to show these handsome fabrics. A few brief details concerning them:

Dress Goods

52 INCH MOHAIR, high lustre, navy, brown and black 59c

52 INCH ROXANA GRANITES, two blues, two browns and black 75c

38 INCH EXTRA HEAVY ALL WOOL VENETIAN, three shades of brown, garnet, blue and black. 50c

38 INCH PANETTE CLOTH, medium weight, nothing more desirable for shirt waist suits, with all above mentioned colors, including light and dark green, mode and tan 50c

52 INCH FANCY MOHAIR MIXTURES, stripe effect 69c

50 INCH SUITING, mannish effect, blue, brown and black $1.00

Dress Goods

50 INCH BROADHEAD CHEVIOT, blue and black, $1.00

56 INCH COVERT, 56 and 62 in rain and shower proofs, in every desirable shade $1.50

56 INCH ENGLISH COVERT, extra heavy $2.00

52 INCH OLD FASHIONED HOMESPUN, shades of grey and brown $1.00

52 INCH PANAMA CANVAS, brown and black, $1.00

44 INCH ROYAL GRANITES, all colors 69c

52 INCH GERMAN UNFINISHED WORSTED, black only $1.50

Silks Silks

COLORED TAFFETA, plain and changeable, 59c and 75c

20 INCH BLACK PEAU DE SOIE, warranted 69c

20 INCH MESSALINETTE, soft finish, all colors and black 69c

22 INCH BLACK SWISS TAFFETA, will not crush or cut 75c

24 INCH BLACK TAFFETA, electric finish 89c

Silks Silks

36 INCH BLACK TAFFETA, water and spot proof, wear guaranteed $1.37½

36 INCH SATINS, all colors. These are guaranteed for two seasons. They are safest and most desirable fabric for coatlining $1.00

19 INCH VELVET, all colors and black 59c

27 INCH EXTRA HEAVY VELVETA—this comes in black and is used mostly for suits, children's coats, etc. $1.00

LEGAL TRADING STAMPS

The Free Home Fitters. They Cost You Nothing. Redeemable in Premiums, Merchandise or Cash. Specials for

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Only

Cream of Wheat, pkg. 11c
Blue Label Catsup .... 17c bot.
Boston Baked Beans, 3 lb. can 7c
10 lb. pail Silver Leaf Lard ..95c
Maine Hebron Potatoes ..18c pk.
Liebig's Beef Extract 17c per jar
Ivory Soap .... 4c bar
Golden Rose Flour .... 92c bag
Presto pkg. 8c

Teas

"Golden Rose" brand Formosa, Oolong, English Breakfast or Mixed, 3 lbs. $1.00; per lb. 35c
3 for 1 Legal or Green Stamps.

Coffees

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Father John's Medicine, $1.00 per bottle. [illegible] worth of Green or Legal Stamps.

Fancy Head Rice, 2 lbs. 15c. $1.00 worth of Green or Legal Stamps.

"Golden Rose" Flour per bbl. $7.25; per bag 92c.

"Golden Rose" Vermont Creamery Butter 23c lb. $1.15 per 5-lb. box.

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